

MINUTE ORDER NO. 85-10

The Commission finds that there is a great need to provide training for solid waste disposal system personnel. Section 7(m) of the Arkansas Solid Waste Management Act provides that the powers and duties of the Commission and the Department include establishing "standards and procedures for the certification of personnel to operate solid waste disposal systems or any part thereof." The Arkansas Environmental Academy, SAU-TECH, Camden and the Department have agreed to develop and provide a course of instruction for landfill operators, including testing and certification of satisfactory performance. Therefore, a committee of qualified persons, chosen for their competency, knowledge, and experience in proper landfill operation, and who are willing to serve, should be appointed by the Commission to develop and propose standards and procedures in coordination with the Arkansas Environmental Academy for the certification of solid waste disposal system operators and to implement such standards and procedures upon approval of the Commission.

The Committee shall be composed of five members who represent and/or are involved with a city, county or private landfill. The original members of the Committee shall be appointed to staggered terms of one through five years. At the first meeting, each member shall draw for position one through five, with the position number representing the length of the original term of each member. Each subsequent term shall be for a period of five years. In addition to the above five members, there is hereby appointed two ex-officio members who shall serve a two-year period. One ex-officio member shall represent the Department and the other shall represent SAU-TECH. All committee members, including ex-officio members shall be eligible to succeed themselves upon re-appointment by the Commission and shall serve at the pleasure of the Commission.

Therefore, the following persons are hereby appointed to the aforementioned Committee:

		<u>AFFILIATION</u>	
COMMISSIONERS	EX-OFFICIO	JIM BAILEY	SAU-TECH
<u>JB</u>	EX-OFFICIO	JIM BEARDEN	ADPC&E
<u>[Signature]</u>	MEMBER	BILLY "DEWAYNE" BELL	CITY OF FT. SMITH
<u>[Signature]</u>	MEMBER	JACK JONES	JEFFERSON CO. SANITATION DEPARTMENT
<u>[Signature]</u>	MEMBER	WILTON MACK McCLENDON	CITY OF BENTON SLF
<u>[Signature]</u>	MEMBER	LESTER H. PILLOW	PARAGOULD/GREENE CO. SLF
<u>[Signature]</u>	MEMBER	BOB C. ROBBINS	RLH SANITATION CO.

[Signature]
CHAIRMAN

SUBMITTED BY: Vince Blubaugh DATE PASSED: 5-24-85

The Director or her designee shall notify each member of his appointment and shall schedule an organizational meeting of the Committee, at which time a chairman shall be selected by the members of the Committee, and the Committee shall thereafter proceed as authorized hereby.

COMMISSIONERS

JTB
DB
DB

Vince Blubaugh
CHAIRMAN

SUBMITTED BY: Vince Blubaugh DATE PASSED: 5-24-85

Adoption of Hazardous Waste Regulations Promulgated from
May 18, 1984 to January 4, 1985

May 22, 1984	40 CFR Part 271. Establishes deadlines for making changes and provides a time extension for those States that can demonstrate its necessity.
June 5, 1984	40 CFR Part 261. Exempts lime stabilized waste pickle liquor sludge generated from the iron and steel industry.
September 21, 1984	40 CFR Part 261. Introductory text is added before tables.
November 13, 1984	40 CFR Part 261. Expands household waste exclusion to include wastes from bunk-houses, ranger stations, crew quarters, campgrounds, picnic grounds and day-use recreation centers.
November 21, 1984	40 CFR Part 265. Clarifies the existing interim status standards regarding the applicability of requirements to facilities whose interim status is terminated.
December 4, 1984	40 CFR Parts 260 and 270. Corrections to EPA test manual.
December 20, 1984	40 CFR Part 262. This amendment allows generators of hazardous wastes to accumulate up to 55 gallons of hazardous waste or one quart of acutely hazardous waste listed in 261.33 (e) in satellite areas at the generator's facility.
January 4, 1985	40 CFR Parts 260, 261, 264, 265, 266. The effect of the rule is to clarify the extent of EPA's jurisdiction over hazardous waste recycling activities and to set forth the regulatory regime for recycling activities.

(January 4, 1985, continued)

All persons who generate, transport, treat, store, or dispose of wastes which are covered by this regulation must notify by April 4, 1985.

The revised definition of solid waste states that any material that is abandoned by being disposed of, burned, incinerated or stored, treated, or accumulated before or in lieu of these activities--is a solid waste. The remainder of the definition states which materials are wastes when recycled.

The amended definition adopts the approach that for secondary materials being recycled, one must know both what the material is and how it is being recycled before determining whether or not it is a Subtitle C waste. This approach differs sharply from the existing definition which states that all sludges, and virtually all other secondary materials are wastes no matter how they are recycled. In the revised definition one must consider the types of secondary materials in conjunction with the types of recycling practices.

The definition states that four types of recycling activities are regulated:

1. Use constituting disposal. This involves placing wastes or products that contain hazardous waste on the land.
2. Burning waste or waste fuels for energy recovery or fuel.
3. Speculative accumulation. This activity involves accumulating wastes that are potentially recyclable but for which no market exists or accumulating wastes before recycling unless 75% of the accumulated material is recycled during a one year period.
4. Reclamation. This activity involves the regeneration of wastes or the recovery of material from wastes.

These categories of recycling activities then are divided further according to the type of secondary material involved: spent materials, sludges, by-products, or commercial chemical products and scrap metal

January 14, 1985

40 CFR Parts 261, 264, 265, 270,
EPA amends the regulations for hazardous waste by listing certain wastes containing particular chlorinated dioxins, -dibenzofurans, and phenols and by specifying management standards for these wastes.

EPA revokes the regulation concerning TCDD contaminated wastes (dioxin) under the Toxic Substances Act. The effect of this rule will be to subject these dioxin containing wastes to the hazardous waste regulations issued under RCRA. This revokes the TSCA Section 6 (a) regulation that applies to the Vertac Chemical Corporation, and those that require a sixty day notification to EPA on the part of persons wishing to dispose of TCDD-contaminated wastes.

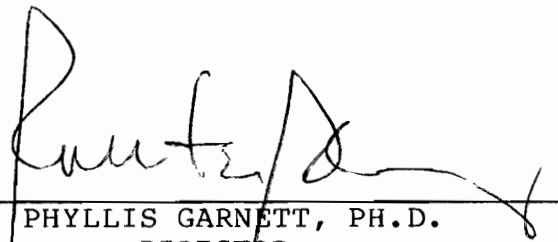
EPA will administer and enforce these requirements in each state until the State is authorized. Thus EPA will implement these standards until authorized States revise their programs.

These regulations will become effective on July 15, 1985. Compliance date for notification is April 15, 1985. All existing hazardous waste management facilities which treat, store, or dispose of wastes listed in this set of regulations and which qualify to manage these wastes under interim status must file a notification by April 15, 1985 and a part A permit application by July 15, 1985. (This means that if Vertac intends to incinerate these wastes on site they must have interim status for incineration by July 15, 1985. There is currently no incinerator on site; however, site preparation is taking place for the mobile incinerator so that they might be construed to have interim status for incineration by this means.)

PROMULGATED THIS 24TH DAY OF MAY, 1985
BY ORDER OF THE COMMISSION ON POLLUTION CONTROL & ECOLOGY

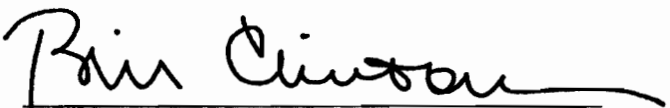
BY 
CHAIRMAN

ATTEST;


PHYLLIS GARNETT, PH.D.
DIRECTOR

Subm

APPROVED:


BILL CLINTON, GOVERNOR
STATE OF ARKANSAS