AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM AND THE ARKANSAS WATER AND AIR POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

In accordance with the provisions of the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act (Ark. Code Ann. 8-4-101 et seq.), and the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.),

Ash Grove Cement Company Ash Grove Cement Company, Foreman Plant

is authorized to discharge from a facility located as follows: 4343 Highway 108 W, Foreman, AR 71836, in Little River County.

Facility Coordinates: Latitude: 33° 41' 59.3" N; Longitude: 94° 24' 57.8" W

Discharge is to receiving waters named:

an unnamed tributary, thence to French Creek, thence to Walnut Bayou, thence to the Red River in Segment 1B of the Red River Basin.

The outfall is located at the following coordinates:

Outfall 001: Latitude: 33° 41' 09.2" N; Longitude: 94° 25' 28.4" W
Outfall 002: Latitude: 33° 41' 29.6" N; Longitude: 94° 25' 36.3" W
Outfall 003: Latitude: 33° 41' 15.3" N; Longitude: 94° 25' 28.7" W

Discharge shall be in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth in this permit. Per Part III.D.10, the permittee must re-apply 180 days prior to the expiration date below for permit coverage to continue beyond the expiration date.

Effective Date: June 1, 2024 Expiration Date: May 31, 2029

May 8, 2024

Issue Date

Stacie R. Wassell Associate Director, Office of Water Quality Arkansas Department of Energy and Environment Division of Environmental Quality

AFIN: 41-00001 Page 1 of Part IA

PART I PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

SECTION A1. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS: OUTFALL 001 – discharge from Fishing Lake (active quarry dewatering and stormwater runoff from the inactive Cement Kiln Dust landfill)

During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting until the date of expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge from Outfall 001. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below as well as Parts II and III. See Part IV for all definitions.

	Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements		
Effluent Characteristics	Mass (lbs/day, unless otherwise specified)		Concentration (mg/l, unless otherwise specified)		Frequency	Sample Type	
	Monthly Avg.	Daily Max.	Monthly Avg.	Daily Max.	•		
Flow	N/A	N/A	Report, MGD	Report, MGD	two/week	calculated ²	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	N/A	N/A	N/A	50.0	once/month1	grab	
рН	N/A	N/A	Minimum 6.0 s.u.	Maximum 9.0 s.u.	once/month1	grab	

¹ Samples shall be taken at the first discharge of each calendar month.

Oil, grease, or petrochemical substances shall not be present in receiving waters to the extent that they produce globules or other residue or any visible, colored film on the surface or coat the banks and/or bottoms of the waterbody or adversely affect any of the associated biota. There shall be no visible sheen as defined in Part IV of this permit.

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge during the entire monitoring period. Samples shall be taken after the final treatment unit, prior to the receiving stream.

² Flow is calculated using bucket and stopwatch method.

AFIN: 41-00001 Page 2 of Part IA

SECTION A2. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS: OUTFALL 002 - discharge from the coal pile sedimentation pond (stormwater runoff from the waste fuels area and the north half of the Cement Kiln Dust landfill)

During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting until the date of expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge from Outfall 002. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below as well as Parts II and III. See Part IV for all definitions.

		Discha	rge Limitations	Monitoring Requirements		
Effluent Characteristics	Mass (lbs/day, unless otherwise specified)		Concentration (mg/l, unless otherwise specified)		Frequency	Sample Type
	Monthly Avg.	Daily Max.	Monthly Avg.	Daily Max.		
Flow	N/A	N/A	Report, MGD	Report, MGD	two/week	calculated ²
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	N/A	N/A	N/A	50.0	once/month1	grab
Total Recoverable Arsenic (As) ³	N/A	N/A	Report (µg/l)	Report (μg/l)	once/quarter ³	grab
рН	N/A	N/A	Minimum 6.0 s.u.	Maximum 9.0 s.u.	once/month1	grab

¹ Samples shall be taken at the first discharge of each calendar month.

Oil, grease, or petrochemical substances shall not be present in receiving waters to the extent that they produce globules or other residue or any visible, colored film on the surface or coat the banks and/or bottoms of the waterbody or adversely affect any of the associated biota. There shall be no visible sheen as defined in Part IV of this permit.

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge during the entire monitoring period. Samples shall be taken after the final treatment unit, prior to the receiving stream.

² Flow is calculated using bucket and stopwatch method.

³ For one year from the effective date of the permit. See Part II.5 (Arsenic Condition).

AFIN: 41-00001 Page 3 of Part IA

SECTION A3. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS: OUTFALL 003 - discharge from the Process Water Pond (stormwater runoff from the former coal processing area and coal washout pond, wash-down water from the plant process area, raw material storage area, and salvage storage area, truck washout water, Cement Kiln Dust landfill leachate and runoff, treated sanitary wastewater, and noncontact cooling water)

During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting until the date of expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge from Outfall 003. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below as well as Parts II and III. See Part IV for all definitions.

		<u>Discharge Limitations</u>				Monitoring Requirements	
Effluent Characteristics		Mass		Concentration			
<u> </u>		(lbs/day, unless		unless			
	otherwise s	pecified)	otherwise	specified)	Frequency	Sample Type	
	Monthly	Daily	Monthly	Daily			
	Avg.	Max.	Avg.	Max.			
Flow	N/A	N/A	Report, Report, MGD MGD		two/week	instantaneous ²	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD ₅)	N/A	N/A	10	15	once/month1	grab	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	N/A	N/A	N/A	50.0	once/month1	grab	
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)							
(May – October)	N/A	N/A	2.0 (Ins	st. Min.)	once/month1	grab	
(November – April)	N/A	N/A	5.0 (Ins	st. Min.)	once/month1	grab	
Eggal Californ Bastonia (ECD)			(colonies/100ml)				
Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB)	N/A	N/A	1000	2000	once/month1	grab	
Total Recoverable Arsenic (As) ³	N/A	N/A	Report (μg/l) Report (μg/l)		once/quarter ^{1,3}	grab	
рН	N/A	N/A	Minimum 6.0 s.u.	Maximum 9.0 s.u.	once/month1	grab	

¹ Samples shall be taken at the first discharge of each calendar month.

Oil, grease, or petrochemical substances shall not be present in receiving waters to the extent that they produce globules or other residue or any visible, colored film on the surface or coat the banks and/or bottoms of the waterbody or adversely affect any of the associated biota. There shall be no visible sheen as defined in Part IV of this permit.

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge during the entire monitoring period. Samples shall be taken after the final treatment unit, prior to the receiving stream.

² Flow is determined using a rectangular weir.

³ For one year from the effective date of the permit. See Part II.5 (Arsenic Condition).

Page 1 of Part IB

SECTION B. PERMIT COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

None

AFIN: 41-00001 Page 1 of Part II

PART II OTHER CONDITIONS

- 1. The operator of this wastewater treatment facility shall hold at least a Class II Municipal license and Basic Industrial license from the State of Arkansas in accordance with APC&EC Rule 3.
- 2. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. §§ 122.62(a)(2) and 124.5, this permit may be reopened for modification or revocation and/or reissuance to require additional monitoring and/or effluent limitations when new information is received that actual or potential exceedance of State water quality criteria and/or narrative criteria are determined to be the result of the permittee's discharge(s) to a relevant water body or a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) is established or revised for the water body that was not available at the time of the permit issuance that would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of permit issuance.

3. Other Specified Monitoring Requirements

The permittee may use alternative appropriate monitoring methods and analytical instruments other than as specified in Part I Section A of the permit without a major permit modification under the following conditions:

- The monitoring and analytical instruments are consistent with accepted scientific practices.
- The requests shall be submitted in writing to the Permits Branch of the Office of Water Quality of the DEQ for use of the alternate method or instrument.
- The method and/or instrument is in compliance with 40 C.F.R. Part 136 or approved in accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 136.5.
- All associated devices are installed, calibrated, and maintained to ensure the accuracy of the measurements and are consistent with the accepted capability of that type of device. The calibration and maintenance shall be performed as part of the permittee's laboratory Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) program.

Upon written approval of the alternative monitoring method and/or analytical instruments, these methods or instruments must be consistently utilized throughout the monitoring period. DEQ must be notified in writing and the permittee must receive written approval from DEQ if the permittee decides to return to the original permit monitoring requirements.

- 4. Stormwater runoff commingling with other process wastewater discharged from Outfall 001, Outfall 002, and Outfall 003 shall be managed in accordance with Best Management Practices (BMPs), as defined in Part IV.6, to control the quality of stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity that are authorized by this permit. All spilled products and other spilled wastes must be immediately cleaned up and properly disposed. The permittee must amend the BMPs whenever there is a change in the facility or a change in the operation of the facility.
- 5. The requirement to sample, analyze, and report the Monthly Average and Daily Maximum values of Concentration of Total Recoverable Arsenic (As) in the effluent in accordance with the requirements in Part IA Sections A2 and A3 of the permit is applicable for one year from

Page 2 of Part II

the effective date of the permit. After the results of four (4) samples have been reported in accordance with the above requirements, the permittee may cease the monitoring and reporting of Total Recoverable Arsenic.

The permittee may use any EPA approved method based on 40 C.F.R. Part 136 provided the minimum quantification level (MQL) for the chosen method is equal to or less than what has been specified in chart below:

Pollutant	MQL (μg/l)
Total Recoverable Arsenic	0.5

The permittee may develop a matrix specific method detection limit (MDL) in accordance with Appendix B of 40 C.F.R. Part 136. For any pollutant for which the permittee determines a site specific MDL, the permittee shall send to DEQ, NPDES Permits Branch, a report containing QA/QC documentation, analytical results, and calculations necessary to demonstrate that a site specific MDL was correctly calculated. A site specific MQL shall be determined in accordance with the following calculation:

$$MQL = 3.3 \times MDL$$

Upon written approval by Permits Branch, the site specific MQL may be utilized by the permittee for all future Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) calculations and reporting requirements.

Page 1 of Part III

PART III STANDARD CONDITIONS

SECTION A – GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. **Duty to Comply**

The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the federal Clean Water Act and the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; and/or for denial of a permit renewal application. Any values reported in the required Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) which are in excess of an effluent limitation specified in Part I shall constitute evidence of violation of such effluent limitation and of this permit.

2. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions

The Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act provides that any person who violates any provisions of a permit issued under the Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or a fine of not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or by both such fine and imprisonment for each day of such violation. Any person who violates any provision of a permit issued under the Act may also be subject to civil penalty in such amount as the court shall find appropriate, not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day of such violation. The fact that any such violation may constitute a misdemeanor shall not be a bar to the maintenance of such civil action.

3. **Permit Actions**

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause including, but not limited to the following:

- A. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit.
- B. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts.
- C. A change in any conditions that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge.
- D. A determination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by permit modification or termination.
- E. Failure of the permittee to comply with the provisions of APC&EC Rule 9 (Permit fees) as required by Part III.A.11 herein.

The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

Page 2 of Part III

4. Toxic Pollutants

Notwithstanding Part III.A.3, if any toxic effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is promulgated under APC&EC Rule 2, as amended, or Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for a toxic pollutant which is present in the discharge and that standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitations on the pollutant in this permit, this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued to conform to the toxic effluent standards or prohibition and the permittee so notified.

The permittee shall comply with effluent standards, narrative criteria, or prohibitions established under APC&EC Rule 2, as amended, or Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

5. Civil and Criminal Liability

Except as provided in permit conditions for "Bypass of Treatment Facilities" (Part III.B.4), and "Upset" (Part III.B.5), nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance. Any false or materially misleading representation or concealment of information required to be reported by the provisions of this permit or applicable state and federal statutes or regulations which defeats the regulatory purposes of the permit may subject the permittee to criminal enforcement pursuant to the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act (Ark. Code Ann. § 8-4-101 et seq.).

6. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject to under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act.

7. State Laws

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable State law or regulation under authority preserved by Section 510 of the Clean Water Act.

8. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State, or local laws or regulations.

Page 3 of Part III

9. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provisions of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

10. Applicable Federal, State or Local Requirements

Permittees are responsible for compliance with all applicable terms and conditions of this permit. Receipt of this permit does not relieve any operator of the responsibility to comply with any other applicable federal, state, or local requirements, statute, ordinance, or regulation.

11. Permit Fees

The permittee shall comply with all applicable permit fee requirements (i.e., including annual permit fees following the initial permit fee that will be invoiced every year the permit is active) for wastewater discharge permits as described in APC&EC Rule 9 (Rule for the Fee System for Environmental Permits). Failure to promptly remit all required fees shall be grounds for the Director to initiate action to terminate this permit under the provisions of 40 C.F.R. §§ 122.64 and 124.5(d), as adopted in APC&EC Rule 6 and the provisions of APC&EC Rule 8.

SECTION B - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF POLLUTION CONTROLS

1. Proper Operation and Maintenance

- A. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.
- B. The permittee shall provide an adequate operating staff which is duly qualified to carryout operation, maintenance, and testing functions required to ensure compliance with the conditions of this permit.

2. Need to Halt or Reduce not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. Upon reduction, loss, or failure of the treatment facility, the permittee shall, to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with its permit, control production or discharges or both until the facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided.

Page 4 of Part III

This requirement applies, for example, when the primary source of power for the treatment facility is reduced, is lost, or alternate power supply fails.

3. **Duty to Mitigate**

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment or the water receiving the discharge.

4. Bypass of Treatment Facilities

"Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, as defined at 40 C.F.R. § 122.41(m)(1)(i).

A. Bypass not exceeding limitation

The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of Parts III.B.4.B and 4.C.

B. Notice

- 1. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least ten days before the date of the bypass.
- 2. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Part III.D.6 (24-hour notice).

C. Prohibition of bypass

- 1. Bypass is prohibited and the Director may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 - (a) Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - (b) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if the permittee could have installed adequate backup equipment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
 - (c) The permittee submitted notices as required by Part III.B.4.B.
- 2. The Director may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Director determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in Part III.B.4.C(1).

Page 5 of Part III

5. **Upset Conditions**

A. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of Part III.B.5.B of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.

- B. Conditions necessary for demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - 1. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the specific cause(s) of the upset.
 - 2. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated.
 - 3. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required by Part III.D.6.
 - 4. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required by Part III.B.3.
- C. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

6. Removed Substances

- A. Solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters shall be disposed of in a manner such as to prevent any pollutant from such materials from entering waters of the State. The Permittee must comply with all applicable state and Federal regulations governing the disposal of sludge, including but not limited to 40 C.F.R. Parts 257, 258, and 503.
- B. Any changes to the permittee's disposal practices described in the Statement of Basis, as derived from the permit application, will require at least 180 days prior notice to the Director to allow time for additional permitting. Please note that the 180 day notification requirement may be waived if additional permitting is not required for the change.

7. Power Failure

The permittee is responsible for maintaining adequate safeguards to prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated wastes during electrical power failure either by means of alternate power sources, standby generators, or retention of inadequately treated effluent.

SECTION C - MONITORING AND RECORDS

1. Representative Sampling

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge during the entire monitoring period. All samples shall be taken at the monitoring points specified in this permit and, unless otherwise specified, before

Page 6 of Part III

the effluent joins or is diluted by any other waste stream, body of water, or substance. Monitoring points shall not be changed without notification to and the approval of the Director. Intermittent discharge shall be monitored.

2. Flow Measurement

Appropriate flow measurement devices and methods consistent with accepted scientific practices shall be selected and used to ensure the accuracy and reliability of measurements of the volume of monitored discharges. The devices shall be installed, calibrated, and maintained to ensure the accuracy of the measurements are consistent with the accepted capability of that type of device. Devices selected shall be capable of measuring flows with a maximum deviation of less than +/- 10% from true discharge rates throughout the range of expected discharge volumes and shall be installed at the monitoring point of the discharge.

Calculated Flow Measurement

For calculated flow measurements that are performed in accordance with either the permit requirements or a Division approved method (i.e., as allowed in the *Other Specified Monitoring Requirements* condition under Part II), the +/- 10% accuracy requirement described above is waived. This waiver is only applicable when the method used for calculation of the flow has been reviewed and approved by the Division.

3. **Monitoring Procedures**

Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under 40 C.F.R. Part 136, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit. The permittee shall calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring and analytical instrumentation at intervals frequent enough to ensure accuracy of measurements and shall ensure that both calibration and maintenance activities will be conducted. An adequate analytical quality control program, including the analysis of sufficient standards, spikes, and duplicate samples to ensure the accuracy of all required analytical results shall be maintained by the permittee or designated commercial laboratory. At a minimum, spikes and duplicate samples are to be analyzed on 10% of the samples.

4. Penalties for Tampering

The Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to imprisonment for not more than one (1) year or a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or by both such fine and imprisonment.

5. Reporting of Monitoring Results

40 C.F.R. § 127.11(a)(1) and 40 C.F.R. § 127.16(a) require that monitoring reports must be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR) and filed electronically. Signatory

Page 7 of Part III

Authorities must initially request access for a NetDMR account. Once a NetDMR account is established, use the following link to access electronic filing: https://cdx.epa.gov. Permittees who are unable to file electronically may request a waiver from the Director in accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 127.15. Monitoring results obtained during the previous monitoring period shall be summarized and reported on a DMR dated and submitted no later than the 25th day of the month, following the completed reporting period beginning on the effective date of the permit.

6. Additional Monitoring by the Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit, using test procedures approved under 40 C.F.R. Part 136 or as specified in this permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR. Such increased frequency shall also be indicated on the DMR.

7. **Retention of Records**

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time.

8. Record Contents

Records and monitoring information shall include:

- A. The date, exact place, time and methods of sampling or measurements, and preservatives used, if any.
- B. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements.
- C. The date(s) and time analyses were performed.
- D. The individual(s) who performed the analyses.
- E. The analytical techniques or methods used.
- F. The measurements and results of such analyses.

9. **Inspection and Entry**

The permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- A. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit.
- B. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit.

Page 8 of Part III

C. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit.

D. Sample, inspect, or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

SECTION D – REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. Planned Changes

The Permittee shall give notice to the Director as soon as possible but no later than 180 days prior to any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility [40 C.F.R. § 122.41(1)]. Notice is required only when:

- A. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for new sources at 40 C.F.R. § 122.29(b).
- B. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to the notification requirements under 40 C.F.R. § 122.42(b).

2. Anticipated Noncompliance

The permittee shall give advance notice to the Director of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

3. Transfers

The permit is nontransferable to any person except after notice to the Director. The Director may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Act.

4. Monitoring Reports

Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals and in the form specified in Part III.C.5. Discharge Monitoring Reports must be submitted <u>even</u> when <u>no</u> discharge occurs during the reporting period.

5. Compliance Schedule

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. Any reports of noncompliance shall include the cause of noncompliance, any remedial actions taken, and the probability of meeting the next scheduled requirement.

Page 9 of Part III

6. Twenty-four Hour Report

Please be aware that the notifications can be sent by email to <u>water-enforcement-report@adeq.state.ar.us</u> or at 501-682-0624 for immediate reporting:

- A. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances to the Enforcement Branch of the Office of Water Quality of DEQ. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain the following information:
 - 1. A description of the noncompliance and its cause.
 - 2. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue.
 - 3. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
- B. The following must be reported within 24 hours:
 - 1. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - 2. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
 - 3. Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Director in Part I of the permit.
- C. The Director may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the notification has been received within 24 hours by the Enforcement Branch of the Office of Water Quality of the DEO.

7. Other Noncompliance

The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under Parts III.D.4, 5, and 6, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed at Part III.D.6.

8. <u>Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances for Industrial Dischargers including Existing Manufacturing, Commercial, Mining, and Silvicultural Dischargers</u>

The Director shall be notified as soon as the permittee knows or has reason to believe:

- A. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge on a routine or frequent basis of any toxic pollutant including those listed in 40 C.F.R. § 401.15 which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the "notification levels" described in 40 C.F.R. § 122.42(a)(1).
- B. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge on a non-routine or infrequent basis of a toxic pollutant including those listed in 40 C.F.R. § 401.15

Permit Number: AR0042846 AFIN: 41-00001 Page 10 of Part III

which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the "notification levels" described in 40 C.F.R. § 122.42(a)(2).

9. **Duty to Provide Information**

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. Information shall be submitted in the form, manner and time frame requested by the Director.

10. **Duty to Reapply**

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. The complete application shall be submitted at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit. The Director may grant permission to submit an application less than 180 days in advance but no later than the permit expiration date. Continuation of expiring permits shall be implemented through procedures outlined by APC&EC Rule 6.

11. Signatory Requirements

All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Director shall be signed and certified as follows:

A. All **permit applications** shall be signed as follows:

- 1. For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means:
 - (a) A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation.
 - (b) The manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operation facilities, provided: the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.
- 2. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or proprietor, respectively.

Permit Number: AR0042846 AFIN: 41-00001 Page 11 of Part III

3. For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency, by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes:

- (a) The chief executive officer of the agency.
- (b) A senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency.
- B. All **reports** required by the permit and **other information** requested by the Director shall be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
 - 1. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above.
 - 2. The authorization specified either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position).
 - 3. The written authorization is submitted to the Director.
- C. Certification. Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

12. Availability of Reports

Except for data determined to be confidential under 40 C.F.R. Part 2 and APC&EC Rule 6, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Division of Environmental Quality. As required by the Rules, the name and address of any permit applicant or permittee, permit applications, permits, and effluent data shall not be considered confidential.

13. Penalties for Falsification of Reports

The Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained under this permit shall be subject to

Page 12 of Part III

civil penalties specified in Part III.A.2 and/or criminal penalties under the authority of the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act (Ark. Code Ann. § 8-4-101 et seq.).

14. Other Information

Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

AFIN: 41-00001 Page 1 of Part IV

PART IV DEFINITIONS

All definitions contained in Section 502 of the Clean Water Act and 40 C.F.R. § 122.2 shall apply to this permit and are incorporated herein by reference. Additional definitions of words or phrases used in this permit are as follows:

- 1. **"7-Day Average"** also known as "average weekly," means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar week divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that week. The 7-Day Average for Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB) or *E. coli* is the geometric mean of the "daily discharges" of all effluent samples collected during a calendar week in colonies per 100 ml.
- 2. "Act" means the Clean Water Act, Public Law 95-217 (33.U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) as amended.
- 3. "Administrator" means the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- 4. "APC&EC" means the Arkansas Pollution Control and Ecology Commission.
- 5. "Applicable effluent standards and limitations" means all State and Federal effluent standards and limitations to which a discharge is subject under the Act, including, but not limited to, effluent limitations, standards of performance, toxic effluent standards and prohibitions, and pretreatment standards.
- 6. "Applicable water quality standards" means all water quality standards to which a discharge is subject under the federal Clean Water Act and which has been (a) approved or permitted to remain in effect by the Administrator following submission to the Administrator pursuant to Section 303(a) of the Act, or (b) promulgated by the Director pursuant to Section 303(b) or 303(c) of the Act, and standards promulgated under (APC&EC) Rule 2, as amended.
- 7. "Best Management Practices (BMPs)" are activities, practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices designed to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the State. BMPs also include treatment technologies, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw sewage. BMPs may include structural devices or nonstructural practices.
- 8. **"Bypass"** means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility, as defined at 40 C.F.R. § 122.41(m)(1)(i).
- 9. "Composite sample" is a mixture of grab samples collected at the same sampling point at different times, formed either by continuous sampling or by mixing a minimum of 4 effluent portions collected at equal time intervals (but not closer than one hour apart) during operational hours, within the 24-hour period, and combined proportional to flow or a sample collected at more frequent intervals proportional to flow over the 24-hour period.
- 10. "CV" means coefficient of variation.
- 11. "Daily Discharge" means the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling.
 - A. **Mass Calculations:** For pollutants with limitations expressed in terms of mass, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of pollutant discharged over the sampling day.
 - B. Concentration Calculations: For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day.

Page 2 of Part IV

12. "Daily Maximum" discharge limitation means the highest allowable "daily discharge" during the calendar month.

- 13. "Director" means the Director of the Division of Environmental Quality.
- 14. "Dissolved oxygen limit" shall be defined as follows:
 - A. When limited in the permit as a minimum monthly average, shall mean the lowest acceptable monthly average value, determined by averaging all samples taken during the calendar month.
 - B. When limited in the permit as an instantaneous minimum value, shall mean that no value measured during the reporting period may fall below the stated value.
- 15. "Division" means the Division of Environmental Quality (DEQ).
- 16. **"E. coli"** a sample consists of one effluent grab portion collected during a 24-hour period at peak loads. For *E. coli*, report the Daily Maximum as the highest "daily discharge" during the calendar month and the Monthly Average as the geometric mean of all "daily discharges" within a calendar month, in colonies per 100 ml.
- 17. "Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB)" a sample consists of one effluent grab portion collected during a 24-hour period at peak loads. For FCB, report the Daily Maximum as the highest "daily discharge" during the calendar month and the Monthly Average as the geometric mean of all "daily discharges" within a calendar month, in colonies per 100 ml.
- 18. "Grab sample" means an individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes in conjunction with an instantaneous flow measurement.
- 19. "Industrial User" means a nondomestic discharger, as identified in 40 C.F.R. Part 403, introducing pollutants to a publicly owned treatment works (POTW).
- 20. "Instantaneous flow measurement" means the flow measured during the minimum time required for the flow-measuring device or method to produce a result in that instance. To the extent practical, instantaneous flow measurements coincide with the collection of any grab samples required for the same sampling period so that together the samples and flow are representative of the discharge during that sampling period.
- 21. "Instantaneous Maximum" when limited in the permit as an instantaneous maximum value, shall mean that no value measured during the reporting period may fall above the stated value.
- 22. "Instantaneous Minimum" an instantaneous minimum value, shall mean that no value measured during the reporting period may fall below the stated value.
- 23. "Monitoring and Reporting"

When a permit becomes effective, monitoring requirements are of the immediate period of the permit effective date. Where the monitoring requirement for an effluent characteristic is monthly or more frequently, the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) shall be submitted by the 25th of the month following the sampling. Where the monitoring requirement for an effluent characteristic is Quarterly, Semi-Annual, Annual, or Yearly, the DMR shall be submitted by the 25th of the month following the monitoring period end date.

A. MONTHLY:

is defined as a calendar month or any portion of a calendar month for monitoring requirement frequency of once/month or more frequently.

B. BI-MONTHLY:

is defined as two (2) calendar months or any portion of 2 calendar months for monitoring requirement frequency of once/2 months or more frequently.

AFIN: 41-00001 Page 3 of Part IV

C. QUARTERLY:

1. is defined as a **fixed calendar quarter** or any part of the fixed calendar quarter for a non-seasonal effluent characteristic with a measurement frequency of once/quarter. Fixed calendar quarters are: January through March, April through June, July through September, and October through December.

2. is defined as a **fixed three month period** (or any part of the fixed three month period) of or dependent upon the seasons specified in the permit for a seasonal effluent characteristic with a monitoring requirement frequency of once/quarter that does not coincide with the fixed calendar quarter. Seasonal calendar quarters are: May through July, August through October, November through January, and February through April.

D. SEMI-ANNUAL:

is defined as the fixed time periods January through June, and July through December (or any portion thereof) for an effluent characteristic with a measurement frequency of once/6 months.

E. ANNUAL or YEARLY:

is defined as a fixed calendar year or any portion of the fixed calendar year for an effluent characteristic or parameter with a measurement frequency of once/year. A calendar year is January through December, or any portion thereof.

- 24. "Monthly Average" means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that month. For Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB) or *E. coli*, report the Monthly Average as the geometric mean of all "daily discharges" within a calendar month.
- 25. "National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System" means the national program for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, terminating, monitoring and enforcing permits, and imposing and enforcing pretreatment requirements under Sections 307, 402, 318, and 405 of the Clean Water Act.
- 26. "NOEC" means No Observed Effect Concentration.
- 27. "PMSD" means Percent Minimum Significant Difference.
- 28. "POTW" means Publicly Owned Treatment Works.
- 29. "Reduction of CBODs/BODs and TSS in mg/l Formula" [(Influent Effluent) / Influent] \times 100
- 30. "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in products.
- 31. "Sewage sludge" means the solids, residues, and precipitate separated from or created in sewage by the unit processes at a POTW. Sewage as used in this definition means any wastes, including wastes from humans, households, commercial establishments, industries, and stormwater runoff that are discharged to or otherwise enter a POTW.
- 32. "Treatment works" means any devices and systems used in storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal sewage and industrial wastes, of a liquid nature to implement section 201 of the Act, or necessary to recycle reuse water at the most economic cost over the estimated life of the works, including intercepting sewers, sewage collection systems, pumping, power and other equipment, and alterations thereof; elements essential to provide a reliable recycled supply such as standby treatment units and clear well facilities, and any works, including site

AFIN: 41-00001 Page 4 of Part IV

acquisition of the land that will be an integral part of the treatment process or is used for ultimate disposal of residues resulting from such treatment.

33. Units of Measure:

"MGD" shall mean million gallons per day.

"mg/l" shall mean milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm).

"µg/l" shall mean micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb).

"cfs" shall mean cubic feet per second.

"ppm" shall mean parts per million.

"s.u." shall mean standard units.

- 34. "Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. Any upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operations.
- 35. "Visible sheen" means the presence of a film or sheen upon or a discoloration of the surface of the discharge. A sheen can also be from a thin glistening layer of oil on the surface of the discharge.
- 36. "Week" means a calendar week, consisting of the 7-day period of Sunday through Saturday
- 37. "Weekday" means Monday Friday.

Final Statement of Basis

This Statement of Basis is for information and justification of the permit requirements only. Please note that it is not enforceable. This permitting decision is for the renewal of discharge Permit Number AR0042846 with Arkansas Department of Energy and Environment – Division of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Arkansas Facility Identification Number (AFIN) 41-00001 to discharge to Waters of the State.

1. PERMITTING AUTHORITY

The issuing office is:

Division of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, Arkansas 72118-5317

2. APPLICANT

The applicant's mailing address and the facility address:

Ash Grove Cement Company - Foreman Plant 4343 Highway 108 W Foreman, AR 71836

3. PREPARED BY

The permit was prepared by:

Guy Lester, P.E.

Staff Engineer

NPDES Discharge Permits Section

Office of Water Quality

(501) 519-0304

Jessica Sears, P.E.

Engineer Supervisor

NPDES Discharge Permits Section

Office of Water Quality

(501) 682-0621

E-mail: jessica.sears@adeq.state.ar.us
E-mail: jessica.sears@adeq.state.ar.us

4. **PERMIT ACTIVITY**

Previous Permit Effective Date: January 1, 2018
Previous Permit Expiration Date: December 31, 2022

The permittee submitted a permit renewal application on June 9, 2022, with all additional information received by September 18, 2023. The previous discharge permit is reissued for a 5-year term in accordance with regulations promulgated at 40 C.F.R. § 122.46(a).

Page 2 of Statement of Basis Permit Number: AR0042846

AFIN: 41-00001

DOCUMENT ABBREVIATIONS

In the document that follows, various abbreviations are used. They are as follows:

APC&EC - Arkansas Pollution Control and Ecology Commission

BAT - best available technology economically achievable

BCT - best conventional pollutant control technology

BMP - best management practice

BOD₅ - five-day biochemical oxygen demand

BPJ - best professional judgment

BPT - best practicable control technology currently available

CBOD₅ - carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand

CD - critical dilution

C.F.R. - Code of Federal Regulations

cfs - cubic feet per second

COD - chemical oxygen demand

COE - United States Corp of Engineers

CPP - continuing planning process

CWA - Clean Water Act

DMR - discharge monitoring report

DO - dissolved oxygen

ELG - effluent limitation guidelines

EPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

ESA - Endangered Species Act

FCB - fecal coliform bacteria

gpm - gallons per minute

MGD - million gallons per day

MQL - minimum quantification level

NAICS - North American Industry Classification System

NH₃-N - ammonia nitrogen

 $NO_3 + NO_2-N$ - nitrate + nitrite nitrogen

NPDES - National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

O&G - oil and grease

Rule 2 - APC&EC Rule 2

Rule 6 - APC&EC Rule 6

Rule 8 - APC&EC Rule 8

Rule 9 - APC&EC Rule 9

RP - reasonable potential

SIC - standard industrial classification

TDS - total dissolved solids

TMDL - total maximum daily load

TP - total phosphorus

TRC - total residual chlorine

TSS - total suspended solids

UAA - use attainability analysis

USF&WS - United States Fish and Wildlife Service

Page 3 of Statement of Basis Permit Number: AR0042846

AFIN: 41-00001

USGS - United States Geological Survey WET - whole effluent toxicity WQMP - water quality management plan WQS - Water Quality standards WWTP - wastewater treatment plant

Compliance and Enforcement History:

The compliance and enforcement history for this facility can be reviewed by using the following web links:

https://echo.epa.gov

https://www.adeq.state.ar.us/home/pdssql/pds.aspx

5. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES FROM THE PREVIOUSLY ISSUED PERMIT

The permittee is responsible for carefully reading the permit in detail and becoming familiar with all of the changes therein:

- 1. The permittee mailing address and driving directions have been removed from the cover page.
- 2. The wastestream descriptions for all outfalls have been revised.
- 3. The flow monitoring frequencies for all outfalls has been changed to two/week. See Section 13 below for details.
- 4. A Class II Operator License is now required in Part II.1.
- 5. Part III.B.6.B has been revised.
- 6. The Twenty-four Hour Report condition in Part III.D.6 has been revised.
- 7. The Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances for Industrial Dischargers condition in Part III.D.8 has been revised.

6. RECEIVING STREAM SEGMENT AND DISCHARGE LOCATION

The outfalls are located at the following coordinates based on the previous permit and application, and confirmed with Google Earth using WGS84:

Outfall 001: Latitude: 33° 41' 09.2" N; Longitude: 94° 25' 28.4" W
Outfall 002: Latitude: 33° 41' 29.6" N; Longitude: 94° 25' 36.3" W
Outfall 003: Latitude: 33° 41' 15.3" N; Longitude: 94° 25' 28.7" W

The receiving waters named:

an unnamed tributary, thence to French Creek, thence to Walnut Bayou, thence to the Red River in Segment 1B of the Red River Basin. The receiving stream with Assessment Unit AR_11140106_004 (closest downstream 3-digit reach code assigned to French Creek) is a Water of the State classified for secondary contact recreation, raw water source for domestic (public and private), industrial, and agricultural water supplies; propagation of desirable species of fish and other aquatic life; and other compatible uses.

Page 4 of Statement of Basis Permit Number: AR0042846

AFIN: 41-00001

7. 303(d) LIST, TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOADS, ENDANGERED SPECIES, AND ANTI-DEGRADATION CONSIDERATIONS

A. 303(d) List

The receiving stream is not listed on the 2018 303(d) list. However, it is noted that approximately 16 miles downstream from the facility discharge, the receiving stream flows into the Red River which is listed on the 2018 303(d) list as impaired for Siltation/Turbidity. A TMDL has not been issued for the impairment. When a TMDL is issued, and if a waste load allocation is assigned to the facility, conditions consistent with the assumptions and requirements of the TMDL will be implemented in the subsequent permit renewal.

The permit includes TSS limitations. No further permit action is required for Siltation/Turbidity at this time.

B. Applicable Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Reports

"TMDLs for Chloride, Sulfate, and TDS for the Red River, Sulphur River, and McKinney Bayou, Arkansas" was issued September 27, 2017. The facility was not assigned a WLA in theseTMDLs. Therefore, no permit action is required.

C. Endangered Species

No comments on the application were received from the USF&WS.

D. Anti-Degradation

The limitations and requirements set forth in this permit for discharge into waters of the State are consistent with the Anti-degradation Policy and all other applicable water quality standards found in APC&EC Rule 2.

8. OUTFALL, TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION, AND FACILITY CONSTRUCTION

The following is a description of the facility described in the application:

A. Average Flows: Highest monthly avg. flows March 2021 – February 2023

Outfall 001 – 0.916 MGD Outfall 002 – 0.19 MGD Outfall 003 – 6.45 MGD

B. Type of Treatment: All outfalls – retention/sedimentation ponds

Page 5 of Statement of Basis Permit Number: AR0042846

AFIN: 41-00001

C. Discharge Description:

Outfall 001: discharge from Fishing Lake (active quarry dewatering and stormwater runoff from the inactive Cement Kiln Dust landfill)

Outfall 002: discharge from the coal pile sedimentation pond (stormwater runoff from the waste fuels area and the north half of the Cement Kiln Dust landfill)

Outfall 003: discharge from the Process Water Pond (stormwater runoff from the former coal processing area and coal washout pond, wash-down water from the plant process area, raw material storage area, and salvage storage area, truck washout water, Cement Kiln Dust landfill leachate and runoff, treated sanitary wastewater, and non-contact cooling water)

- D. Facility Status: This facility was evaluated using the NPDES Permit Rating Worksheet (MRAT) to determine the correct permitting status. Since the facility's MRAT score of 70 is less than 80, this facility is classified as a minor industrial.
- E. Facility Construction: This permit does not authorize or approve the construction or modification of any part of the treatment system or facilities. Approval for such construction must be by permit issued under Rule 6.202.

9. ACTIVITY

Under the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) code of 3241 or North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code of 327310, the applicant's activities are the manufacturing of portland cement.

10. SEWAGE SLUDGE PRACTICES

Sewage sludge generated from the sanitary wastewater treatment unit is hauled off and disposed of in the Upper Southwest Arkansas Regional Solid Waste Management District Class 1 Landfill under the current Solid Waste Permit No. 0265-S1-R2.

11. DEVELOPMENT AND BASIS FOR PERMIT CONDITIONS

The Division of Environmental Quality has determined to issue a permit for the discharge described in the application. Permit requirements are based on federal regulations (40 C.F.R. Parts 122, 124, and Subchapter N), and rules promulgated pursuant to the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act (Ark. Code Ann. § 8-4-101 et seq.). All of the information contained in the application, including all of the submitted effluent testing data, was reviewed to determine the need for effluent limits and other permit requirements.

The following is an explanation of the derivation of the conditions of the permit and the reasons for them or, in the case of notices of intent to deny or terminate, reasons suggesting the decisions as required under 40 C.F.R. § 124.7.

Page 6 of Statement of Basis Permit Number: AR0042846 AFIN: 41-00001

Technology-Based Versus Water Quality-Based Effluent Limitations and Conditions

Following regulations promulgated at 40 C.F.R. § 122.44, the permit limits are based on either technology-based effluent limits pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(a) or on State water quality standards and requirements pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(d), whichever are more stringent as follows:

	Water Quality- Based			Technology- Based		Previous Permit		Final Permit	
Parameter	Monthly	Daily	Monthly	Daily	Monthly	Daily	Monthly	Daily	
	Avg.	Max.	Avg.	Max.	Avg.	Max.	Avg.	Max.	
	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
		(OUTFALI	ـ 001					
TSS	N/A	N/A	N/A	50.0	N/A	50	N/A	50.0	
рН	6.0-9.	0 s.u.	6.0-9.	0 s.u.	6.0-9.	0 s.u.	6.0-9.	0 s.u.	
		(OUTFALI	. 002					
TSS	N/A	N/A	N/A	50.0	N/A	50	N/A	50.0	
Arsenic	N/A	N/A	Report	Report	Report	Report	Report	Report	
Aiseile			(µg/l)	$(\mu g/l)$	(µg/l)	$(\mu g/l)$	(µg/l)	(µg/l)	
рН	6.0-9.	0 s.u.	6.0-9.0 s.u.		6.0-9.0 s.u.		6.0-9.0 s.u.		
			OUTFALI	. 003					
BOD ₅	10	15	N/A	N/A	10	15	10	15	
TSS	N/A	N/A	N/A	50.0	N/A	50	N/A	50.0	
DO									
(May – October)	2.0 (Inst	t. Min.)	N/A		2.0 (Inst. Min.)		2.0 (Inst. Min.)		
(November – April)	5.0 (Inst	t. Min.)	N/	'A	5.0 (Inst. Min.)		5.0 (Inst. Min.)		
FCB (col/100ml)	1000	2000	N/A	N/A	1000	2000	1000	2000	
Arsenic	N/A N/A	Report	Report	Report	Report	Report	Report		
Aiseille	1 1 / / 1	1 N / /A	(µg/l)	$(\mu g/l)$	(µg/l)	$(\mu g/l)$	(µg/l)	(µg/l)	
рН	6.0-9.	0 s.u.	6.0-9.	0 s.u.	6.0-9.0 s.u.		6.0-9.	0 s.u.	

A. Justification for Limitations and Conditions of the Final Permit

Parameter	Water Quality or Technology	Justification			
OUTFALL 001					
TSS	Technology	40 C.F.R. § 411.32(a), 40 C.F.R. § 122.44 (l), and previous permit			
pН	Technology	40 C.F.R. § 411.32(a), 40 C.F.R. § 122.44 (l), and previous permit			
		OUTFALL 002			
TSS	Technology	40 C.F.R. § 411.32(a), 40 C.F.R. § 122.44 (l), and previous permit			
Arsenic	Technology	Rule. 2.409 and the CPP (Appendix D, ADEQ Discharge Permit,			
Arsenic	Technology	Toxic Control Implementation Procedure § IV.C)			
pН	Technology	40 C.F.R. § 411.32(a), 40 C.F.R. § 122.44 (l), and previous permit			

Parameter	Water Quality or Technology	Justification			
OUTFALL 003					
BOD ₅ Water Quality		MultiSMP Model dated February 9, 2023, CWA § 402(o),			
		and previous permit			
TSS	Technology	40 C.F.R. § 411.32(a), 40 C.F.R. § 122.44 (l), and previous permit			
DO	Water Quality	Reg. 2.505, MultiSMP Model dated February 9, 2023,			
DO	water Quality	CWA § 402(o), and previous permit			
FCB	Water Quality	Rule 2.507, CWA § 402(o), and previous permit			
Arsenic	Technology	Rule. 2.409 and the CPP (Appendix D, ADEQ Discharge Permit,			
Arsenic	Technology	Toxic Control Implementation Procedure § IV.C)			
pН	Technology	40 C.F.R. § 411.32(a), 40 C.F.R. § 122.44 (l), and previous permit			

No new information was received to warrant adding, removing, or revising any limitations in the permit. Therefore, the limitations in the permit are consistent with the limitations in the previous permit.

B. Anti-backsliding

The permit is consistent with the requirements to meet Anti-backsliding provisions of the Clean Water Act (CWA), Section 402(o) [40 C.F.R. § 122.44(l)]. The final effluent limitations for reissuance permits must be as stringent as those in the previous permit, unless the less stringent limitations can be justified using exceptions listed in CWA § 402(o)(2), CWA § 303(d)(4), or 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(l)(2)(i).

The permit meets or exceeds the requirements of the previous permit.

C. Limits Calculations

1. Mass Limits:

In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 122.45(f)(1), all pollutants limited in permits shall have limitations expressed in terms of mass if feasible. 40 C.F.R. § 122.45(f)(2) allows for pollutants which are limited in terms of mass to also be limited in terms of other units of measurement.

Mass limitations have not been included in the permit due to the variable nature of the discharge flows due to stormwater.

2. Daily Maximum Limits:

The daily maximum limit for BOD is based on Section 5.4.2 of the Technical Support Document for Water Quality-based Toxics Control:

daily maximum limit = monthly average limits \times 1.5

The daily maximum limits for TSS is based on 40 C.F.R. § 411.32(a).

The daily maximum limit for FCB is based on Rule 2.507.

Page 8 of Statement of Basis Permit Number: AR0042846

AFIN: 41-00001

D. 208 Plan (Water Quality Management Plan)

The 208 Plan, developed by the DEQ under provisions of Section 208 of the federal Clean Water Act, is a comprehensive program to work toward achieving federal water goals in Arkansas. The initial 208 Plan, adopted in 1979, provides for annual updates, but can be revised more often if necessary. The 208 Plan is being updated to change the facility flow at Outfall 003 from 3.36 MGD to 6.45 MGD.

E. Applicable Effluent Limitations Guidelines

Discharges from facilities of this type are covered by Federal effluent limitations guidelines promulgated under 40 C.F.R. Part 411, Cement Manufacturing Point Source Category, Subcategory C – Runoff from Material Storage Piles. The technology-based effluent limits for this subcategory is summarized in the table below:

40 C.F.R. § 411.32(a), Subpart C Material Storage Piles Runoff Subcategory				
Parameter Effluent Limitations				
TSS	50 mg/l daily maximum			
pН	6.0-9.0 s.u.			

The TSS and pH limits for Subpart C are included in the permit for Outfalls 001, 002, and 003 since all of these outfalls receive runoff from material storage piles.

F. Priority Pollutant Scan (PPS)

DEQ has reviewed and evaluated the effluent in accordance with the potential toxicity of each analyzed pollutant using the procedures outlined in the Continuing Planning Process (CPP).

The concentration of each pollutant after mixing with the receiving stream was compared to the applicable water quality standards as established in the Arkansas Water Quality Standards (AWQS), Rule 2 (Rule 2.508) and criteria obtained from the "Quality Criteria for Water, 1986 (Gold Book)."

Under Federal Regulation 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(d), as adopted by Rule 6, if a discharge poses the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an exceedance above a water quality standard, the permit must contain an effluent limitation for that pollutant. Effluent limitations for the toxicants listed below have been derived in a manner consistent with the Technical Support Document (TSD) for Water Quality-based Toxics Control (EPA, March 1991), the CPP, and 40 C.F.R. § 122.45(c).

The following items were used in calculations:

Parameter	Value	Source
Discharge Flow = Q	Outfall 001: 0.916 MGD = 1.42 cfs Outfall 002: 0.19 MGD = 0.29 cfs Outfall 003: 6.45 MGD = 10.0 cfs	DMRs March 2021 – February 2023
7Q10 Background Flow	0 cfs	USGS StreamStats
LTA Background Flow	0 cfs	TSD for WQ-based Toxics Control, p. 88
TSS	5.5 mg/l	CPP
Hardness as CaCO ₃	31 mg/l	CPP

The following pollutants were reported above detection levels:

Pollutant	Concentration Reported, µg/l ¹	MQL, μg/l				
	OUTFALL 001					
Arsenic	0.547	0.5				
OUTFALL 002						
Arsenic	2.54	0.5				
Copper	0.995	0.5				
Nickel	2.38	0.5				
	OUTFALL 003					
Arsenic	1.58	0.5				
Copper	1.09	0.5				
Lead	0.599	0.5				
Nickel	1.18	0.5				

¹ Single data point from EPA Form 2C from application..

Instream Waste Concentrations (IWCs) were calculated in the manner described in Appendix D of the CPP and compared to the applicable Water Quality Standards and Criteria. The following tables summarize the results of the analysis. The complete evaluation can be viewed on the Division's website at the following address:

https://www.adeq.state.ar.us/downloads/WebDatabases/PermitsOnline/NPDES/PermitInformation/AR0042846_Toxicity%20Calculations_20230329.pdf

1. Aquatic Toxicity Evaluation

a. Acute Criteria Evaluation

Pollutant	Concentration Reported (C _e) µg/l	$C_e \times 2.13^1$	Instream Waste Concentration (IWC) Acute, µg/l	Criteria ² Acute, µg/l	Reasonable Potential (Yes/No)		
		OUTI	FALL 001	, p. 6			
Arsenic	0.547	1.17	1.17	-	-		
	OUTFALL 002						
Arsenic	2.54	5.41	5.41	-	-		
Copper	0.995	2.12	2.12	14.79	No		
Nickel	2.38	5.07	5.07	1061.45	No		
		OUTI	FALL 003				
Arsenic	1.58	3.37	3.37	1	-		
Copper	1.09	2.32	2.32	14.79	No		
Lead	0.599	1.28	1.28	87.29	No		
Nickel	1.18	2.51	2.51	1061.45	No		

Statistical ratio used to estimate the 95th percentile using a single effluent concentration or the geometric mean of a dataset.

² Criteria are from Rule 2.508 unless otherwise specified.

b. Chronic Criteria Evaluation

Pollutant	Concentration Reported (C _e) µg/l	$C_e \times 2.13^1$	Instream Waste Concentration (IWC) Chronic, µg/l	Criteria ² Chronic, µg/l	Reasonable Potential (Yes/No)		
		OUTI	FALL 001				
Arsenic	0.547	1.17	1.17	-	-		
	OUTFALL 002						
Arsenic	2.54	5.41	5.41	1	-		
Copper	0.995	2.12	2.12	10.93	No		
Nickel	2.38	5.07	5.07	117.88	No		
		OUTI	FALL 003				
Arsenic	1.58	3.37	3.37	1	-		
Copper	1.09	2.32	2.32	10.93	No		
Lead	0.599	1.28	1.28	3.40	No		
Nickel	1.18	2.51	2.51	117.88	No		

Statistical ratio used to estimate the 95th percentile using a single effluent concentration or the geometric mean of a dataset.

² Criteria are from Rule 2.508 unless otherwise specified.

AFIN: 41-00001

2. Human Health (Bioaccumulation) Evaluation

Pollutant	Concentration Reported (C _e) µg/l	$C_e \times 2.13^1$	Instream Waste Concentration (IWC)	Criteria ²	Reasonable Potential (Yes/No)		
OUTFALL 001							
Arsenic	0.547	1.17	1.17	1.4	No		
OUTFALL 002							
Arsenic	2.54	5.41	5.41	1.4	Yes		
Copper	0.995	2.12	2.12	13,000	No		
Nickel	2.38	5.07	5.07	46,000	No		
OUTFALL 003							
Arsenic	1.58	3.37	3.37	1.4	Yes		
Copper	1.09	2.32	2.32	13,000	No		
Lead	0.599	1.28	1.28	50	No		
Nickel	1.18	2.51	2.51	46,000	No		

Statistical ratio used to estimate the 95th percentile using a single effluent concentration or the geometric mean of a dataset.

DEQ has determined from the submitted information that the discharge does not pose the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an exceedance above a listed Water Quality Standard.

As can be seen in the tables above, the calculated IWC for Arsenic is higher than the EPA Water Quality Criterion. A.C.A. § 8-4-216 authorizes the Division to require the submission of any information relevant to meeting the requirements of the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act. A requirement to monitor and report for Arsenic once per quarter for one year has been added to the permit so that, in the event that a WQS for Arsenic is added to Rule 2.508, data will be available to perform a reasonable potential analysis. This is in accordance with the procedure in Appendix D of the CPP (Appendix D, Part IV – Chemical Specific Standards and Criteria, Section E – Protection of Human Health Criteria of the Discharge Permit, Toxic Control Implementation Procedure).

The CPP requires that for all pollutants for which there are no applicable state water standards, IWCs are to be compared with the EPA Human Health Criteria (fish consumption only). If dilution calculations show that the in-stream concentration exceeds these criteria, the permit will require the permittee to monitor and report for the pollutant of concern once per quarter for one year only. A reopener clause has been included in the permit (see Part II.3) to provide permit limits if state water quality standards are developed for the applicable pollutants, and the data shows that there is a reasonable potential for the discharge to violate those water quality standards.

² Unless otherwise specified, criteria are adapted from "National Recommended Water Quality Criteria – Human Health Criteria Table," EPA. The respective WQC from the noted reference are Consumption of Organism Only values. The values from the reference are for a lifetime risk factor of 10⁻⁶. These values have been multiplied by 10 to correspond to human health criteria lifetime risk factor of 10⁻⁵ as stated in Rule 2.508.

12. STORMWATER REQUIREMENTS

The federal regulations at 40 C.F.R. § 122.26(b)(14) require certain industrial sectors to have NPDES permit coverage for stormwater discharges from the facility. Since all of the stormwater associated with industrial activity generated at the facility discharges through the outfalls in this permit, coverage under Industrial General Stormwater Permit ARR000000 is not required.

13. SAMPLE TYPE AND FREQUENCY

Regulations require permits to establish monitoring requirements to yield data representative of the monitored activity [40 C.F.R. § 122.48(b)] and to ensure compliance with permit limitations [40 C.F.R. § 122.44(i)(l)].

Requirements for sample type and sampling frequency, except for the sample type for Arsenic, were based on recommended frequencies for self-monitoring of variable discharges from OWQ guidance memorandum "Recommended Monitoring Frequencies and Sample Types for NPDES Permits," April 14, 2022.

The sample type for Arsenic is based on 40 C.F.R. § 122.44(g)(7)(i) because the retention time of the ponds is greater than 24 hours.

	Previous	s Permit	Final Permit					
Parameter	Frequency of Sample	Sample Type	Frequency of Sample	Sample Type				
OUTFALL 001								
Flow	once/month	calculated	two/week	calculated ¹				
TSS	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				
pН	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				
OUTFALL 002								
Flow	once/month	calculated	two/week	calculated ¹				
TSS	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				
Arsenic	once/quarter	grab	once/quarter ²	grab				
pН	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				
OUTFALL 003								
Flow	once/month	instantaneous	two/week	instantaneous				
BOD ₅	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				
TSS	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				
DO	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				
FCB	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				
Arsenic	once/quarter	grab	once/quarter ²	grab				
pН	once/month	grab	once/month	grab				

¹ Flow is calculated using bucket and stopwatch method.

² For one year from the effective date of the permit. See Part II.5 (Arsenic Condition).

Page 13 of Statement of Basis Permit Number: AR0042846

AFIN: 41-00001

14. PERMIT COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

A Schedule of Compliance has not been included in this permit.

15. MONITORING AND REPORTING

The applicant is at all times required to monitor the discharge on a regular basis and report the results monthly. The monitoring results will be available to the public.

16. SOURCES

The following sources were used to draft the permit:

- A. Application No. AR0042846 received June 9, 2022, with all additional information received by September 18, 2023.
- B. Arkansas Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP).
- C. APC&EC Rule 2.
- D. APC&EC Rule 3.
- E. APC&EC Rule 6, which incorporates by reference certain federal regulations included in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations at Rule 6.104.
- F. 40 C.F.R. Parts 122 and 125.
- G. 40 C.F.R. Part 411.
- H. Discharge permit file AR0042846.
- I. Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs).
- J. "2018 Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report," DEQ.
- K. "2018 List of Impaired Waterbodies (303(d) List)," DEQ, May 2020.
- L. USGS StreamStats web-based program.
- M. Continuing Planning Process (CPP).
- N. "OWQ Guidelines for Decimal Places and Rounding Conventions in NPDES Permits" documented in a June 12, 2020 Interoffice Memorandum.
- O. OWQ Guidance Memorandum "Recommended Monitoring Frequencies NPDES Permits," July 31, 2023.
- P. Technical Support Document for Water Quality-based Toxic Control.
- Q. Inspection Report dated September 22, 2021.
- R. Compliance Review Memo dated October 20, 2022.
- S. Planning Review Memo dated October 28, 2022.
- T. NPDES Permit Rating.
- U. Operator License Class II.
- V. Toxicity Calculations.
- W. Water Quality Model dated February 9, 2023.
- X. EPA letter, dated January 17, 2024.

17. PUBLIC NOTICE

The public notice of the draft permit was published for public comment on February 11, 2024. The last day of the comment period was thirty (30) days after the publication date. No public comments were received on the draft permit.

Page 14 of Statement of Basis Permit Number: AR0042846

AFIN: 41-00001

Copies of the draft permit and public notice were sent via email to the Corps of Engineers, the Regional Director of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the Department of Parks, Heritage, and Tourism, the EPA, and the Arkansas Department of Health.

18. **PERMIT FEE**

In accordance with Rule 9.403(A)(2)(b), the annual fee for the permit is \$11,000.

This facility is billed under Fee Code K.

19. POINT OF CONTACT

For additional information, contact:

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