

Arkansas Pollution Control
and Ecology Commission

Regulation 10



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STATE OF ARKANSAS

The Regulation Governing the
Revolving Loan Fund Program

Adopted by the Arkansas Pollution Control & Ecology Commission on
December 7, 2001

REGULATION NO. 10
ARKANSAS REVOLVING LOAN FUND REGULATIONS

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~~_____~~ **ARKANSAS POLLUTION CONTROL
AND ECOLOGY COMMISSION**

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~~_____~~ **REGULATION NO. 10
ARKANSAS REVOLVING LOAN FUND REGULATIONS**

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~~_____~~ **CHAPTER ONE: GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Section 10.101 Authority:

~~These rules are adopted under the authority of the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Act (Act 472 of the Acts of Arkansas for 1949 as amended; ACA Sec 8-4-101 et seq.) and according to the requirements of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972 as amended by Public Law 100-4, February 4, 1987.~~

Section 10.102 Scope of Rules:

~~These sections, adopted pursuant to the Arkansas Pollution and Air Control Act, shall govern the Arkansas Revolving Loan Fund as authorized by Act 1030 (Section 5) of the 1987 General Assembly of the State of Arkansas.~~

Section 10.103 Definitions:

~~The following words and terms, when used in this regulation, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:~~

~~**Act** - The Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, 33 USC 1251 et seq.~~

~~**Administration Fee** - A fee charged to the borrower at loan closing. The Administration Fee is used to cover the costs of the program for both Arkansas Development Finance Authority and the Department. The amount of the Fee will be what is in effect at the time the Memorandum of Agreement is executed by both parties. The Board will be responsible for setting the Administration Fee.~~

~~**Alternative technology** - Proven processes and techniques that provide for the reclaiming and reuse of water, productively recycles wastewater constituents, otherwise eliminate the discharge of pollutants or recover energy. Specifically, alternative technology includes land application of effluent and sludge, aquifer recharge, aquaculture, direct reuse (nonpotable), horticulture, revegetation of disturbed land, containment ponds, sludge composting and drying before land application, self-sustaining incineration, methane recovery, individual and onsite systems and small diameter pressure, vacuum and gravity sewers carrying partially or fully treated wastewater.~~

~~**Best Practicable Waste Treatment Technologies (BPWTT)** - The cost-effective technology that can treat wastewater, combined sewer overflows and non-excessive infiltration and inflow in~~

publicly owned or individual wastewater facilities. These technologies must meet the applicable provisions of federal and state effluent limitations, groundwater protection or other applicable standards.

Binding commitment - A legal obligation, enforceable under state law, specifying the terms and schedules under which assistance is provided.

Board - The group that sets all of the various rates for the Revolving Loan Fund program. The Board is made of the Department Director, the Chairman of the Pollution Control and Ecology Commission and the Director of Arkansas Development Finance Authority or their designees.

Bond - The bond, note, renewal note, refunding bond, interim certificate, certification of indebtedness, debenture, warrant, commercial paper or other obligation or evidence of indebtedness authorized to be issued by the State of Arkansas.

Bond Purchase Agreement - A legal agreement specifying the terms and schedules under which the Department and Authority will purchase bonds issued by the borrower for financing the cost of construction.

Borrower - A city, town, district, county or public body created and recognized under State law having jurisdiction over transport, treatment and/or disposal of sewage, industrial waste or other waste.

Building - The erection, acquisition, alteration, remodeling, improvement or extension of wastewater facilities.

Capitalization grant - Federal grant assistance awarded to the state for the establishment of the Arkansas Revolving Loan Fund.

Change order - The documents issued by the borrower, upon recommendation of the consulting engineer and with the approval of the Division. The Change Order authorizes a change, alteration or variance in previously approved engineering plans and specifications for construction. This includes, but is not limited to, additions or deletions of work to be performed pursuant to the contract, a change in the completion time of the contract or a change in costs for work done pursuant to the contract.

Clean Water Act - The Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972 (Public Law 92-500) as amended in 1977 (Public Law 95-217), 1981 (Public Law 97-117) and 1987 (Public Law 100-4). The purpose of the Act is to restore and maintain the chemical, physical and biological integrity of the nation's water.

Collector sewer - The common lateral sewers, within a publicly owned treatment system, which are primarily installed to receive wastewater directly from facilities that convey wastewater from individual systems or from private property.

Commission - ~~The Commission on Pollution Control and Ecology.~~

Construction - ~~Any one or more of the following:~~

- ~~—— (1) preliminary planning to decide the feasibility of wastewater facilities~~
- ~~—— (2) engineering, architectural, environmental, legal, title, fiscal or economic studies~~
- ~~—— (3) surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications~~
- ~~—— (4) erection, building, acquisition, alteration, remodeling, improvement or extension of wastewater facilities or the inspection or supervision of any of these items~~

Construction Assistance Division (or its successor) - ~~That division of the Department responsible for administration of the Revolving Loan Fund program under the Supervision of the Director.~~

Consulting engineer - ~~The engineer or engineering firm retained by the borrower to provide professional engineering services during the planning, design and/or construction of a project.~~

Cost-effectiveness analysis - ~~An analysis done to decide which waste treatment management system or component part will result in the minimum total monetary costs (resources) over time. This analysis is done with consideration given to overriding non-monetary costs needed to meet federal, state and local requirements.~~

Default - ~~One of several possible events:~~

- ~~—— (1) An event that, if not corrected immediately or within a stated period, becomes an event of default under a loan agreement.~~
- ~~—— (2) Failure to pay principal, financing fees and interest promptly when due.~~
- ~~—— (3) A breach of certain covenants made in respect to an agreement or debt.~~

Department - ~~The Arkansas Department of Pollution Control and Ecology.~~

Designated management agency, waste treatment management agency - ~~A community/municipality of the state that is designated by the governor and approved by Environmental Protection Agency to receive federal assistance pursuant to Section 208 and Section 303(e) of the Act.~~

Director - ~~The director of the Arkansas Department of Pollution Control and Ecology.~~

Disbursement - ~~Transfer of cash from the Revolving Loan Fund to the borrower.~~

Division - The Construction Assistance Division. The division of the Department responsible for administration of the Revolving Loan Fund program.

Effluent limitation - Any restriction established by the state or the Environmental Protection Agency administrator on quantities, rates and concentrations of chemical, physical, biological and other constituents that are discarded from a point source into waters of the state.

Eligible cost - Those project costs that the Division shall participate in which are reasonable, necessary and allocable to the project and approved in the loan agreement.

Enforceable requirements of the Act - Those conditions and limitations of permits issued pursuant to the Act, Section 402 and Section 404, which, if violated, could result in issuance of a compliance order or initiation of a civil or criminal action under the Act, Section 309. Where a permit has not been issued, but issuance is anticipated, the term means any requirement that will be in the permit when issued. Where no permit is applicable, the term means any requirement that is necessary to meet applicable criteria for best practicable waste treatment technology.

Environmental determination - A finding by the Department regarding the potential environmental impacts of a proposed project. This determination would also describe what mitigative measures, if any, the borrower will be required to do as a condition of financial assistance.

Environmental Information Document - A written analysis prepared by the borrower. The document describes the potential environmental impacts of a proposed project. The document must be sufficient in scope to enable the Division to prepare an environmental assessment to allow an environmental determination to be made by the Department.

Environmental Impact Statement - A disclosure document setting forth impacts on the environment of a proposed course of action. The document will include recommendations to mitigate or minimize any adverse impacts.

Environmental review - The process used to decide whether a proposed project may have significant impacts on the environment and therefore require the preparation of an environmental impact statement. The evaluation is undertaken by the Department, consistent with the National Environmental Policy Act and other federal, state and local laws and requirements.

Environmental Protection Agency Administrator - The chief officer of the Environmental Protection Agency appointed by the President of the United States.

Facilities Planning - Those necessary plans and studies that directly relate to wastewater facilities needed to comply with enforceable requirements of the Act and state statutes. Facilities planning consists of a systematic evaluation of alternatives that are feasible considering the unique demographic, topographic, hydrologic and institutional characteristics of the area. Facilities planning will show the selected alternative is the most cost-effective.

Financing Fee - A fee charged to the borrower used to cover the administrative costs of the program for both Arkansas Development Finance Authority and the Department. The fee will be charged as part of each repayment the borrower makes to Arkansas Development Finance Authority. The amount of the fee will be what is in effect at the time the Memorandum of Agreement is executed by both parties. The Board will be responsible for setting the Financing Fee. The portion of this fee that the Department receives is called the Servicing Fee.

Force account - The provision of labor necessary to design or construct the project by the borrower.

Fund - The Revolving Loan Fund.

Infiltration - Water other than wastewater that enters a sewer system (including sewer service connections and foundation drains) from the ground through such means as defective pipes, pipe joints, connections or manholes. Infiltration does not include, and is distinguished from, inflow.

Inflow - Water other than wastewater that enters a sewer system (including sewer service connections). Inflow can be from sources such as, but not limited to, roof leaders, cellar drains, yard drains, area drains, drains from springs and swampy areas, manhole covers, cross connections between storm sewers and sanitary sewers, catch basins, cooling towers, storm waters, surface runoff, street wash waters or drainage. Inflow does not include, and is distinguished from, infiltration.

Innovative technology - Developed wastewater treatment processes and techniques that have not been fully proven under the circumstances of their contemplated use. Innovative technologies represent a significant advancement over the state of the art in terms of significant reduction in life cycle cost or significant environmental benefits. These benefits come through the reclaiming and reuse of water, otherwise eliminating the discharge of pollutants, using recycling techniques such as land treatment, more efficient use of energy and resources; improved or new methods of waste treatment management for combined municipal and industrial system or the confined disposal of pollutants so that they will not migrate to cause water or other environmental pollution.

Intended Use Plan - A plan identifying the intended uses of the funds available for loans in the Revolving Loan Fund for each fiscal year as described in Section 606(c) of the Act.

Interceptor sewer - A sewer that is designed for one or more of the following purposes:

- (1) — to intercept wastewater from a final point in a collector sewer and convey such wastes directly to a treatment facility or another interceptor
- (2) — to replace an existing wastewater treatment facility and transport the wastes to an adjoining interceptor sewer for conveyance to a treatment plant

~~— (3) — to transport wastewater from one or more municipal collector sewers to another municipality or to a regional facility for treatment~~

~~— (4) — to intercept an existing major discharge of raw or inadequately treated wastewater for transport directly to another interceptor or to a treatment plant~~

Interest Rate - That annual percentage of interest that is in effect at the time the Memorandum of Agreement is executed by both parties. The Board will be responsible for setting the Interest Rate.

Lending Rate - The combination of the Interest Rate and the Financing Fee in effect at the time the Memorandum of Agreement is executed by both parties. The Lending Rate is associated with a specific loan repayment period.

Loan agreement - A contractual arrangement (Bond Purchase Agreement) by and between a borrower and the State acting by and through the Department and Arkansas Development Finance Authority. The loan agreement sets forth the conditions and obligations for loans to the borrower for paying the eligible costs of construction of wastewater facilities.

Loan Closing - The execution of the loan, the date to be decided by the Division.

Non-point source pollution plan - A plan for managing non-point source pollution as described in Section 319 of the Act.

Operation and maintenance - Those functions that result in expenditures during the useful life of the wastewater facilities for materials, labor, utilities and other items. The functions must be necessary for managing and maintaining the sewage works to achieve the capacity and performance for which they were designed and constructed.

Plans and specifications - The engineering description of the proposed construction project including engineering drawings, maps, technical specifications, design reports and construction contract documents in sufficient detail to allow contractors to bid on the work.

Point source - Any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance from which pollutants are or may be discharged. This would include but not be limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, vessel or other floating craft or concentrated animal feeding operation. This term does not include agricultural stormwater discharges and return flows from irrigated agriculture.

Pollution - The discharge, release, escape, deposit or disposition, directly or indirectly, of treated or untreated sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes, of whatever kind or character, in or near any waters of the State. Any discharge in such condition, manner or quantity, which does, will or is likely to contaminate or substantially contribute to the alteration of the physical, chemical or biological properties of any such waters. A discharge will be considered pollution if such contamination or alteration is to such an extent as to make the waters:

- ~~—— (1) — directly or indirectly harmful, detrimental or injurious to the public health, safety and welfare~~
- ~~—— (2) — directly or indirectly detrimental to existing animal, bird, fish, aquatic or plant life~~
- ~~—— (3) — unsuitable for present or future domestic, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational, scenic or other legitimate uses~~
- ~~—— (4) — lower the quality of the waters of the State below the standards established therefore by the United States or any department, agency, board or commission of this State authorized to establish such standards~~

~~**Priority List** - A list of projects that is used to allocate the funds in the Revolving Loan Fund account.~~

~~**Priority System** - A system for ranking all entities eligible for funding under the Arkansas Revolving Loan Fund program.~~

~~**Professional Services** - Any service provided to the borrower concerning the project. These services include consulting engineers, bond counsel, accounting or bookkeeping, legal, financial, testing or any other service the borrower decides is needed.~~

~~**Project** - The scope of work for which a loan is awarded under the Revolving Loan Fund.~~

~~**Project completion** - The date operations of the wastewater facilities are initiated or can be initiated, as decided by the Division.~~

~~**Replacement** - Expenditures for obtaining and installing equipment, accessories or appurtenances. Replacement expenditures are necessary to maintain the capacity and performance of the wastewater facilities during their useful life.~~

~~**Revolving Loan Fund** - The state water pollution control revolving fund, created pursuant to the Federal Water Control Act of 1972 as amended by Public Law 100-4 February 4, 1987.~~

~~**State** - The State of Arkansas or any agency or instrumentality thereof.~~

~~**Subagreement** - A contractual agreement between a borrower and a contractor.~~

~~**Submittal Date Penalty** - The penalty that may be assessed for not meeting the terms of the Memorandum of Agreement. The Submittal Date Penalty is that in effect at the time the Memorandum of Agreement is executed by both parties. The Board will be responsible for setting the Submittal Date Penalty.~~

~~**User Charge** - A charge levied on users of wastewater facilities for the cost of debt service, operation and maintenance, including replacement. Adequate revenues must be generated to~~

~~provide the debt service either through the user charge or another dedicated source. All revenues needed for operation and maintenance, including replacement, must come from revenues collected from user charges.~~

~~**Value engineering** - A specialized cost control technique. Value engineering uses a systematic and creative approach to identify and to focus on unnecessarily high cost in a project. The goal is to arrive at a cost saving without sacrificing the reliability or efficiency of the project.~~

~~**Wastewater** - Any water containing sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes or contaminants derived from the prior use of such water. Wastewater shall also include surface water collected by storm sewers.~~

~~**Wastewater facilities** - Any devices and systems that are used in the storage, treatment, recycling and reclamation of waste. In addition, any facilities that are necessary to recycle or reuse water at the most economical cost over the estimated life of the works. These facilities would include:~~

- ~~—— (1) intercepting sewers, outfall sewers, sewage collection systems, pumping, power and other equipment and their appurtenances;~~
- ~~—— (2) extensions, improvements, remodeling, additions and alterations thereof;~~
- ~~—— (3) elements essential to provide a reliable recycled supply such as standby treatment units and clear well facilities;~~
- ~~—— (4) any works, including site acquisition of the land that will be an integral part of or used with the treatment process (including land used for the storage of treated water in land treatment systems before land application) or is used for ultimate disposal of residues resulting from such treatment;~~
- ~~—— (5) any plant, disposal field, lagoon, canal, incinerator, area devoted to sanitary landfills or other facilities installed for treating, neutralizing or stabilizing waste; or facilities to provide for the collection, control and disposal of waste.~~

~~**Water quality management plan** - A plan prepared and updated annually by the state and approved by the Environmental Protection Agency. The plan determines the nature, extent and causes of water quality problems in various areas of the state. It also identifies cost-effective and locally acceptable facility and non-point measures to meet and maintain water quality standards.~~

Section 10.104 Policy Declarations:

~~(A) General:~~

~~The 1987 amendments to the Act created and provided federal funding for state water pollution control revolving loan programs. These programs are intended to be perpetual funds providing low interest loan assistance for the construction of wastewater facilities. Through capitalization grants from Environmental Protection Agency and 20% State matching funds, the Revolving Loan Fund has been established.~~

~~Project costs eligible for funding under the Revolving Loan Fund are determined based on applicable law and regulations and are made on a project-by-project basis. The Division shall make these determinations based on the requirements of Appendix A of this Regulation.~~

~~(B) Lending rate:~~

~~It is the policy of the Revolving Loan Fund Program to provide loans with a subsidized interest rate to public entities in the State of Arkansas. The intent is to provide loans with a Lending Rate 1% - 2% less than the current open market municipal bond rate for the same loan repayment period as contemplated on the Borrower's loan.~~

~~(C) Project Management~~

~~The Division reserves the right to divide the financing of any construction project into smaller, fundable parts.~~

~~(D) Order of Funding~~

~~Projects will be funded according to the Priority List, the time frames established in the applicable Intended Use Plan and conditions outlined in Regulation 10.~~

~~Commitments by the Division to a project will follow this pattern:~~

- ~~—— (1) The Interest Rate, Finance Fee, Administration Fee and the Submittal Date Penalty will be fixed when the Memorandum of Agreement is executed by both parties. These items will be those fees and rates in effect then.~~
- ~~—— (2) When the Bond Purchase Agreement is executed by all parties, the funds needed for that project will be committed by the Division.~~

~~(E) Application of Other Federal Authorities:~~

~~There are many other Federal laws and Federal authorities that have applied to traditional construction grants projects, but that are not included among the authorities listed in Section 602(b)(6) of the Act.~~

~~These other Federal laws and authorities apply to activities supported with funds "directly made available by" capitalization grants and the State use of such funds in the administration of the program. Appendix B of this regulation contains a list of such Federal laws and authorities.~~

~~(F) Force account:~~

~~It is the policy of the Revolving Loan Fund Program that the majority of projects are constructed through competitive bidding. The Revolving Loan Fund program will allow force account work on a limited basis. This is done to make financially sound, marketable loans to large communities. Normally, these communities must already use the force account method for the type of work proposed. These communities would likely not use the Revolving Loan Fund if competitive bidding were required and would use force account whatever the funding source.~~

~~(1) The following is a list of cities eligible to do Force Account work in the Revolving Loan Fund program:~~

Conway	North Little Rock
Fayetteville	Paragould
Jacksonville	Pine Bluff
Little Rock	Texarkana

~~These cities were allowed to do Force Account work in the Revolving Loan Fund program, because of their size, their current use of force account for construction and their request to the Commission during the public hearing process when this was implemented.~~

~~(2) General Rules for Force Account Construction~~

~~(a) The borrower must prove that it has successfully done past projects of a similar nature and difficulty of the type proposed for force account work. Supervisory and other key personnel must be experienced in the type of work proposed and be full time employees of the borrower.~~

~~(b) The borrower must routinely use the major equipment necessary to do the proposed force account work.~~

~~(c) The force account work must be finished in the time a contractor obtained through competitive bidding would need.~~

~~(d) A work crew must be dedicated to performing the force account work on a minimum 40 hours per week basis. The borrower must prove that sufficient staff and equipment are available to do all ongoing utility operations without interrupting force account work.~~

~~(e) The borrower must prove that it has sufficient accounting and record keeping expertise and staff to keep daily detailed records of the time and material expended on force account work.~~

CHAPTER TWO: PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

Section 10.201 Eligible Activities of the Revolving Loan Fund:

(A) General

The Revolving Loan Fund program is funded in part by a capitalization grant from the Environmental Protection Agency. As required by 40 CFR Part 35, Subpart K, State Revolving Fund Program Implementation Regulations dated March 19, 1990, the Department must designate certain projects as equivalency projects. These projects are subject to the equivalency requirements defined in 40 CFR 35, Subpart K and in the Act. Equivalency projects are defined as those Section 212 (of the Act) wastewater treatment projects constructed wholly or in part before October 1, 1994 with funds made "directly available by" the capitalization grant.

Those projects designated as equivalency projects by the Division must comply with Section 602[b][6] of the Act. Under this Section of the Act, costs such as land for the treatment site (except land application sites), the construction of new collector sewers in existing communities, treatment plant office furnishings and the cost for treating excessive infiltration and inflow into the sewer system will not be eligible for loan funding. For equivalency projects, eligibility determinations shall be according to 40 CFR 35, Subpart I.

All funds within the Revolving Loan Fund must be used solely to provide loans and other forms of assistance that may be authorized by the Act for the construction of publicly owned wastewater facilities. Loans will be made to eligible entities at or below current market interest rates. The borrower is required to establish a dedicated source of revenue for repayment of loans.

Funds within the Revolving Loan Fund will also be used for the reasonable costs of administering the Fund and conducting activities under Title VI of the Act.

(B) Allowable Categories of Work

The following categories of work will be allowable for participation in the Revolving Loan Fund program:

Category	I	Secondary Treatment
Category	II A & B	Advanced Treatment
Category	III A	Infiltration/Inflow Correction
Category	III B	Major Rehabilitation
Category	IV A	New Collectors
Category	IV B	New Interceptors

Funding of new collectors and interceptors will be limited to that necessary to serve residential and commercial facilities in existence at the time of loan closing. Funds will not be provided for service to uninhabited areas.

~~(C) Additional Funds~~

~~In the event additional funds become available through deobligations, transfers, additional allotments, etc., the funds will be obligated through the Priority System and the project rankings and the applicable Intended Use Plan.~~

~~(D) Industrial Wastewater~~

~~Facilities with the primary purpose of transporting or treating industrial wastewater will not be eligible for participation in the Revolving Loan Fund program. The determination of primary purpose will be made by the Division considering such factors as:~~

~~Design Capacity
Population Projections
Industrial Pretreatment Facilities
Availability of Revolving Loan Fund funds
Pretreatment Requirements of the Borrower~~

~~(E) Pretreatment~~

~~Certain cities may be required to develop a pretreatment program. The requirements are administered through the NPDES Permit Program. Project costs related to pretreatment requirements will not be eligible for Revolving Loan Fund program funding.~~

~~Section 10.202 Lending Rate:~~

~~The Lending Rate for the Revolving Loan Fund program will be set by the majority approval of the Board. The Lending Rate is made up of the subsidized Interest Rate and the Financing Fee. Either one of these rates may be revised any time using the procedure in Section 10.205. The Lending Rate will be associated with a specific loan repayment period.~~

~~The Lending Rate may be modified if the borrower fails to meet a submittal date or the certifiable application date listed in the Memorandum of Agreement. The penalty will be stated in the executed Memorandum of Agreement.~~

~~(A) Interest Rate~~

~~The Interest Rate is the interest rate for the loan. It is combined with the Financing fee to create the Lending Rate of the Bond.~~

~~(B) Financing Fee~~

~~The Financing Fee is a method the Division uses to collect funds to administer the Program. The Financing Fee is a rate that will be added to the Interest Rate to create the Lending Rate for the Bond.~~

Section 10.203 Obligation Period:

~~Funds allotted by Title VI shall be available for obligation to the State for one year after the close of the federal fiscal year for which the funds are authorized.~~

Section 10.204 Reserves:

~~According to Section 604(b) the Director shall reserve some of the state's allotment from each federal fiscal year for planning under Section 205(j) and Section 303(c) of the Act. The reserve for nonpoint source pollution planning is applicable only for funds appropriated under Title II of the Act. Set-asides will be created for all mandatory reserves and state management funds as authorized.~~

Section 10.205 Revisions:

~~For the purposes of this Regulation, there will be three types of revisions:~~

(A) Major Revisions

~~According to the Act, the Commission shall hold public hearings to consider adoption and approval of the Priority List, Regulation No. 10 and amendments thereto when required.~~

(B) Revisions to the Interest Rate, Financing Fee, Administration Fee and Submittal Date Penalty

~~Revisions will need the majority approval of the Board. The Division will publish a notice of the change in a paper of statewide circulation. Two weeks will be given for comments on the change. If no substantive comments are received, the change will become effective when the Board votes to approve the changes after the two week comment period. If substantive comments are received, a public hearing date will be set to receive additional comments. Upon completion of the public hearing, the Board will vote on the proposed changes.~~

(C) Minor Revisions

~~Revisions to the Priority List found non-significant and/or minor revisions required for administrative purposes shall be made by approval of the Director without a public hearing.~~

Section 10.206 Audit:

~~The Environmental Protection Agency Administrator will conduct or require the State to have an independently conducted financial and compliance audit of the Revolving Loan Fund. The audit shall be conducted according to the auditing standards of the General Accounting Office (Standards for Audit of Governmental Organizations, Programs and Functions).~~

~~Section 10.207 Capitalization Grant Application:~~

~~The Division shall submit the Intended Use Plan with an application for the federal capitalization grant to Environmental Protection Agency.~~

~~Section 10.208 Project Priority List~~

~~The project Priority List is an ordered listing, prepared according to the Priority System, of projects anticipated to receive loans. All projects eligible for loan assistance must be included on the state's project Priority List. Loan assistance may be provided whatever the rank on the state's project Priority List based on readiness to proceed with construction.~~

~~The Division may revise the project Priority List according to provisions in Section 10.205 as necessary to manage the Fund efficiently. The Division shall submit the Priority List to Environmental Protection Agency for approval.~~

~~If a community not in the Priority List seeks funding or the factors for a community on the Priority List change, the Priority List will be amended to reflect these changes. The result of these changes will not affect communities that have already submitted a pre-application.~~

~~Any amendment to the Priority List made for these reasons will be considered minor and subject to the rules for that type of revision.~~

~~All projects will be ranked, and loans will be awarded from the Priority List. In any joint project, the combined entities must have problems in common, or both entities must be contributing to an existing water quality violation.~~

~~The project cost estimates shown in the Priority List are updated from information provided by the entities listed. These estimates will be adjusted based upon final eligibility determinations and changes in project situations at the time of the loan closing.~~

~~Section 10.209 Intended Use Plan:~~

~~Each fiscal year after congress appropriates and the state receives its allocation of funds for the Revolving Loan Fund, the Division shall prepare an Intended Use Plan that shall be subjected to public notice. The Intended Use Plan will identify those projects on the Priority List in which loan assistance is to be provided from that year's appropriation. Only projects that anticipate the planning and design will be completed within the next 12 months will be included in the Intended Use Plan.~~

~~The Intended Use Plan shall meet the requirements of the Act. The Intended Use Plan will meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements concerning the short and long term goals and objectives of the Fund. The Intended Use Plan will show the criteria and method for the distribution of funds.~~

Section 10.210 Revolving Loan Fund Financing:

The Revolving Loan Fund has been established to help and encourage communities to construct and/or improve wastewater systems required to improve water quality and public health with low interest financial assistance. Communities requesting assistance shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) — The borrower must establish a dedicated source of funds for repayment of the loan and enter legal and binding commitments with the Department and Arkansas Development Finance Authority to secure financing.
- (2) — The borrower must comply with the requirement of this regulation and with the requirements of the Water Quality Act of 1987 (as amended) and all applicable state laws, requirements and rules.
- (3) — Disbursements may be made monthly based upon actual work done and costs incurred, except project performance services that will be disbursed as approved by the Division. Funds will not be disbursed from the Revolving Loan Fund without approval by the Division.
- (4) — The borrower shall provide an Estimated Completion Date for construction to be used to develop the loan repayment schedule. Repayment shall begin on this date no matter the date construction is completed. The loan repayment period shall not exceed the federal law requirements.
- (5) — The repayment schedule will be based on semiannual payments for the life of the loan. The borrower will make monthly payments equal to 1/6th of a semiannual payment. Arkansas Development Finance Authority will deposit these payments in an interest bearing account and the interest will be credited to the borrower on the next repayment. This procedure is used to monitor the borrower's ability to repay the loan before a repayment is due.
- (6) — In case of cost overruns during construction, there will be no increase in the loan amount. Should additional funding be required, the borrower must apply for a second loan.
- (7) — In case of cost underruns, the borrower will only repay the amount actually borrowed. The repayment schedule will be recalculated on the estimated completion date. The payments will be adjusted if there is a material difference between the amount actually borrowed and the amount available to the borrower. A material difference will be determined and mutually agreed upon by the Division, Arkansas Development Finance Authority and the Trustee.

Section 10.211 Procurement.

~~In the Revolving Loan Fund program, each borrower will be expected to obtain the services of a consulting engineer, bond counsel and construction contractor(s). All procurement transactions shall be conducted in a way that provides maximum open and free competition.~~

~~(A) Professional Services~~

- ~~—— (1) Procurement of engineering, bond counsel and other professional services shall be accomplished according to State law before entering into a Memorandum of Agreement with the Division.~~
- ~~—— (2) A public request for qualifications for professional services should be published in professional journals or newspapers of state wide circulation. The announcement must state the deadline and place for submission of qualification statements. Adequate time, not less than 30 days, must be allowed between the date when the public notice is first published and the date when qualifications must be submitted.~~
- ~~—— (3) The borrower will maintain records that include the rationale for the procurement method followed.~~
- ~~—— (4) Documentation will be required to assure affirmative steps will be taken to ensure the use of minority business enterprise firms and women business enterprise firms (MBE/WBE) when possible.~~
- ~~—— (5) The borrower shall submit all proposed and/or executed professional service contracts to the Division for review and approval. Contracts will be of the type and form prescribed by the Division. Cost plus percentage-of-cost and percentage of construction costs are prohibited for construction phase services.~~
- ~~—— (6) The Department requires that the borrower obtain a consulting engineer to assure that the borrower's project will be the best solution to its problem. Therefore, the Department considers it a conflict of interest and will not enter into a Memorandum of Agreement if the consulting engineer also engages in the sales or representation of equipment or processes for wastewater treatment.~~

~~(B) Construction Services~~

- ~~—— (1) Each construction contract shall be advertised for bidders after Division approval. Adequate time, not less than 30 days, must be allowed between the date when public notice is first published and the date by which bids must be submitted. Bidding documents shall be available to prospective bidders from the date the notice is first published.~~

- ~~—— (2) Each contract shall be a fixed price (lump sum, unit price or a combination of the two) contract. The Division can give advance written approval for the borrower to use another acceptable type of contract. The cost-plus-percentage-of-cost contract shall not be used in any event.~~
- ~~—— (3) Awards shall be made only to responsive, responsible contractors possessing the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of the proposed procurement. Contracts shall not be awarded before Division approval.~~
- ~~—— (4) Documentation will be required to assure affirmative steps will be taken to ensure the use of minority business enterprises, women business enterprises (MBE/WBE) and labor surplus area firms when possible.~~
- ~~—— (5) Each contract shall incorporate supplemental specifications as prepared by the Division that includes but is not limited to standard procurement procedures.~~

~~(C) Equipment and Material Procurement~~

~~The borrower may purchase needed equipment and materials directly to avoid the increased costs associated with including such items in a general construction contract. Should the borrower elect to use this method, the following procedures shall apply:~~

- ~~—— (1) Each contract shall only be awarded after formal advertising and concurrence by the Division. Adequate time as required by state law shall be allowed between the date when public notice is first published and the date by which bids must be submitted. Bidding documents shall be available to prospective bidders from the date the notice is first published.~~
- ~~—— (2) Each contract shall be a fixed price (lump sum, unit price or a combination of the two) contract. The Division can give advance written approval for the borrower to use another acceptable type of contract. The cost-plus-percentage-of-cost contract shall not be used in any event.~~
- ~~—— (3) Awards shall be made only to responsive, responsible suppliers possessing the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of the proposed procurement.~~
- ~~—— (4) The borrower shall submit all proposed contracts for equipment or material purchase to the Division for review, approval and authorization to advertise for bids.~~

~~(D) Small Purchases~~

~~A small purchase is the procurement of materials, supplies and services when the aggregate amount involved in any one transaction does not exceed the minimum amount specified by State law for competitive bidding by first class cities (e.g., ACA § 14-58-303(b)), irrespective of the type of borrower. The small purchase limitation applies to the aggregate total of an order,~~

~~including all estimated handling and freight charges, overhead and profit to be paid under the order. In arriving at the aggregate amount involved in any one transaction, all items that should properly be grouped together must be included. Reasonable competition shall be obtained by soliciting at least two quotes for each order.~~

~~Contracts for small purchases need not be a bilaterally executed written agreement. Where appropriate, unilateral purchase orders, sales slips, memoranda or oral price quotations and the like may be used to minimize paperwork. Retention in the purchase files of these documents, written quotations received, references to catalogs or printed price lists used will suffice as the record supporting the price paid.~~

~~(E) Non-competitive procurement~~

~~This method may be used only with written approval of the Division. To use this method one of the following must apply:~~

- ~~—— (1) The item is available only from one source.~~
- ~~—— (2) The need for the item precludes a delay.~~
- ~~—— (3) After appropriate solicitation, competition is found inadequate.~~

~~CHAPTER THREE: APPLICATION FOR ASSISTANCE~~

~~Section 10.301 Preplanning Conference:~~

~~Potential applicants shall confer with the Division staff as early in the planning process as practical. During the conference the staff will provide information, advice, instruction and guidance on the scope of work and level of effort needed to ensure that the applicant expeditiously complies with Revolving Loan Program requirements:~~

~~Section 10.302 Pre-application Documents:~~

~~Before entering into a Memorandum of Agreement as described in Section 10.303, the applicant must submit the following documents:~~

- ~~—— (1) A resolution from the governing body naming the applicant's Signatory Authority(s) for the project. The Signatory Authority(s) must have the legal authority to contractually bind the borrower. The Signatory Authority(s) will be signing such documents as the Loan Application, Bond Purchase Agreement, payment requests and many other program documents.~~
- ~~—— (2) Because some of the funds used in the Revolving Loan Fund program are from Tax-Free Municipal Bonds, the borrower will be required to pass a resolution called a Resolution of Intent. This resolution is required by the IRS. The Revolving Loan Fund program can only reimburse the borrower for costs incurred after this resolution is passed. A copy of this resolution will have to be submitted to the Division.~~
- ~~—— (3) The borrower will certify that all professional services used on this project have been properly procured. Examples of the types of services that would have to be procured are a consulting engineer and a bond counsel.~~
- ~~—— (4) The borrower will provide a copy of the contract for consulting engineering services for planning and design.~~
- ~~—— (5) The borrower will provide a copy of the letter from the Water/Wastewater Advisory Committee (WWAC) that recommends funding from the Revolving Loan Fund program. Details about the WWAC process can be obtained from the Division.~~

~~Section 10.303 Memorandum of Agreement:~~

~~The Division will regulate the number and timing of projects receiving assistance in a given fiscal year through the execution of a Memorandum of Agreement. This will be done to maintain administrative control of the project workload and to assure the integrity of the Revolving Loan~~

~~Fund program. The Memorandum of Agreement will be negotiated between the applicant and the Division and will contain submittal dates for various application documents. Submittal dates will include, but not be limited to the submittal date for the facilities plan and environmental information document, construction plans and specifications, the loan application and the user charge and sewer use ordinances.~~

~~Priority for staff review of application documents will be assigned according to Memorandum of Agreement submittal dates for all projects. Provisions will be included in the Memorandum of Agreement for a revision of interim submittal dates when circumstances warrant such a revision, subject to Division approval. However, such extensions will result in a lower review priority for the project and may result in the loss of funding for a given fiscal year.~~

~~The Interest Rate, Finance Fee, Administration Fee and the Submittal Date Penalty will be fixed when the Memorandum of Agreement is executed by both parties. These items will be those fees and rates in effect at that time.~~

~~Failure of the applicant to submit documents on the dates specified in the Memorandum of Agreement, the submittal of substantially incomplete or inadequate documents or not having a certifiable application on the date specified may result in the imposition of the Submittal Date Penalty. The Division will then revise the submittal schedule as needed. The Submittal Date Penalty will be stated in the executed Memorandum of Agreement.~~

~~All engineering subagreements for facilities planning and design that are executed by parties to a Memorandum of Agreement with the Division shall contain a clause addressing the nonperformance or negligence of the consulting engineering firm. This clause shall incorporate the scheduled submittal dates from the Memorandum of Agreement and provide protection to the city for failure of performance by the consulting engineering firm. Subagreements shall be submitted to the Division for review and approval of this clause as a condition for the Division executing the Memorandum of Agreement.~~

Section 10.304 Facilities Plan:

~~The project facilities plan shall contain at a minimum the information described below. The applicant shall submit two copies of the facilities plan including environmental information for review:~~

~~The Division will approve the facilities plan after confirming that the appropriate requirements have been met. Part of the confirmation is showing that an environmental determination has been made according to Section 10.305 (relating to the Environmental Review). The applicant has to agree to incorporate all mitigating measures as directed by the Division:~~

- ~~—— (1) Identification of the planning area boundaries and characteristics, the existing problems and needs related to wastewater management and the projected needs and problems for the next 20 years.~~

- ~~—— (2) Demonstration that each existing sewer collection system is not or will not be subject to excessive infiltration/inflow, including a Sewer System Evaluation Survey if required. Memorandum of Agreement time extensions can be obtained if extra time is needed for the Sewer System Evaluation Survey.~~
- ~~—— (3) Systematic identification, screening, study, evaluation and cost-effectiveness analysis of Best Practical Wastewater Treatment Technologies.~~
- ~~—— (4) Adequate evaluation of the environmental impacts of alternatives according to Section 10.305 (relating to Environmental Review and Determination) to support the cost-effectiveness analysis.~~
- ~~—— (5) Description of the proposed project in terms of quantities in each category of need, capital costs and operation and maintenance costs.~~
- ~~—— (6) If collection lines are included, establishment of whether they are for correction of I/I problems of the wastewater facilities servicing the community, or they are for a new collection system in an existing community with sufficient existing or planned wastewater treatment capacity.~~
- ~~—— (7) Documentation on the project's consistency with the approved elements of any applicable water quality management plan approved under Section 208 or Section 303(e) of the Act.~~
- ~~—— (8) A capital financing plan for the proposed project including a projection of future needs for construction and reconstruction and an explanation of how and when the financing will be obtained. Other funding sources will be identified if applicable.~~
- ~~—— (9) An analysis of the impact the proposed project will have on user charges for operation, maintenance, replacement and debt service costs.~~
- ~~—— (10) A schedule for implementation of the project including dates for the certification of the application for assistance, the start and completion of construction and the certification of project performance.~~
- ~~—— (11) Information on the environment of the planning area and the direct and indirect environmental impacts the proposed project will have.~~
- ~~—— (12) Evidence of adequate public participation in the development of the facilities plan and environmental information concerning the proposed project including the solicitation of comments from appropriate State and Federal agencies.~~
- ~~—— (13) Other information deemed necessary by the Division based on the scope, complexity or special aspects of the proposed project.~~

Section 10.305 Required Environmental Review and Determination:

As required by the provisions of Section 602 (b)(6) of the Act, the Department will conduct an environmental review of the project proposed for funding from the Revolving Loan Fund program. This review will be consistent with the National Environmental Policy Act and the Environmental Review Process for Arkansas Revolving Loan Fund Projects.

As early as practical the applicant shall obtain a determination from the Division as to the required scope of the environmental review and the information that must be furnished for a particular project.

Section 10.306 Planning and Design Costs

Temporary loans to provide applicants funding for planning and design costs may be provided if funds are available. The Division reserves the right to refuse issuance of a planning and design loan based on the applicant's financial capability and the availability of funds.

These loans, if available, are secured by a revenue bond with repayment within five years of issuance should the applicant not continue in the Revolving Loan Fund program. Should the applicant continue through construction in the Revolving Loan Fund program, this loan will be paid off by the construction loan at loan closing. A financing fee will be charged according to Section 10.503 and the applicant must show adequate financial capability to repay the planning and design loan.

Section 10.307 Application Process:

An application shall be filed with the Division that contains the following information:

(A) General Information

General information such as the names, titles, addresses and phone numbers for the signatory authority of each participating political subdivision, the engineering consultant or consultants, the legal counsel/city attorney, the applicant's bond counsel, the applicant's independent auditor and the wastewater superintendent and his license class shall be provided on each application.

(B) Current Financial Information

- (1) Audit reports for the municipality and the sewer system for the last four (4) fiscal years. Should audits not be available for each year, unaudited financial statements are required.
- (2) Copies of all outstanding bond ordinances including amortization schedules and notes payable that pledge sewer system revenues for repayment.

- ~~—— (3) Information on the current sewer customer base, customer income, average customer charges for sewer service and the current sewer rate ordinance.~~
- ~~—— (4) The previous, current and projected annual operating budget for the municipality and for the sewer system.~~
- ~~—— (5) A sewer system delinquent accounts analysis.~~
- ~~—— (6) The amount of the two preceding years, the current year and the projected year's general revenue turnback funds.~~
- ~~—— (7) Other information deemed necessary by the Division to establish the current financial condition of the applicant.~~

~~(C) Projected Financial Information~~

- ~~—— (1) A line item budget estimate for the proposed project that includes the construction cost for all major facilities, land and easement costs, fees for engineering and legal costs, administration and loan issuance costs, interest during construction and a contingency amount.~~
- ~~—— (2) The proposed project funding breakdown including the proposed Revolving Loan Fund amount, the applicant contribution and the source of any additional funding required to construct the project.~~
- ~~—— (3) The projected sewer customer base and a projected budget showing revenues and expenses for operating the sewer system following project completion.~~
- ~~—— (4) A proposed project schedule.~~
- ~~—— (5) Forms and statements concerning compliance with applicable State and Federal requirements.~~
- ~~—— (6) Other information deemed necessary by the Division to establish the projected financial condition of the applicant following project completion.~~

~~Section 10.308 User Charge Ordinance~~

~~(A) Using Sewer Rates~~

~~Before enactment, the applicant shall submit a proposed user charge ordinance and rate structure documentation establishing the rates that will be charged for each class of sewer customers. Upon approval of the ordinance, the applicant shall enact the ordinance according to state law. User Charge ordinances must meet the following minimum requirements:~~

- ~~—— (1) Each user within a class must pay its proportionate share of operation, maintenance and replacement (OM&R) costs.~~
- ~~—— (2) Each user within a class must pay its proportionate contribution to wastewater loading.~~
- ~~—— (3) An adequate system must be in place to charge above average strength waste dischargers.~~
- ~~—— (4) The ordinance must explain the basis for billing, specify the penalty for non-payment and describe the procedures for appealing a bill.~~
- ~~—— (5) The applicant must perform an annual review of the finances of the sewer department. If the annual review shows that the rate structure has to be modified, the borrower will submit a copy of the proposed rate structure for the Division's approval before enactment of the Ordinance.~~
- ~~—— (6) All these requirements must be met until the loan is completely repaid.~~

~~(B) Using Ad Valorem Tax~~

~~If the applicant is proposing to levy ad valorem taxes to pay debt service, the following information must be furnished:~~

- ~~—— (1) The estimated or actual assessed valuation of taxable property and the ratio of assessed valuation to actual market value in the specified year.~~
- ~~—— (2) The proposed and maximum tax rate permitted by law per \$100 of assessed valuation.~~
- ~~—— (3) The estimated dollar amount of taxes to be collected for Revolving Loan Fund debt service.~~
- ~~—— (4) If the applicant has bonds outstanding which are payable wholly or in part from ad valorem taxes, a copy of each bond issue with amortization schedule shall be furnished. The current rate of ad valorem taxes levied for all purposes must be provided and the actual amount of dollars of collected.~~

Section 10.309 Intergovernmental Agreements:

~~The applicant shall submit a copy of any actual or proposed intergovernmental contract under which the applicant either will use another system for treatment or will receive wastewater for treatment. Before loan closing, each intergovernmental agreement must be approved by the Division.~~

Section 10.310 Review of Applications:

The Division shall review the application for funds and present it to the Director for certification only after the following requirements have been satisfied:

- ~~—— (1) The applicant has satisfactorily completed the application according to the requirements of Section 10.307.~~
- ~~—— (2) The project is consistent with and included in the Priority System and List according to Section 10.208 and the categories of proposed work are eligible.~~
- ~~—— (3) The applicant is a designated waste treatment management agency under Section 208 and Section 303 of the Act. The project has been found consistent with the area wide water quality management plan of the state.~~
- ~~—— (4) The applicant has satisfactorily completed a facility plan according to the requirements of Section 10.303. The project has an environmental review and determination has been made according to Section 10.305.~~
- ~~—— (5) The applicant has enacted an acceptable user charge ordinance according to Section 10.308.~~
- ~~—— (6) The applicant has provided acceptable intergovernmental agreements as required by Section 10.309.~~
- ~~—— (7) The applicant has satisfactorily completed plans and specifications according to Section 10.403.~~
- ~~—— (8) Acceptable, executed engineering service agreements for construction and post construction phase services have been provided. An acceptable project performance phase work plan (if required) has been submitted.~~
- ~~—— (9) The applicant has enacted an acceptable sewer use ordinance.~~
- ~~—— (10) The applicant has satisfactorily shown it has the necessary legal, financial and managerial capability to complete the project and to repay the loan.~~
- ~~—— (11) The applicant has provided a certification that it has the necessary legal powers and authority to get all land, easements and right-of-way necessary to construct the project.~~

Section 10.311 Bond Ordinance:

~~The borrower shall direct its bond counsel to prepare a bond ordinance according to the term sheet provided by the Division. The bond counsel shall assure that the ordinance is enacted according to State law and program requirements.~~

~~Sewer Improvement Districts (SID) shall be required to document the legal formation of the district and the enactment of an acceptable tax levying ordinance besides preparing the bond ordinance.~~

~~In bonds supported by a sales tax, the borrower will be required to furnish a certified copy of the sales tax ordinance and the election results besides preparing the bond ordinance. The Division shall approve all sales tax election ordinances. This approval must be before scheduling a sales tax election. This is done to assure all program requirements are met.~~

Section 10.312 Bond Purchase Agreement:

~~Upon enactment of the bond ordinance, the applicant will enter into a Bond Purchase Agreement with the Division. The Bond Purchase Agreement shall be prepared by the borrower's bond counsel according to the term sheet provided by the Division. It shall set forth the terms and conditions that the borrower must meet to obtain funding.~~

~~Funds will not be committed until the Bond Purchase Agreement is executed. If the applicant has not had a loan closing within six months of executing the Bond Purchase Agreement, the Division may terminate the assistance according to the provisions of the Bond Purchase Agreement. The Division will reallocate the funds committed to the project to other projects. The applicant will be allowed to reapply for Revolving Loan Fund funds, but will be subject to the rules in effect at the time of re-application.~~

Section 10.313 Loan Closing:

~~Upon enactment of the bond ordinance and execution of the Bond Purchase Agreement, the borrower's bond counsel shall arrange a loan closing according to Division requirements. Before loan closing, the borrower shall submit for approval an initial disbursement request to the Division for payment at loan closing.~~

~~Normally, the loan is not closed until the Division has certified the application as complete according to the requirements of Section 10.3 et seq. When it is in the best overall interest of the Revolving Loan Fund program, the Division may execute a Bond Purchase Agreement and close the loan before completion of the application process. Under these circumstances, construction phase funds will not be disbursed until the application has been certified according to the requirements of Section 10.3 et seq.~~

The applicant agrees that the Department is not a partner, joint venturer or in any other way a party to the project or the operation of the wastewater system of the applicant. The Department shall not in any way be liable or responsible for the payment of any claims or cost overruns concerning the project.

The applicant shall provide an estimated disbursement schedule and modify it as necessary throughout the construction period.

Section 10.314 Audit:

The borrower's annual audits must comply with the provisions of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." This is only for those fiscal years in which the Federal financial assistance received from the Revolving Loan Fund program is equal to or greater than \$300,000. Revolving Loan Fund participants or their independent auditors should contact the Financial Analyst in the Division for the information regarding the Federal financial assistance received.

The borrower must establish and maintain separate sewer system accounts for the term of the loan agreement. This must be done according to the generally accepted accounting principles as determined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Federal regulations governing the State Revolving Loan Fund program require this as specified in 40 CFR 35. The GASB specifies that all Enterprise Funds must use accrual accounting; therefore, governmental fund accounting is not an acceptable type of accounting for the accounting records of a sewer system.

Following project completion, the final loan disbursement and the completion of OMB Circular A-133 audit requirements, the borrower shall have independent annual audits done on the sewer system. These audits must be according to generally accepted accounting principles as determined by GASB for the term of the loan agreement.

All annual audits should be submitted to the Financial Analyst of the Division within 120 days of the end of the borrower's fiscal year.

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CHAPTER FOUR: ENGINEERING DESIGN

Section 10.401 Value Engineering:

~~Borrowers will be required by the Division to perform value engineering if the estimated cost of building the wastewater facilities is \$9 million or more. The borrower shall use current Environmental Protection Agency guidance on the scope and performance of the value engineering analysis and the associated value engineering reports shall be submitted to the Division for review and approval.~~

Section 10.402 Plans and Specifications:

~~The borrower shall prepare plans and specifications for constructing the proposed project and a final engineering design report on all significant elements of the project. These documents shall conform to Recommended Standards for Sewage Works (10 State Standards, latest edition as amended by Commission minute orders). The plans and specifications shall incorporate the accepted recommendations of any value engineering done according to Section 10.401 (relating to Value Engineering). Two copies of the documents shall be submitted to the Division.~~

(A) Initial Submittal of Plans and Specifications

~~Two copies of the initial plans and specifications shall be submitted to the Division. The initial submittal shall be complete enough so that a contractor could develop an estimate of the project cost and will contain at least the following:~~

~~—— (1) Plans~~

~~—— (a) Cover Sheet identifying project, Division's project number, owner and other pertinent information~~

~~—— (b) Vicinity Map and Site Plan~~

~~—— (c) Sheets showing items of construction, including detailed drawings, plan/profile drawings, etc.~~

~~—— (d) Miscellaneous standard detail drawings~~

~~—— (2) Specifications~~

~~—— (a) Title Page and table of contents identifying project, Division's project number, owner and other pertinent information.~~

- ~~_____ (b) The advertisement for bids and the information for bidders sections.~~
- ~~_____ (c) Bid Proposal listing items of construction, method of bidding, contract time, bid bond requirements, etc.~~
- ~~_____ (d) Contract Documents including the agreement and separate payment and performance bonds. Each bond must be for 100% of the contract amount.~~
- ~~_____ (e) General Conditions and Revolving Loan Fund Supplemental Conditions.~~
- ~~_____ (f) Detailed Specifications including construction methods, equipment specifications, method of measurement, payment, etc.~~

~~(B) Final Plans and Specifications~~

~~Besides the requirements for the initial submittal of plans and specifications, final plans and specifications shall contain the following:~~

- ~~_____ (1) Provisions assuring compliance with the Department rules and policies and all relevant statutes including a contractor's act of assurance form warranting compliance by the contractor with applicable rules, policies and statutes.~~
- ~~_____ (2) Provisions requiring the successful contractor and subcontractors to pay all laborers and mechanics employed on the project not less than the prevailing wage rates. The wage rates are determined by the United States Secretary of Labor, according to the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. Section 276a - 276a-7) or according to State prevailing wage requirements as applicable.~~
- ~~_____ (3) Provisions providing for the borrower to retain a percentage of the progress payments otherwise due to the contractor until the building of the project is substantially complete and for a reduction in the retainage according to Section 10.607 (relating to Retainage)~~
- ~~_____ (4) Provisions requiring the contractor to obtain and maintain the appropriate insurance coverage~~
- ~~_____ (5) Provisions giving authorized representatives of the Department access to all such construction activities, books, records, documents and other evidence of the contractor for inspection, audit and copying during normal business hours~~
- ~~_____ (6) Provisions for equal opportunity employment and utilization of MBE/WBE firms~~
- ~~_____ (7) Language that shall release and hold harmless the Department, its officers, members and employees from claims arising concerning the design, construction and operation of the project. This includes any matter due solely to the contractor's or borrower's negligence.~~

- ~~—— (8) — Those conditions, specifications and other provisions provided by or requested by the Department~~

Section 10.403 Approval of Plans and Specifications:

~~The Division approval of the plans and specifications does not relieve the borrower of any liabilities or responsibilities with respect to the design, construction, operation or performance of the project. The Division will approve the plans and specifications provided the documents:~~

- ~~—— (1) — Conform to the requirements of Sections 10.401 and 10.402~~
- ~~—— (2) — Are consistent with all relevant statutes and program requirements~~
- ~~—— (3) — Pass a biddability, operability and constructability review by the Division~~
- ~~—— (4) — Are consistent with the facilities planning documents and environmental determinations required by Section 10.305~~
- ~~—— (5) — Have been approved by each state and federal agency having jurisdiction over the project.~~

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CHAPTER FIVE: RELEASE OF FUNDS

Section 10.501 Disbursement Requests:

(A) General

The borrower may request the disbursement of loan funds by providing necessary documents as appropriate and consistent with this regulation. Disbursements will only be made for costs incurred pursuant to work done on the project as described in the Facilities Plan and Plans & Specifications approved by the Division. Disbursements shall be for engineering and other professional services, bond issuance costs, interest and financing fees during construction, costs to administer the project by the borrower, equipment costs, construction costs including material stored on site less retainage and other project specific costs. These costs are subject to an eligibility determination of the Division according to Appendix A.

(B) Procedure

Provided the borrower meets the provisions of the Bond Purchase Agreement, Bond Ordinance and this regulation, disbursements will be made to the borrower under the following conditions:

- (1) The Disbursement request will be of the form and type required by the Division and will be supplemented with copies of invoices for each cost incurred. The borrower shall maintain complete documentation of all project costs for audit purposes. The borrower shall be responsible for maintaining financial control of the project by carefully reviewing all disbursement requests and supplemental documentation before submitting the disbursement request to the Division. The borrower will certify each disbursement request before submittal.
- (2) The consulting engineer shall submit the construction contractor's certified progress estimates for each construction contract with the disbursement request. The estimate shall include a certification by the contractor that it has complied with all labor standards. Retainage will be according to state law (Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated 22-9-604).
- (3) Disbursements will not be processed more often than monthly and must be received by the date established by the Division. No disbursements will be made after the Estimated Completion Date specified in the bond purchase agreement unless specifically waived in writing by the Division.
- (4) Payment for engineering and other professional services during construction shall be based on costs incurred to date up to 95% of the approved contract amount after which no further amounts will be disbursed until the construction is certified complete by the Division and the final construction disbursement request has been presented to the Division. Disbursements for engineering project performance fees will be made as approved by the Division.

- ~~—— (5) Disbursements will not be made for work done by the borrower's employees unless prior approval is provided by the Division subject to the requirements of Section 10.104, Force Account.~~
- ~~—— (6) The borrower shall promptly remit each disbursement to the firm or individual to whom payment is due.~~
- ~~—— (7) Periodically during construction, Arkansas Development Finance Authority may disburse funds from the borrower's loan account to pay the interest and financing fee accrued on the outstanding balance of the loan.~~

~~Section 10.502 Arkansas Development Finance Authority Administrative Fee:~~

~~Arkansas Development Finance Authority shall be reimbursed for program administration costs by fees collected from each borrower. The fees will be assessed according to the Interagency Agreement between the Department and Arkansas Development Finance Authority.~~

~~Section 10.503 The Department's Administrative Fee:~~

~~Each borrower that has gone through loan closing shall be charged an administrative fee that will be used to defray the costs of the Division in administering the program. The fee may be collected in three ways:~~

- ~~—— (1) The division will charge an Administration Fee based on a percentage of the principal the borrower borrows. The percentage will be the fee that is in effect at the time the Memorandum of Agreement is executed. The Board will be responsible of setting the Administration Fee.~~
- ~~—— (2) The division and Arkansas Development Finance Authority will both charge a Financing Fee as part of the borrower's repayments to defray administrative costs. The amount withheld will be the fee that is in effect at the time the Memorandum of Agreement is executed. The Board will be responsible for setting the Financing Fee.~~
- ~~—— (3) Any borrower that withdraws from the Revolving Loan Fund program may be charged a \$5,000 fee used to cover costs incurred by the Division for work done on the project. Payment will be due immediately upon being invoiced by the Division.~~

~~Section 10.504 Fidelity Bond Requirements:~~

~~The borrower shall furnish to the Division evidence that the treasurer of the borrower has a fidelity bond. The amount of the bond must be at least equal to the amount of funds in his possession at any time with a minimum amount of \$25,000.~~

CHAPTER SIX: BUILDING PHASE

Section 10.601 Awarding Construction Contracts:

~~The borrower shall obtain authorization from the Division before advertising for bids on the project. All addenda to correct errors, to clarify information in the bidding documents or to incorporate the current wage rate determination shall be approved by the Division. The text of the construction contract shall not vary from the text of the contract documents approved by the Division.~~

~~The borrower shall be responsible for assuring that every appropriate procedure and incidental legal requirement is observed in advertising for bids and awarding construction contracts. The borrower shall comply with the procurement requirements of Section 10.211.~~

Section 10.602 Timely Construction Progress:

~~The borrower shall agree to initiate and complete the construction of the project quickly. The borrower shall request a construction schedule from the contractor. The borrower will monitor the contractor's performance regarding the schedule. The borrower will act to assure construction is completed quickly. Failure to initiate and complete a project by the date specified in the bond purchase agreement may result in the stoppage of loan disbursements.~~

Section 10.603 Inspection During Construction:

(A) Resident Inspection

~~The borrower shall provide for full time inspection of the project by the consulting engineer or the borrowers engineering staff. This will be done to assure the work is being performed according to the approved plans and specifications, approved change orders and according to sound engineering principles and building practices.~~

(B) Division Inspection

~~The Division is authorized to conduct engineering and financial inspections of each project financed in whole or in part with Revolving Loan Fund funds. During normal business hours, construction and financial records of the project shall be made available to Division representatives to assure that all program and contractual requirements are met. The contractor and borrower shall furnish the Division representatives with every reasonable facility for finding out whether the work as performed is according to the requirements and intent of the contract.~~

~~The Division shall notify the borrower and the consulting engineer of any observed deficiencies in the completed construction, procedures or materials used in construction, resident inspection,~~

engineering supervision, financial management or any violation of loan program requirements. The Division will require the borrower to take such action as may be necessary to correct any such observed deficiency.

(C) — Engineering Inspection

An engineering inspection of the project will be periodically conducted by Division representatives. The inspections will be done to assure that the project is being managed properly, is on schedule and is being constructed according to approved plans, specifications and change orders. Division representatives will also decide if the engineering consultant's estimate of work complete agrees with actual observed construction. The staff will decide if materials and equipment delivered to the site are properly stored and meet contract requirements. The staff will also decide if other program requirements are being met.

Besides normal testing procedures required of the borrower, the Division may require additional tests of building materials or processes. These tests would only become necessary as the result of some problem during the building of the project. All tests will conform to current published American Society of Testing Standards.

Such inspection will not release the contractor from any obligation to do the work according to the requirements of the contract documents. The consulting engineer would also still be responsible for determining compliance with the requirements of the contract documents.

(D) — Financial Inspection

A financial inspection of the project will be periodically conducted by Division representatives. This inspection will include but not be limited to a review of all project files, all documents that substantiate project expenses, project accounting records and records on the revenues and expenses of the sewer system. Inspections shall be of sufficient scope and detail to determine conformance with terms and provisions of the bond purchase agreement and the requirements of this regulation.

Section 10.604 Alterations in Approved Plans and Specifications:

Should it become apparent after contract award that changes in the approved plans and/or specifications are necessary or appropriate, a change order including written justification shall be submitted to the Division for approval. A request for change order review must contain sufficient information to enable the Division to review the proposal for reasonableness. This would include a description of the change, drawings, the contractor's proposal and the engineer's cost estimate.

Costs for changes to the approved plans and specifications will not be eligible for loan disbursement unless written approval is provided by the Division. Should there be an immediate danger to life or property or other extenuating circumstances, tentative approval of change orders may be secured from the Division via telephone and confirmed by letter.

Despite the eligibility of a change under Appendix A of this regulation, the amount of the loan cannot be increased. If necessary, the borrower must apply for a second loan to cover cost overruns beyond the initial loan amount.

Section 10.605 Contractor Insolvency:

In the event of contractor insolvency, any agreements that the borrower may enter into with the bonding company must be submitted for Division approval.

Section 10.606 Operation and Maintenance Manual and Record Drawings

The borrower shall prepare an operation and maintenance manual for Division approval for all projects involving the construction or modification of wastewater treatment facilities. For projects involving only collection system work, operation and maintenance manuals shall be prepared and submitted for approval as required by the Division.

One complete set of record drawings shall be furnished by the consulting engineer to the borrower at the completion of construction. One copy of the record drawings shall also be furnished to the Division, if requested.

Section 10.607 Construction Completion and Final Inspection:

The borrower shall provide the Division with notification that the project is complete and make a written request to the Division for final inspection. The Division will conduct a final on-site inspection of the project and may perform a review of any financial assistance records.

The Division will not approve the final project inspection until the borrower has obtained Division approval of the final operation and maintenance manual and until record drawings have been furnished to the borrower and the Division as provided in Section 10.606.

The project will not be considered physically complete until the work as defined in the Facilities Plan and the Plans & Specifications approved by the Division has been fully done and accepted by the borrower and Division. Following an acceptable final inspection by the Division, the Division will provide written acceptance to the borrower and the final construction disbursement shall be requested. Final acceptance of the project by the borrower will not be made without Division approval.

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CHAPTER SEVEN: POST BUILDING PHASE

Section 10.701 Responsibilities of Borrower:

After the satisfactory completion of the project, the borrower shall be held accountable by the Department for the continued validity of all representations and assurances made to the Division. Continuing cooperation with the Division is required. To help such cooperation and to enable the Division to protect the state's investment and the public interest, the following provisions shall be observed:

- (1) The Division is authorized to inspect the project and all project records any time during normal business hours. If it is found that the project is being improperly or inadequately operated and maintained, the Division shall require the borrower to take corrective action. Improperly or inadequately operated and maintained means to the extent that the project purposes are not being fulfilled or that integrity of the state's investment is being endangered.
- (2) The Division may request certified copies of all minutes, operating budgets, monthly operating statements, contracts, leases, deeds, audit reports and other documents concerning the operation and maintenance of the project besides the requirements of the bond purchase agreement. The financial assistance provided by the Revolving Loan Fund is based on the project's economic feasibility. The Department shares the borrower's desire to maintain this feasibility in the project's operation and maintenance. The Division may periodically inspect, analyze and monitor the project's revenues, operation and any other information the Division requires to perform its duties and to protect the public interest.
- (3) The borrower agrees to maintain adequate financial records for the project. The borrower will perform annual audits of the sewer system according to generally accepted accounting principles as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and 40 CFR 35. The borrower will make these records available to the Department, the Environmental Protection Agency Inspector General or its authorized representative.
- (4) The borrower if required to carry out mitigative measures because of the environmental review process shall continue to comply with those measures.
- (5) The borrower agrees to review and amend its user charge ordinance annually. This is done to ensure that sufficient revenues are being generated for operation, maintenance, replacement and debt service. The borrower will submit a copy of any enacted ordinance amending user charges to the Division.
- (6) The borrower agrees to enforce the approved Sewer Use Ordinance for the life of the project to insure the continued integrity of the sewer system.

- ~~— (7) The borrower shall provide and maintain a qualified operator of the appropriate license class for the project. The appropriate class will be decided by the Department's Training and Technical Assistance Coordinator according to the Department's Regulation 3.~~

Section 10.702 Project Performance Certification:

~~The borrower shall retain the engineering firm responsible for providing engineering services during construction as the prime engineer to provide the services required by the project performance work plan during the first year following initiation of operation.~~

~~Within 10 days of the date one year after the initiation of operation of the project, the borrower shall certify to the Division whether the project meets the project performance standards. Project performance standards are defined as the performance and operational requirements of the project. This includes the attainment of permit requirements, performance requirements of the specifications, the quantity of excessive infiltration and inflow proposed to be eliminated and other requirements the project was designed to meet.~~

~~Should the borrower be unable to certify that the project meets project performance standards, the borrower shall immediately prepare a corrective action plan report for Division approval that includes a description of the problem and proposed corrective actions. The borrower shall undertake corrective actions to assure that project performance can be affirmatively certified quickly. The borrower shall submit an affirmative certification by the date specified in the corrective action plan.~~

Section 10.703 Repayment Schedule:

~~Repayment to the Revolving Loan Fund by the borrower shall be according to the terms of the loan agreement. Upon an event of default under the loan, ordinance or resolution of the borrower authorizing the loan, all available remedies allowed by law will be pursued. This would include the provisions of Arkansas Code Annotated 8-16-319 that allows for the borrower's revenue turnback to be used in making repayments.~~

CHAPTER EIGHT: HARDSHIP GRANTS

Section 10.801 Authority:

~~These rules are adopted under the authority of the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Act (A.C.A. § 8-4-101 et seq.) and according to the requirements of the Omnibus Consolidated Recissions and Appropriations Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-134).~~

Section 10.802 Scope of Rules:

~~These sections, adopted pursuant to the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Act, shall govern the Arkansas Revolving Loan Fund's Hardship Grant program as authorized by A.C.A. § 15-5-901 et seq.~~

Section 10.803 Definitions:

~~The following words and terms, when used in this Section, shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:~~

~~**Hardship Criteria** - The Hardship Criteria used to determine if a project is eligible for a Hardship Grant is made up of three parts:~~

- ~~—— (1) The community must lack centralized wastewater treatment or collection systems, or the community must be extending service to an unsewered part of their area, or it must need improvements to onsite wastewater treatment systems (i.e. septic tanks, mound system, etc.).~~
- ~~—— (2) The State must determine that assistance will improve public health or reduce an environmental risk.~~
- ~~—— (3) The community must demonstrate that it is economically distressed as defined by Environmental Protection Agency in the final regulations for the Hardship Grant program.~~

~~**Small Rural Community** - A public entity of more than one household but no more than 3,000 inhabitants and that is not a remote area within the corporate boundaries of a larger city.~~

Section 10.804 Policy Declarations:

~~The Omnibus Consolidated Recissions and Appropriations Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-134), which became law on April 26, 1996, provided \$50 million for grants. The grants were designed to be~~

~~used by small rural communities which are severely economically disadvantaged. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency plans for these funds to be administered in concert with existing programs and procedures to the maximum extent possible.~~

~~Because of the limited funds available to this program, the State of Arkansas plans to use all of the available funds to provide assistance in planning, design and construction of wastewater collection and/or treatment services. In addition, the State of Arkansas plans to make it a condition of receiving a grant, that the community also must receive a loan from the Revolving Loan Fund program.~~

~~Unless herein expressly stated differently, the intention is that the terms and conditions that are followed in the Revolving Loan Fund will be applied to the Hardship Grant program. This would include such items as the application process, procurement regulations, planning, design and construction requirement, environmental review and payment provisions.~~

Section 10.805-Eligible Activities of the Hardship Grant program:

~~In order to eligible to receive a Hardship Grant, the borrower must meet Environmental Protection Agency's Hardship Criteria. In general, the Hardship Grant program is designed to work in conjunction with the Revolving Loan Fund program. The types of activities that the grant funds can be used for are the same as those allowed in the Revolving Loan Fund program. For more information on the allowable activities refer to Section 10.201 of this regulation.~~

Section 10.806-Intended Use Plan:

~~As is required by the Revolving Loan Fund program, the Hardship Grant program is required to prepare an Intended Use Plan that shall be subject to public notice. Since the Hardship Grant program is designed to work in conjunction with the Revolving Loan Fund program, the Intended Use Plan for each program will be merged into one document. The Intended Use Plan will identify those projects on the Priority List for which grant assistance is to be provided by that year's appropriation. Only those projects in which it is anticipated that planning and design will be completed within the next 12 months will be included in the Intended Use Plan.~~

~~The Intended Use Plan shall meet the requirements of the Omnibus Consolidated Rescissions and Appropriations Act. The Intended Use Plan will meet Environmental Protection Agency requirements concerning the short and long term goals and objectives of the Hardship Grant program. The Intended Use Plan will show the criteria and method for the distribution of funds.~~

Section 10.807-Determination of Grant Amount:

~~It is Arkansas' intent to use these grant funds to provide gap financing for wastewater projects. That means that a community will be expected to borrow funds from the Revolving Loan Fund~~

program to the greatest extent possible, based on the economic situation of the community. The Division will look at a wide range of economic indicators, which may include per capita income or unemployment rate, to determine the maximum amount of grant funds the community will be offered. Of the total amount of project funds provided through the Arkansas Revolving Loan Fund program, no more than 85% shall be grant funds and at least 15% must be in the form of a loan.

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CHAPTER NINE: NONPOINT SOURCE PROJECTS

Section 10.901 Authority:

These rules are adopted under the authority of the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Act (A.C.A. § 8-4-101 et seq.), Title VI of the Clean Water Act and 40 CFR Part 35 Subpart K.

Section 10.902 Scope of Rules:

These sections, adopted pursuant to the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Act, shall govern the Arkansas Revolving Loan Fund's Nonpoint Source program as authorized by A.C.A. § 15-5-901 et seq.

Section 10.903 Definitions:

The following words and terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

Nonpoint source management project - A project to abate either ground or surface water pollution or a project designed to protect the resource from deterioration.

Person - An individual, corporation, firm, association, partnership, limited liability company, trust, or other legal entity or group of entities, including a governmental entity or any agency or political subdivision thereof.

Section 10.904 Policy Declarations:

In addition to the specific eligible activities identified in Section 10.201(A), funds in the Revolving Loan Fund may be used to finance nonpoint source management projects. Borrowers for these projects are frequently not local governmental entities, but other types of Persons such as homeowners, small businesses, farmers, growers, dairymen, cooperatives, and non-profit entities. The program is designed to offer these Persons a source of funding for a nonpoint source management project with below market interest rates and a reasonable repayment period. To be eligible for RLF Nonpoint Source funding, a project must be included in an approved Nonpoint Source Management Plan.

Section 10.905 Eligible Activities of the Nonpoint Source Program:

The following list provides some examples of the types of projects that are eligible for assistance from the RLF Nonpoint Source program. This list is intended as an illustration and the types of projects funded are not limited to those listed below:

~~Landfills~~

- ~~— The construction of leachate collection and treatment systems, the closing and capping of landfills or the reclamation of old landfills.~~

~~Groundwater Remediation from UST~~

- ~~— The remediation of groundwater contamination from leaking petroleum storage tanks or other underground storage tanks.~~

~~Groundwater Remediation or Protection from Well Field Sites~~

- ~~— The remediation or protection of the groundwater from Oil wells or injection wells or other well fields.~~

~~On-site Septic Tank Repair or Replacement~~

- ~~— The repair or replacement of on-site septic systems to protect groundwater, drinking water supplies and public health.~~

~~Stormwater Management Facilities~~

- ~~— The purchase of equipment, land and easements, or construction of facilities to collect, store and treat stormwater runoff.~~

~~Agricultural and Animal Waste Facilities and Equipment~~

- ~~— The construction of facilities to collect and treat waste products and the equipment needed to properly run those facilities.~~

~~Brownfield Redevelopment~~

- ~~— The remediation or reclamation of a brownfield site to protect and/or restore groundwater.~~

~~Section 10.906 Types of Assistance:~~

~~Initially, the Nonpoint Source Program will provide assistance in the form of a "linked deposit." This form of assistance is based on the idea that local financial institutions will provide low interest loans to eligible borrowers, if the program is linked to the RLF program depositing funds in that financial institution. Loans will be made for the purpose of implementing best management practices for nonpoint source management projects. RLF program funds will be deposited into a non-interest bearing demand deposit account or other deposit account at a below market interest rate. The financial institutions will take full responsibility for the credit evaluation of the borrowers, preparation and execution of loan agreements, disbursement of funds, monitoring and servicing of loans, and take the credit risk of possible repayment problems or actual defaults. Deposits in excess of FDIC or FSLIC insured amounts will be fully collateralized by the financial institutions.~~

~~As changes in priorities require additional funding options, the RLF program will add such features as direct loans, providing funds to other state agencies in Arkansas for use in nonpoint source abatement or other types of assistance authorized by federal law and/or EPA regulation.~~

CHAPTER TEN: EFFECTIVE DATE

~~This regulation and any amendment thereof shall be in full force and effect on October 12, 2000. It was filed with the Secretary of State on October 2, 2000 and took effect 10 days after filing. The Arkansas Pollution Control and Ecology Commission adopted the regulation on September 22, 2000.~~

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APPENDIX A

DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBLE COSTS

Section 10.A01 Purpose:

The information in this appendix represents Department policies and procedures for deciding the eligibility of project costs based on the requirements of this regulation and the Clean Water Act as amended.

Section 10.A02 Introduction:

This cost information applies to loan assistance awarded from the Revolving Loan Fund program. Project cost determinations are not limited to the items listed in this appendix. Additional cost determinations based on applicable law and regulations will be made on a project-by-project basis by the Division.

Cost as applied to wastewater treatment is the cost of acquisition and construction; the cost of all land, rights-of-way, property rights, easements, franchise rights and interests required by the Division for such acquisition and construction; the cost of all machinery, furnishings and equipment; all financing fees and interest before and during construction; the cost of all engineering services and all expenses of research and development with respect to wastewater treatment facilities; the cost of all legal services and expenses; the cost of all plans, specifications, surveys and estimates of cost and revenues; all expenses necessary or incident to learning the feasibility or practicability of acquisition or construction of any such project; all administrative expenses and other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the acquisition or construction; and the financing or the placing of any such project in operation.

Section 10.A03 Equivalency Projects

Those projects designated as equivalency projects by the Division under Section 10.201 must comply with Section 602[b][6] of the Act. Under this Section of the Act, costs such as land for the treatment site (except land application sites), the construction of new collector sewers in existing communities, treatment plant office furnishings and the cost for treating excessive infiltration and inflow into the sewer system will not be eligible for loan funding. For equivalency projects, eligibility determinations shall be according to 40 CFR 35, Subpart I

Section 10.A04 Allowable Categories of Work

(A) Eligible categories of work include:

- ~~—— (1) The cost of building secondary and advanced wastewater treatment facilities to meet the enforceable requirements of the Act and to meet Arkansas State Water Quality Standards.~~
- ~~—— (2) The cost for the correction and elimination of infiltration of groundwater and the inflow of storm water into the sewerage system.~~
- ~~—— (3) The cost for major rehabilitation of a collection system to correct severe structural or capacity deficiencies or for the correction of excessive infiltration and inflow.~~
- ~~—— (4) The cost for new interceptors to serve existing and planned collection system needs.~~
- ~~—— (5) The cost for building new collectors in existing unsewered areas of communities where the need for central sewerage system construction has been adequately shown.~~
- ~~—— (6) The cost of sewer wyes and service pipe from the eligible publicly owned collector or interceptor to the property line of individual sewer service customers.~~

(B) Ineligible categories of work include:

- ~~—— (1) The cost of interceptors and collectors constructed exclusively or almost exclusively to serve future needs.~~
- ~~—— (2) The cost of building new interceptors and collectors in uninhabited areas for purposes of development.~~
- ~~—— (3) The cost for sewer service lines from the structure to the property line of the individual sewer service customers except as provided in Section 10.A07.~~

Section 10.A05 Costs Related to Contracts

(A) Eligible costs related to contracts include:

- ~~—— (1) The costs, including professional and engineering consultant services for planning and design including the cost for a sewer system evaluation survey if required, and obtaining a loan funding in conformance with this regulation.~~
- ~~—— (2) The costs for construction and the purchase of materials and equipment for building the approved project.~~

- ~~—— (3) The costs of complying with the procurement requirements of Section 10.211 of this regulation including the cost of legal and engineering services incurred by the borrower in deciding procurement protests and defending their decisions in protest appeals.~~
- ~~—— (4) The costs for complying with minority and women's business utilization requirements.~~
- ~~—— (5) The costs of professional and consulting services incurred during the building of a project to ensure that it is built in conformance with the design drawings and specifications including such items as resident inspection services and materials testing.~~
- ~~—— (6) The costs (including legal, technical and administrative costs) of assessing the merits of or negotiating the settlement of a claim by or against a borrower under a subagreement provided the claim is not caused by the mismanagement of the borrower or its agents.~~
- ~~—— (7) Change orders and the costs of meritorious contractor claims for increased costs under construction contracts provided the costs are within the scope of the project and not caused by the mismanagement of the borrower or its agents. Examples of eligible change orders and contractor claim costs include:~~
 - ~~—— (a) Building costs resulting from correcting defects found in the plans, design drawings and specifications or other contract documents after contract award.~~
 - ~~—— (b) Costs of equitable adjustments due to Differing Site Conditions, as defined by the Division's Supplemental Condition for Construction Contracts.~~
 - ~~—— (c) Settlements, arbitration awards and court judgements that resolve contractor claims provided the costs are determined by the Division to be reasonable and do not attempt to pass on the cost of events that were the responsibility of the borrower, the contractor or others.~~
- ~~—— (8) The costs of the services of the prime engineer required by Section 10.7 et seq of this regulation during the first year following the completion of construction.~~
- ~~—— (9) The cost of development of an operation and maintenance manual as may be required by Section 10.606 of this regulation.~~
- ~~—— (10) Start-up services for on-site training of operating personnel in operation and control of specific treatment processes, laboratory procedures and maintenance and records management.~~
- ~~—— (11) The costs of professional administrative and accounting services for the project.~~

~~—— (12) Costs for facilities planning and design according to Appendix B of this regulation and as supported by invoices for costs incurred according to the contracts for such services.~~

~~—— (13) Costs of force account work if allowed according to Section 10.104.~~

Section 10.A06 Mitigation

~~—— Eligible costs related to mitigation include:~~

~~—— (1) Costs necessary to mitigate direct, adverse, physical impacts resulting from building of the wastewater facilities.~~

~~—— (2) The costs of land acquired for the mitigation of adverse environmental effects identified pursuant to an environmental review under Section 10.305.~~

Section 10.A07 Publicly Owned Alternative Systems

(A) Eligible costs

Eligible costs for publicly owned alternative collection and treatment systems for residences and small commercial establishments as defined by this regulation include:

~~—— (1) The cost of major rehabilitation, upgrading, enlarging and installing alternative systems provided the systems will be publicly owned.~~

~~—— (2) Conveyance pipes from property line to an offsite treatment unit which serves a cluster of buildings.~~

~~—— (3) Treatment or pumping units from the incoming flange when located on private property by right of easement and conveyance pipes, if any, to the collector sewer.~~

~~—— (4) The cost of restoring alternative system building sites located on public and private property to the original condition.~~

(B) Ineligible costs for publicly owned alternative systems include:

~~—— (1) Modification to physical structure of homes or commercial establishments.~~

~~—— (2) Conveyance pipes from the house to an on-site treatment or pumping unit or to the property line.~~

~~—— (3) Wastewater generating fixtures such as commodes, sinks, tubs and drains.~~

- ~~— (4) The cost for privately owned on-site treatment systems serving individual residences, commercial establishments and industry.~~

Section 10.A08 Real Property

(A) Eligible costs for land, easements and right-of-way include:

- ~~— (1) The cost (including associated legal, administrative and engineering costs) of land acquired in a fee simple manner for the construction of wastewater treatment facilities including a reasonable amount of land required for future reconstruction or expansion of the facilities.~~
- ~~— (2) The cost (including associated legal, administrative and engineering costs) of land acquired in a fee simple manner or by lease for the disposal of treated sewage sludge and other treatment residues. The cost for the temporary storage of treated sludge and agricultural products grown with treated sludge.~~
- ~~— (3) The cost of complying with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4621 et seq., 4651 et seq.). This Act covers the acquisition of eligible land including the cost of contracting with another public agency or qualified private contractor for part or all of the required acquisition and/or relocation services.~~
- ~~— (4) The cost associated with the preparation of the wastewater treatment and disposal sites before, during and, to the extent agreed on in the loan agreement, after building. These costs include:~~
 - ~~— (a) The cost of demolition of existing structures on the wastewater facilities site (including rights-of-way) if building cannot be undertaken without such demolition.~~
 - ~~— (b) The cost (considering such factors as betterment, cost of contracting and useful life) of removal, relocation or replacement of utilities, provided the grantee is legally obligated to pay under state or local law.~~
 - ~~— (c) The cost of restoring streets and rights-of-way to their original condition provided the need for such restoration resulted directly from the construction.~~
- ~~— (5) The cost of associated legal, administrative and engineering for the acquisition of sewer easements and right of way.~~
- ~~— (6) The cost of obtaining right-of-way and use permits from governmental entities and public or private utility companies for the construction of eligible collector and interceptor lines. This would include the long distance phone, gas pipeline companies and railroads. Eligible costs shall not include the cost of refundable bonds or deposits.~~

~~(A) Ineligible costs for land and rights-of-way include~~

- ~~—— (1) Except as provided in paragraphs A.5. and A.6. above, the costs for the acquisition of sewer easements and rights-of-way for the construction of collector and interceptor sewers as defined by this regulation. The requirements of this paragraph apply without regard to the eligibility of the construction of the collector or interceptor sewer.~~
- ~~—— (2) The cost of refundable bonds or deposits required concerning the acquisition of right-of-way and use permits as provided in paragraph A.6. above.~~
- ~~—— (3) Sanitary landfill sites and sludge disposal areas except as provided in paragraph A.2. above.~~
- ~~—— (4) Any amount paid by the borrower for eligible land over just compensation, based on the appraised value, the borrower's record of negotiation or any condemnation proceeding, as determined by the Division.~~
- ~~—— (5) The cost of acquiring all or part of existing privately owned wastewater facilities.~~

Section 10.A09 Equipment, Material and Supplies

~~(A) Eligible costs of equipment, material and supplies include:~~

- ~~—— (1) The cost of a reasonable inventory of laboratory chemicals and supplies necessary to initiate plant operations and laboratory items necessary to conduct tests required for plant operation.~~
- ~~—— (2) The costs for purchase and/or transportation of biological seeding materials required for expeditiously initiating the treatment process operation.~~
- ~~—— (3) Cost of shop equipment installed at the wastewater facilities and special tools and equipment necessary to the operation of the works.~~
- ~~—— (4) The costs of necessary safety equipment, provided the equipment meets applicable Federal, State, local or industry safety requirements.~~
- ~~—— (5) If approved by the Division, the costs of collection system maintenance and repair equipment including sewer cleaning machines and equipment for the reduction and elimination of infiltration and inflow into the sewer system. The borrower must show the need and cost-effectiveness of the purchase and there shall be no apparent potential for the abuse of Revolving Loan Fund funded equipment in non-sewer system uses.~~

- ~~—— (6) The cost of mobile equipment necessary for the operation of the wastewater treatment facility, transmission of wastewater or sludge or for the maintenance of equipment. These items include but are not limited to:~~
 - ~~—— (a) Portable stand-by generators~~
 - ~~—— (b) Large portable emergency pumps to provide "pump-around" capability in case of pump station failure or pipeline breaks~~
 - ~~—— (c) Sludge or septic tanks, trailers and other vehicles having as their sole purpose the transportation of liquid or dewatered wastes from the collector point (including individual or on-site systems) to the treatment facility or disposal site.~~
- ~~—— (7) Replacement parts identified and approved in advance by the Division as necessary to assure uninterrupted operation of the facility.~~
- ~~—— (8) Moderately priced office furnishings for use by plant personnel at the treatment facility where there is a demonstrated need for such furnishings.~~
- ~~—— (9) Computer equipment used exclusively by the wastewater utility.~~

~~(B) Ineligible costs of equipment, materials and supplies include:~~

- ~~—— (1) The costs of equipment or material obtained that violated the procurement requirements of Section 10.211.~~
- ~~—— (2) The cost of vehicles for the transportation of the borrower's employees.~~
- ~~—— (3) Items of routine "programmed" maintenance such as ordinary piping, air filters, couplings, hose, bolts, etc. and the cost of ordinary site and building maintenance equipment.~~
- ~~—— (4) Items for routine site maintenance such as lawn mowers, trimmers, rakes, shovels and ordinary tools.~~

Section 10.A10 Infiltration/Inflow

Eligible costs include the cost of wastewater facilities adequate to transport and treat non-excessive infiltration/inflow and for sewer system rehabilitation necessary to eliminate excessive infiltration/inflow as determined in a sewer system study.

Section 10.A11 Miscellaneous Costs

(A) Eligible costs include:

- ~~—— (1) Unless otherwise specified in this regulation, the costs of meeting specific statutory and regulatory procedures for the project.~~
- ~~—— (2) Costs of royalties for or rights in a patented process or product with the prior approval of the Division.~~
- ~~—— (3) Costs of obtaining the Revolving Loan Fund loan including Arkansas Development Finance Authority's application fee, issuance costs and loan closing costs.~~
- ~~—— (4) Capitalized interest during construction.~~

(B) Ineligible costs include:

- ~~—— (1) Ordinary operation expenses of the borrower including salaries and expenses of elected and appointed officials and preparation of routine financial reports and studies.~~
- ~~—— (2) Administrative, engineering and legal activities associated with the establishment of special departments, agencies, commissions, regions, districts or other units of government.~~
- ~~—— (3) Approval, preparation, issuance and sale of bonds or other forms of indebtedness required to finance ineligible project costs and the interest on them.~~
- ~~—— (4) Personal injury compensation of damages arising out of the project.~~
- ~~—— (5) Fines and penalties due to violations of or failure to comply with Federal, State or local laws, regulations or procedures.~~
- ~~—— (6) Costs outside the scope of the approved project.~~
- ~~—— (7) Costs of wastewater facilities for control of pollutant discharges from a separate storm sewer system.~~
- ~~—— (8) The costs of preparing a corrective action report required by Section 10.702 of this regulation.~~

APPENDIX B

LIST OF FEDERAL LAWS AND AUTHORITIES

Environmental:

- ~~— Archeological and Historic Preservation Act, PL 86-523 as amended~~
- ~~— Clean Air Act, PL 84-159 as amended~~
- ~~— Coastal Barrier Resources Act, 16 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.~~
- ~~— Coastal Zone Management Act, PL 92-583, as amended~~
- ~~— Endangered Species Act, PL 93-205 as amended~~
- ~~— Farmland Protection Policy Act, PL 97-98~~
- ~~— Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act, PL 85-624 as amended~~
- ~~— Floodplain Management, Executive Order 11988 as amended by Executive Order 12148~~
- ~~— National Historic Preservation Act, PL 89-665 as amended~~
- ~~— Protection and Enhancement of the Cultural Environment, Executive Order 11593~~
- ~~— Protection of Wetlands, Executive Order 11990~~
- ~~— Safe Drinking Water Act, Section 1424(c), PL 95-523 as amended~~
- ~~— Wild and Scenic Rivers Act, PL 90-542 as amended~~

Economic:

- ~~— Administration of the Clean Air Act and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act with respect to Federal Contracts, Grants or Loans, Section 306 of the Clean Air Act and Section 508 of the Clean Water Act, including Executive Order 11738~~
- ~~— Brooks - Murkowski Amendment, Section 109, PL 100-202~~
- ~~— Demonstration Cities and Metropolitan Development Act, PL 89-754, as amended~~

Social Legislation:

- ~~— Age Discrimination Act, PL 94-135~~
- ~~— Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VI, PL 88-352~~
- ~~— Drug-Free Workplace Act, PL 100-690~~
- ~~— Equal Employment Opportunity, Executive Order 11246 as amended~~
- ~~— Prohibition against sex discrimination under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, Section 13 of PL 92-500~~
- ~~— Rehabilitation Act, PL 93-112 (including Section 504 and Executive Orders 11914 and 11250)~~
- ~~— Women and Minority Business Enterprise, Executive Orders 11625, 12138 and 12432~~

Miscellaneous Authority:

- ~~— Debarment and Suspension, Executive Order 12549~~
- ~~— Uniform Relocation and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act, PL 91-646~~

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APPENDIX C

PRIORITY SYSTEM AND LIST

While not a part of Regulation Number 10, the Priority System and List is appended herein for reference only. The Priority System and List is required under Title VI of the Act. It is used by the Department to establish priorities for the expenditure of loan funds. Periodic revisions to the Priority System and List will be done according to Environmental Protection Agency requirements and are subject to Environmental Protection Agency approval.

ARKANSAS REGISTER

Transmittal Sheet



Sharon Priest
Secretary of State
State Capitol Room 026
Little Rock, Arkansas 72201-1094

For Office

Use Only: Effective Date _____ Code Number _____

Name of Agency _____ Arkansas Pollution Control and Ecology Commission

Department _____ Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

Contact _____ Michael O'Malley E-mail o'malley@adeq.state.ar.us Phone 682-7890

Statutory Authority for Promulgating Rules _____ A.C.A. § 8-4-202 - Appeal of Regulation No. 10

Intended Effective Date

☐ Emergency

☒ 10 Days After Filing

☐ Other _____

Legal Notice Published _____ Date 08/02/01

Final Date for Public Comment _____ 10/03/01

Reviewed by Legislative Council _____ 11/01/01

Adopted by State Agency _____ 12/07/01

CERTIFICATION OF AUTHORIZED OFFICER

I Hereby Certify That The Attached Rules Were Adopted
In Compliance with Act 434 of 1967 As Amended.

Michael O'Malley
Signature

682-7890 o'malley@adeq.state.ar.us
Phone Number E-mail Address

Michael O'Malley - Administrative Hearing Officer
Title

01/09/02
Date

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Effective Date:

Classification Number:

Name of Agency: Arkansas Pollution Control & Ecology Commission

Contact Person: Michael O'Malley

Telephone: 682-7890

Statutory Authority for Promulgating Rules: A.C.A. § 8-4-202

Title of Rule: Repeal of Regulation No. 10, Regulation Governing the Revolving Loan Fund Program

Rule Status	Effective Date Status	Effective Date
<input type="checkbox"/> New Rule/Regulation	<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency	
<input type="checkbox"/> Amended Rule/Regulation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10 Days after filing	January 19, 2002
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Repealed Rule/Regulation	<input type="checkbox"/> Other	
<input type="checkbox"/> Order	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Repealed	
<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Rule/Regulation	Adopted by State Agency	December 7, 2001

☐ Rule above is proposed and will be replaced by final version

☒ Financial and/or Fiscal Impact Statement Attached

Certification of Authorized Officer

I hereby certify that the attached rules were adopted in compliance with Act 434 of 1967 as amended.

Signature: _____

Date: January 9, 2002

Title: Commission Secretary

ARKANSAS POLLUTION CONTROL
AND ECOLOGY COMMISSION

SUBJECT: Repeal of
Regulation No. 10,
Revolving Loan Fund

DOCKET NO. 01-003-R

MINUTE ORDER NO. 01 - 22

PAGE 1 OF 2

On July 27, 2001, the Arkansas Pollution Control and Ecology Commission ("Commission") initiated the rulemaking process to repeal Regulation No. 10, The Regulation Governing the Revolving Loan Fund Program.

Public notice of the repeal of the regulation was given and a public hearing was held on September 18, 2001 to receive comments. No oral comments were made at the public hearing and no written comments were filed by the deadline of October 3, 2001.

After considering this matter, the Commission finds that Regulation No. 10, The Regulation Governing the Revolving Loan Fund Program, should be, and hereby is, repealed in its entirety.

PROMULGATED THIS 7th DAY OF DECEMBER 2001, BY ORDER OF THE ARKANSAS POLLUTION CONTROL AND ECOLOGY COMMISSION.

By: Sanford Varnell

Sanford Varnell, Chair

ATTEST: Richard A. Weiss

Richard A. Weiss, Interim Director

APPROVED: Mike Huckabee

Mike Huckabee, Governor

ARKANSAS POLLUTION CONTROL
AND ECOLOGY COMMISSION

SUBJECT: Repeal of
Regulation No. 10,
Revolving Loan Fund

DOCKET NO. 01-003-R

MINUTE ORDER NO. 01 - 22

PAGE 2 OF 2

COMMISSIONERS:

<u>DEB</u>	B. Ackerman
<u>WMB</u>	G. Black
<u>HD</u>	B. Bush
<u>D.F.</u>	H. Durham
<u>OKM</u>	D. Featherstone
	J. Hill
	R. Mathis

<u>Pau</u>	T. Schueck
<u>JTS</u>	J. Shannon
<u>LS</u>	L. Sickel
<u>WJ</u>	W. Thompson
<u>SJ</u>	S. Varnell
	R. Young

Sanford Varnell
Chair

SUBMITTED BY: Michael O'Malley PASSED: 12-7-01