EXHIBIT A:

PROPOSED RULE CHANGES

ARKANSAS POLLUTION CONTROL AND ECOLOGY COMMISSION



REGULATION No. 23 HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

Presented to the Pollution Control and Ecology Commission in June , 2007



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Subsection I – Standards for Use as a Dust Suppressant



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Provisions of APC&EC Regulation No. 23 (Hazardous Waste Management), dated December 9, 2005, are amended as itemized below:

Section 260—HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: GENERAL

1. Section 260.10 is amended as follows:

a. The definitions of "Cathode ray tube," "CRT collector," "CRT glass manufacturer," "CRT processing," and "Performance Track member facility" are added in alphabetical order to read as follows:

b. In the definition of "*Incompatible waste*," revise the parenthetical phrase "(See Section 265, appendix V, of this chapter for examples.)" to read "(See appendix V of parts 264 and 265 of this chapter for examples.)";

§ 260.10 Definitions.

* * * * *

Cathode ray tube or CRT means a vacuum tube, composed primarily of glass, which is the visual or video display component of an electronic device. A used, intact CRT means a CRT whose vacuum has not been released. A used, broken CRT means glass removed from its housing or casing whose vacuum has been released.

<u>CRT collector</u> means a person who receives used, intact CRTs for recycling, repair, resale, or donation.

<u>CRT glass manufacturer</u> means an operation or part of an operation that uses a furnace to manufacture CRT glass.

<u>CRT processing means conducting all of the following activities:</u>

(1) Receiving broken or intact CRTs; and

(2) Intentionally breaking intact CRTs or further breaking or separating broken CRTs; and

(3) Sorting or otherwise managing glass removed from CRT monitors.

* * * * *

Performance Track member facility means a facility that has been accepted by EPA for membership in the National Environmental Performance Track Program and is still a member of the Program. The National Environmental Performance Track Program is a voluntary, facility based, program for top environmental performers. Facility members must demonstrate a good record of compliance, past success in achieving environmental goals, and commit to future specific quantified environmental goals, environmental management systems, local community outreach, and annual reporting of measurable results.

* * * * *

"**Incompatible waste**" means a hazardous waste which is unsuitable for:

(1) Placement in a particular device or facility because it may cause corrosion or decay of containment materials (e.g., container inner liners or tank walls); or (2) Commingling with another waste or material under uncontrolled conditions because the commingling might produce heat or pressure, fire or explosion, violent reaction, toxic dusts, mists, fumes, or gases, or flammable fumes or gases.

(See Section 265, Appendix V, of this regulation for examples.)

(See Appendix V of Sections 264 and 265 of this regulation for examples.)

* * * * *

2. In **Section 260.40**, amend paragraph (a) by revising the citation "\\$ 261.6(a)(2)(iv)" to read "\\$ 261.6(a)(2)(iii)".

§ 260.40 Additional regulation of certain hazardous waste recycling activities on a case-by-case basis.

(a) The Director may decide on a case-by-case basis that persons accumulating or storing the recyclable materials described in § 261.6(a)(2)(xi)§ 261.6(a)(2) (iii) of this regulation should be regulated under § 261.6 (b) and (c) of this regulation. The basis for this decision is that the materials are being accumulated or stored in a manner that does not protect human health and the environment because the materials or their toxic constituents have not been adequately contained, or because the materials being accumulated or stored together are incompatible. In making this decision, the Director will consider the following factors:

* * * * *

3. **Section 260.41** introductory text is amended by revising the citation "\$ 261.6(a)(2)(iv)" to read "\$ 261.6(a)(2)(iii)".

§ 260.41 Procedures for case-by-case regulation of hazardous waste recycling activities.

The Director will use the following procedures when determining whether to regulate hazardous waste recycling activities described in § 261.6(a)(2)(xi)§ 261.6(a)(2)(iii) under the provisions of § 261.6 (b) and (c), rather than under the provisions of subsection F of section 266 of this regulation.

Section 261—IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

4. Section 261.3 is amended by revising paragraphs (a)(2)(iv)(A), (a)(2)(iv)(B), (a)(2)(iv)(D), (a)(2)(iv)(F) and (a)(2)(iv)(G) to read as follows:

261.3 Definition of hazardous waste.

(A) One or more of the following spent solvents listed in § 261.31—benzene, carbon tetrachloride, tetrachloroethylene, trichloroethylene or the scrubber waters derived-from the combustion of these spent solvents—Provided, That the maximum total weekly usage of these solvents (other than the amounts that can be demonstrated not to be discharged to wastewater) divided by the average weekly flow of wastewater into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment or pretreatment system does not exceed 1 part per million, OR the total measured concentration of these solvents entering the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment system (at facilities subject to regulation under the Clean Air Act, as amended, at 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, or 63, or at facilities subject to an enforceable limit in a federal operating permit that minimizes fugitive emissions), does not exceed 1 part per million on an average weekly basis. Any facility that uses benzene as a solvent and claims this exemption must use an aerated biological wastewater treatment system and must use only lined surface impoundments or tanks prior to secondary clarification in the wastewater treatment system. Facilities that choose to measure concentration levels must file a copy of their sampling and analysis plan with the Director, as the context requires, or an authorized representative ("Director" as defined in § 270.2 of this regulation). A facility must file a copy of a revised sampling and analysis plan only if the initial plan is rendered inaccurate by changes in the facility's operations. The sampling and analysis plan must include the monitoring point location (headworks), the sampling frequency and methodology, and a list of constituents to be monitored. A facility is eligible for the direct monitoring option once they receive confirmation that the sampling and analysis plan has been received by the Director. The Director may reject the sampling and analysis plan if he/she finds that, the sampling and analysis plan fails to include the above information; or the plan parameters would not enable the facility to calculate the weekly average concentration of these chemicals accurately. If the Director rejects the sampling and analysis plan or if the Director finds that the facility is not following the sampling and analysis plan, the Director shall notify the facility to cease the use of the direct monitoring option until such time as the bases for rejection are corrected; or

(B) One or more of the following spent solvents listed in § 261.31 – methylene chloride, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, chlorobenzene, o- dichlorobenzene, cresols, cresylic acid, nitrobenzene, toluene, methyl ethyl ketone, carbon disulfide, isobutanol, pyridine, spent chlorofluorocarbon solvents, 2-ethoxyethanol, or the scrubber waters derived-from the combustion of these spent solvents-Provided that the maximum total weekly usage of these solvents (other than the amounts that can be demonstrated not to be discharged to wastewater) divided by the average weekly flow of wastewater into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment or pretreatment system does not exceed 25 parts per million, OR the total measured concentration of these solvents entering the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment system (at facilities subject to regulation under the Clean Air Act as amended, at 40 CFR parts 60, 61, or 63, or at facilities subject to an enforceable limit in a federal operating permit that minimizes fugitive emissions), does not exceed 25 parts per million on an average weekly basis. Facilities that choose to measure concentration levels must file a copy of their sampling and analysis plan with the Director, or an authorized representative ("Director" as defined in § 270.2). A facility must file a copy of a revised sampling and analysis plan only if the initial plan is rendered inaccurate by changes in the facility's operations. The

sampling and analysis plan must include the monitoring point location (headworks), the sampling frequency and methodology, and a list of constituents to be monitored. A facility is eligible for the direct monitoring option once they receive confirmation that the sampling and analysis plan has been received by the Director. The Director may reject the sampling and analysis plan if he/she finds that, the sampling and analysis plan fails to include the above information; or the plan parameters would not enable the facility to calculate the weekly average concentration of these chemicals accurately. If the Director rejects the sampling and analysis plan or if the Director finds that the facility is not following the sampling and analysis plan, the Director shall notify the facility to cease the use of the direct monitoring option until such time as the bases for rejection are corrected; or

* * * * *

(D) A discarded hazardous waste, commercial chemical product, or chemical intermediate listed in § 261.31 through 261.33, arising from de minimis losses of these materials from manufacturing operations in which these materials are used as raw materials or are produced in the manufacturing process. For purposes of this paragraph (a)(2)(iv)(D), de minimis losses include those from are inadvertent releases to a wastewater treatment system, including those from normal material handling operations (e.g., spills from the unloading or transfer of materials from bins or other containers, leaks from pipes, valves or other devices used to transfer materials); minor leaks of process equipment, storage tanks or containers; leaks from well maintained pump packings and seals; sample purgings; relief device discharges; discharges from safety showers and rinsing and cleaning of personal safety equipment; and rinsate from empty containers or from containers that are rendered empty by that rinsing. Any manufacturing facility that claims an exemption for de minimis quantities of wastes listed in §§ 261.31 through 261.32, or any nonmanufacturing facility that claims an exemption for de minimis quantities of wastes listed in subsection D of this section must either have eliminated the discharge of wastewaters or have in-

cluded in its Clean Water Act permit application or submission to its pretreatment control authority the constituents for which each waste was listed (in Section 261, Appendix VII) of this Regulation; and the constituents in the table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes" in § 268.40 of this Regulation for which each waste has a treatment standard (i.e., Land Disposal Restriction constituents). A facility is eligible to claim the exemption once the permit writer or control authority has been notified of possible de minimis releases via the Clean Water Act permit application or the pretreatment control authority submission. A copy of the Clean Water permit application or the submission to the pretreatment control authority must be placed in the facility's on-site files; or

* * * * *

(F) One or more of the following wastes listed in § 261.32 of this Regulation wastewaters from the production of carbamates and carbamoyl oximes (EPA Hazardous Waste No. K157)—Provided that the maximum weekly usage of formaldehyde, methyl chloride, methylene chloride, and triethylamine (including all amounts that cannot be demonstrated to be reacted in the process, destroyed through treatment, or is recovered, i.e., what is discharged or volatilized) divided by the average weekly flow of process wastewater prior to any dilution into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment system does not exceed a total of 5 parts per million by weight OR the total measured concentration of these chemicals entering the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment system (at facilities subject to regulation under the Clean Air Act as amended, at 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, or 63, or at facilities subject to an enforceable limit in a federal operating permit that minimizes fugitive emissions), does not exceed 5 parts per million on an average weekly basis. Facilities that choose to measure concentration levels must file copy of their sampling and analysis plan with the Director, as the context requires, or an authorized representative ("Director" as defined in § 270.2). A facility must file a copy of a revised sampling and analysis plan only if the initial plan is rendered

inaccurate by changes in the facility's operations. The sampling and analysis plan must include the monitoring point location (headworks), the sampling frequency and methodology, and a list of constituents to be monitored. A facility is eligible for the direct monitoring option once they receive confirmation that the sampling and analysis plan has been received by the Director. The Director may reject the sampling and analysis plan if he/she finds that, the sampling and analysis plan fails to include the above information; or the plan parameters would not enable the facility to calculate the weekly average concentration of these chemicals accurately. If the Director rejects the sampling and analysis plan or if the Director finds that the facility is not following the sampling and analysis plan, the Director shall notify the facility to cease the use of the direct monitoring option until such time as the bases for rejection are corrected; or

G) Wastewaters derived-from the treatment of one or more of the following wastes listed in § 261.32 of this Regulation - organic waste (including heavy ends, still bottoms, light ends, spent solvents, filtrates, and decantates) from the production of carbamates and carbamoyl oximes (EPA Hazardous Waste No. K156).—Provided, that the maximum concentration of formaldehyde, methyl chloride, methylene chloride, and triethylamine prior to any dilutions into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment system does not exceed a total of 5 milligrams per liter **OR** the total measured concentration of these chemicals entering the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment system (at facilities subject to regulation under the Clean Air Act as amended, at 40 CFR Parts 60, 61, or 63, or at facilities subject to an enforceable limit in a federal operating permit that minimizes fugitive emissions), does not exceed 5 milligrams per liter on an average weekly basis. Facilities that choose to measure concentration levels must file copy of their sampling and analysis plan with the Director, as the context requires, or an authorized representative ("Director" as defined in § 270.2). A facility must file a copy of a revised sampling and analysis plan only if the initial plan is rendered inaccurate by changes in the facility's operations. The sampling and analysis plan must include the monitoring point location (headworks), the sampling frequency and methodology, and a list of constituents to be monitored. A facility is eligible for the direct monitoring option once they receive confirmation that the sampling and analysis plan has been received by the Director. The Director may reject the sampling and analysis plan if he/she finds that, the sampling and analysis plan fails to include the above information; or the plan parameters would not enable the facility to calculate the weekly average concentration of these chemicals accurately. If the Director rejects the sampling and analysis plan or if the Director finds that the facility is not following the sampling and analysis plan, the Director shall notify the facility to cease the use of the direct monitoring option until such time as the bases for rejection are corrected.

5. **Section 261.4** is revised as follows:

- a. Adding a new paragraph (a)(22), to read as follows:
- b. In paragraph (b)(6)(ii) introductory text, revise "Specific waste" to read "Specific wastes";
- c. In paragraph (b)(6)(ii)(D), revise "crome" to read "chrome";
- d. In paragraph (b)(6)(ii)(F), revise "sludes" to read "sludges", and revise the word "chrometan" to read "chrome tan";
- e. In paragraph (b)(9), revise "and wood product" to read "and wood products";
- f. Amend paragraph (b)(15)(v) by changing "As of" to read "After".
- g. In paragraph (e)(2)(vi), revise the citation "(e)(v)(C)" to read "(e)(2)(v)(C)";

§ 261.4 Exclusions.

(a) * * *

(22) Used cathode ray tubes (CRTs)

(i) Used, intact CRTs as defined in § 260.10 of this regulation are not solid wastes within the United States unless they are disposed, or unless they are speculatively accumulated as defined in § 261.1(c)(8) by CRT collectors or glass processors.

(ii) Used, intact CRTs as defined in § 260.10 of this regulation are not solid

wastes when exported for recycling provided that they meet the requirements of Sec. 261.40.

(iii) Used, broken CRTs as defined in § 260.10 of this regulation are not solid wastes provided that they meet the requirements of § 261.39.

(iv) Glass removed from CRTs is not a solid waste provided that it meets the requirements of § 261.39(c).

* * * * *

(b) * * * (6) * * *

* * * * *

- (ii) Specific waste Specific wastes which meet the standard in paragraphs (b)(6)(i) (A), (B), and (C) (so long as they do not fail the test for the toxicity characteristic for any other constituent, and do not exhibit any other characteristic) are:
 - (D) Sewer screenings generated by the following subcategories of the leather tanning and finishing industry: Hair pulp/erome chrome tan/retan/wet finish; hair save/ chrome tan/retan/wet finish; retan/wet finish; no beamhouse; through-the-blue; and shearling.

* * * * *

(F) Wastewater treatment sludges generated by the following subcategories of the leather tanning and finishing industry: Hair pulp/chrome tan/retan/wet finish; hair save/chrometan chrome tan /retan/wet finish; and through-the-blue.

* * * * *

(9) Solid waste which consists of discarded arsenical-treated wood or wood products which fails the test for the Toxicity Characteristic for Hazardous Waste Codes D004 through D017 and which is not a hazardous waste for any other reason if the waste is generated by persons who utilize the arsenical-treated wood and wood product and wood products for these materials' intended end use.

(v) As of After November 21, 2003, leachate or gas condensate from K176, K177, and K178 is no longer exempt if managed in surface impoundment prior to discharge. After February 26, 2007, leachate or gas

(e) * * *

(2) * * *

* * * * *

(vi) The generator reports the information required under paragraph $\frac{(e)(v)(C)}{(e)(2)(v)(C)}$ of this section in its annual report.

* * * * *

6. Section 261.6 is amended as follows:

a. In paragraph (a)(2)(i), remove the parenthetical phrase "(subsection C)" and add "(Section 266, subsection C)" in its place;

b. In paragraph (a)(2)(ii), remove the parenthetical phrase "(subsection H)" and add "(Section 266, subsection H)" in its place;

- c. In paragraph (a)(2)(iii), remove the parenthetical phrase "(subsection F)" and add "(Section 266, subsection F)" in its place;
- d. In paragraph (a)(2)(iv), remove the parenthetical phrase "(subsection G)" and add "(Section 266, Subsection G)" in its place;
- e. In paragraph (c)(2), revise the word "rcycled" to read "recycled".

§ 261.6 Requirements for recyclable materials.

(a) * * *

(2) * * *

(i) Recyclable materials used in a manner constituting disposal (subsection C) (§ 266, subsection C);

* * * * *

(ii) Hazardous wastes burned for energy recovery in boilers and industrial furnaces that are not regulated under subsection O of section 264 or 265 of this regulation (subsection H);

(iii) Recyclable materials from which precious metals are reclaimed (subsection F) (§ 266, subsection F);

* * * * *

(iv) Spent lead-acid batteries that are being reclaimed (subsection G) (§ 266, subsection G).

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(2) Owners or operators of facilities that recycle recyclable materials without storing them before they are reycled recycled are subject to the following requirements, except as provided in paragraph (a) of this section:

* * * * *

7. **Section 261.21** is amended by revising paragraphs (a)(3) and (a)(4) and adding notes 1 through 4 to the end of the section to read as follows:

§ 261.21 Characteristic of ignitability.

(a) * * *

(3) It is a flammable compressed gas as defined in 49 CFR 173.115 and as determined by the test methods described in that regulation or equivalent test methods approved by the Director under §§ 260.20 and 260.21.

(4) It is an oxidizer as defined in 49 CFR 173.127.
(3) It is an ignitable compressed gas.

(i) The term "compressed gas" shall designate any material or mixture having in the container an absolute pressure exceeding 40 p.s.i. at 70 ?F or, regardless of the pressure at 70 degrees F, having an absolute pressure exceeding 104 p.s.i. at 130 ?F; or any liquid flammable material having a vapor pressure exceeding 40 p.s.i. absolute at 100 ?F as determined by ASTM Test D—323.

(ii) A compressed gas shall be characterized as ignitable if any one of the following occurs:

(A) Either a mixture of 13 percent or less (by volume) with air forms a flammable mixture or the flammable range with air is wider than 12 percent regardless of the lower limit. These limits shall be determined at atmospheric temperature and pressure.

The method of sampling and test procedure shall be acceptable to the Bureau of Explosives and approved by the director, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Technology, U.S. Department of Transportation (see Note 2).

(B) Using the Bureau of Explosives' Flame Projection Apparatus (see Note 1), the flame projects more than 18 inches beyond the ignition source with valve opened fully, or, the flame flashes back and burns at the valve with any degree of valve opening.

(C) Using the Bureau of Explosives' Open Drum Apparatus (see Note 1), there is any significant propagation of flame away from the ignition source.

(D) Using the Bureau of Explosives' Closed Drum Apparatus (see Note 1), there is any explosion of the vapor-air mixture in the drum.

(4) It is an oxidizer. An oxidizer for the purpose of this subchapter is a substance such as a chlorate, permanganate, inorganic peroxide, or a nitrate, that yields oxygen readily to stimulate the combustion of organic matter (see Note 4).

(i) An organic compound containing the bivalent -O-O- structure and which may be considered a derivative of hydrogen peroxide where one or more of the hydrogen

atoms have been replaced by organic radicals must be classed as an organic peroxide unless:

(A) The material meets the definition of a Class A explosive or a Class B explosive, as defined in $\S 261.23(a)(8)$, in which case it must be classed as an explosive, (B) The material is forbidden to be offered for transportation according to 49 CFR 172.101 and 49 CFR 173.21, (C) It is determined that the predominant hazard of the material containing an organic peroxide is other than that of an organic peroxide, or (D) According to data on file with the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration in the U.S. Department of Transportation (see Note 3), it has been determined that the material does not present a hazard in transportation. * * * * *

Note 1: A description of the Bureau of Explosives' Flame Projection Apparatus, Open Drum Apparatus, Closed Drum Apparatus, and method of tests may be procured from the Bureau of Explosives.

Note 2: As part of a U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) reorganization, the Office of Hazardous Materials Technology (OHMT), which was the office listed in the 1980 publication of 49 CFR 173.300 for the purposes of approving sampling and test procedures for a flammable gas, ceased operations on February 20, 2005. OHMT programs have moved to the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) in the DOT.

Note 3: As part of a U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) reorganization, the Research and Special Programs Administration (RSPA), which was the office listed in the 1980 publication of 49 CFR 173.151a for the purposes of determining that a material does not present a hazard in transport, ceased operations on February 20, 2005. RSPA programs have moved to the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) in the DOT.

Note 4: The DOT regulatory definition of an oxidizer was contained in § 173.151 of 49 CFR, and the definition of an organic peroxide was contained in paragraph 173.151a. An organic peroxide is a type of oxidizer.

* * * * *

8. In **Section 261.24**, amend paragraph (b) by revising the reference to "Table I" to read "Table 1" (i.e., replace the letter "I" with the number "1").

§ 261.24 Toxicity characteristic.

* * * * *

(b) A solid waste that exhibits the characteristic of toxicity has the EPA Hazardous Waste Number specified in Table FTable 1 which corresponds to the toxic contaminant causing it to be hazardous.

9. In **Sestion 261.31(a)**, amend the Table by adding a footnote at the bottom to read as follows: "*(I,T) should be used

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to specify mixtures that are ignitable and contain toxic constituents.".

§ 261.31 Hazardous wastes from non-specific sources.

(a) * * *

FOOTNOTE: *(I,T) should be used to specify mixtures containing ignitable and toxic constituents.

* * * * *

10. In **Section 261.32**, amend the Table entries for "K107" "1,1-dimethyl-hydrazine" by deleting the hyphen to read "1,1-dimethylhydrazine";

§ 261.32 Hazardous wastes from specific sources.

* * * * *

K107 Column bottoms from product separation from the production of 1,1dimethyl-hydrazine 1,1-dimethylhydrazine (UDMH) from carboxylic acid hydrazines.(C,T)

* * * * *

11. Section 261.33 is amended as follows:

- a. In paragraph (e), revise the phrase "are subject to be the" to read "are subject to the";
- b. In paragraph (e), amend the bracketed Comment by adding a sentence at the end, within the brackets, to read as set forth below;
- c. Amend paragraph (f) by revising "manfacturing" to read "manufacturing".
- d. In paragraph (f), amend the bracketed Comment by adding a sentence to the end, within the brackets, to read as set forth below.
- e. In the table of paragraph (f), add an entry just above the entry for "U227" (in column 1), "79-00-5" (in column 2), and "1,1,2-Trichloroethane" (in column 3) to read as set forth below.

§ 261.33 Discarded commercial chemical products, off-specification species, container residues, and spill residues thereof.

* * * * *

(e) The commercial chemical products, manufacturing chemical intermediates or off-specification commercial chemical products or manufacturing chemical inter-mediates referred to in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section, are identified as acute hazardous wastes (H) and are subject to be the the small quantity exclusion defined in § 261.5(e).

Comment: For the convenience of the regulated community the primary hazardous properties of these materials have been indicated by the letters T (Toxicity), and R (Reactivity). Absence of a letter indicates that the compound only is listed for acute toxicity. Wastes are first listed in alphabetical order by substance and then listed again in numerical

order by Hazardous Waste Number.

Hazardous Chemical waste No. Abstracts No

* * * * *

P001 181-81-2

P001 181-81-2

P002 591-08-2

P002 591-08-2

P003 107-02-8 P003 107-02-8 <u>P004 309–00–2</u>

P004 309-00-2

P005 107-18-6 <u>P005 107–18–6</u> P006 20859-73-8

(R,T)P007 2763-96-4

P007 2763-96-4

P008 504-24-5 P008 504-24-5 P009 131-74-8 P009 131-74-8

P010 7778-39-4 P011 1303-28-2 P011 1303-28-2 P012 1327-53-3

P012 1327-53-3 P013 542-62-1 P014 108-98-5 P014 108-98-5

P015 7440-41-7 P016 542-88-1 P016 542-88-1 P017 598-31-2

<u>P017 598–31–2</u> P018 357-57-3 P018 357-57-3

P020 88-85-7 P020 88-85-7

592-01-8 P021 592-01-8 <u>P022 75–15–0</u>

P023 107-20-0 P023 107-20-0 <u>P024 106–47–8</u> P024 106-47-8

P026 5344-82-1 P026 5344-82-1 Substance

2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one, 4hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1phenylbutyl)-, & salts, when present at concentra-

tions greater than 0.3% Warfarin, & salts, when present at concentrations

greater than 0.3% Acetamide, -

(aminothioxomethyl)-1-Acetyl-2-thiourea

Acrolein 2-Propenal Aldrin 1,4,5,8-

Dimethanonaphthalene, 1,2,3,4,10,10-hexa-chloro-1,4,4a,5,8,8a,-hexahydro-, (1-alpha, 4alpha, 4abeta, 5alpha, 8alpha, 8abeta)-Allyl alcohol 2-Propen-1-ol

5-(Aminomethyl)-3-<u>isoxazolol</u>

Aluminum phosphide

3(2H)-Isoxazolone, 5-(aminomethyl)-4-Aminopyridine 4-Pyridinamine

Ammonium picrate (R) Phenol, 2,4,6-trinitro-, ammonium salt (R)

Arsenic acid H3 AsO₄ Arsenic oxide As2 O₅ Arsenic pentoxide Arsenic oxide As2 O3

Arsenic trioxide Barium cyanide **Benzenethiol** Thiophenol

Beryllium powder Dichloromethyl ether Methane, oxybis[chloro-**Bromoacetone**

2-Propanone, 1-bromo-**Brucine**

Strychnidin-10-one, 2,3dimethoxy-

Dinoseb Phenol, 2-(1-methyl propyl)-4,6-dinitro-Calcium cyanide

Calcium cyanide Ca(CN)2 Carbon disulfide

Acetaldehyde, chloro-Chloroacetaldehyde Benzenamine, 4-chlorop-Chloroaniline

1-(o-Chlorophenyl) thiourea

Thiourea, (2-chlorophenyl)-

P027 542–76–7	3-Chloropropionitrile	P049 541–53–7	Dithiobiuret
P027 542–76–7	Propanenitrile, 3-chloro-	P049 541–53–7	Thioimidodicarbonic
P028 100–44–7	Benzene, (chloromethyl)-	2015	diamide [(H ₂ N)C(S)] ₂ NH
P028 100–44–7	Benzyl chloride	P050 115–29–7	Endosulfan
P029 544–92–3	Copper cyanide	P050 115–29–7	6,9-Methano-2,4,3-
P029 544–92–3	Copper cyanide Cu(CN)	<u>=</u>	benzodioxathiepin,
P030	Cyanides (soluble cyanide		6,7,8,9,10,10-hexachloro-
	salts), not otherwise		1,5,5a,6,9,9a-hexahydro-,
	specified		3-oxide
P031 460–19–5	Cvanogen	P051 172–20–8	2,7:3,6-Dimethanonaphth
P031 460–19–5	Ethanedinitrile		[2,3-b]oxirene, 3,4,5,6,9,9-
P033 506–77–4	Cyanogen chloride		hexachloro-
P033 506–77–4	Cyanogen chloride (CN)Cl		1a,2,2a,3,6,6a,7,7a-
P034 131–89–5	2-Cyclohexyl-4.6-dinitro-		octahydro-, (1aalpha,
	phenol		2beta, 2abeta, 3alpha,
P034 131–89–5	Phenol, 2-cyclohexyl-4,6-		6alpha, 6abeta, 7beta,
	dinitro-		7aalpha)-, & metabolites
P036 696-28-6	Arsonous dichloride,	P051 72–20–8	Endrin
phenyl-		P051 72–20–8	Endrin, & metabolites
P036 696–28–6	Dichlorophenylarsine	P054 151–56–4	Aziridine
P037 60–57–1	Dieldrin	P054 151–56–4	Ethyleneimine
P037 60–57–1	2,7:3,6-	P056 7782–41–4	Fluorine
	Dimethanonaphth[2,3-	P057 640–19–7	Acetamide, 2-fluoro-
	bloxirene, 3,4,5,6,9,9-	P057 640–19–7	Fluoroacetamide
	hexachloro-	P058 62–74–8	Acetic acid, fluoro-,
	1a,2,2a,3,6,6a,7,7a-		sodium salt
	octahydro-, (1aalpha,	P058 62–74–8	Fluoroacetic acid, sodium
	2beta, 2aalpha, 3beta,		salt
	6beta, 6aalpha, 7beta, 7a-	P059 76–44–8	Heptachlor
	alpha)-	P059 76–44–8	4,7-Methano-1H-indene,
P038 692-42-2	Arsine, diethyl-		1,4,5,6,7,8,8-heptachloro-
P038 692–42–2	Diethylarsine		3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-
P039 298–04–4	Disulfoton	P060 465-73-6	1,4,5,8-
P039 298–04–4	Phosphorodithioic acid,		Dimethanonaphthalene,
	O,O-diethyl S-[2-		1,2,3,4,10,10-hexa-chloro-
	(ethylthio)ethyl] ester		1,4,4a,5,8,8a-hexahydro-,
P040 297-97-2	O,O-Diethyl O-pyrazinyl		(1alpha, 4alpha, 4abeta,
	phosphorothioate		5beta, beta, 8abeta)-
P040 297-97-2	Phosphorothioic acid, O-	P060 465–73–6	Isodrin
	diethyl O-pyrazinyl ester	P062 757–58–4	Hexaethyl tetraphosphate
P041 311-45-5	Diethyl-p-nitrophenyl	P062 757–58–4	Tetraphosphoric acid,
	phosphate		hexaethyl ester
P041 311-45-5	Phosphoric acid, diethyl 4-	P063 74–90–8	Hydrocyanic acid
	nitrophenyl ester	P063 74–90–8	Hydrogen cyanide
P042 51-43-4	1,2-Benzenediol, 4-[1-	P064 624–83–9	Methane, isocyanato-
	hydroxy-2-(methylamino)	P064 624–83–9	Methyl isocyanate
	ethyl]-, (R)-	<u>P065 628–86–4</u>	Fulminic acid, mercury
<u>P042 51–43–4</u>	Epinephrine		(2+) salt (R,T)
P043 55–91–4	<u>iisopropylfluorophosphate</u>	<u>P065 628–86–4</u>	Mercury fulminate (R,T)
	<u>(DFP)</u>	<u>P066 16752–77–5</u>	Ethanimidothioic acid, N-
<u>P043 55–91–4</u>	Phosphorofluoridic acid,		[[(methylamino)carbonyl]
	bis(1-methylethyl) ester		oxy]-, methyl ester
<u>P044 60–51–5</u>	<u>Dimethoate</u>	<u>P066 16752–77–5</u>	Methomyl
<u>P044 60–51–5</u>	Phosphorodithioic acid,	<u>P067 75–55–8</u>	Aziridine, 2-methyl-
	O,O-dimethyl S-[2-(methyl	<u>P067 75–55–8</u>	1,2-Propylenimine
	amino)-2-oxoethyl] ester	<u>P068 60–34–4</u>	Hydrazine, methyl-
<u>P045 39196–18–4</u>	2-Butanone, 3,3-dimethyl-	<u>P068 60–34–4</u>	Methyl hydrazine
	1-(methylthio)-, O	<u>P069 75–86–5</u>	2-Methyllactonitrile
	-[(methylamino)carbonyl]	<u>P069 75–86–5</u>	Propanenitrile, 2-hydroxy-
	<u>oxime</u>		2-methyl-
<u>P045 39196–18–4</u>	Thiofanox	<u>P070 116–06–3</u>	<u>Aldicarb</u>
P046 122-09-8	Benzeneethanamine,	<u>P070 116–06–3</u>	Propanal, 2-methyl-2-
	alpha,alpha-dimethyl-		(methylthio)-, O-
P046 122-09-8	alpha,alpha-		[(methylamino)carbonyl]
	Dimethylphenethylamine		<u>oxime</u>
<u>P047 1 534–52–1</u>	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol, &	<u>P071 298–00–0</u>	Methyl parathionith
	salts	<u>P071 298–00–0</u>	Phosphorothioic acid,
<u>P047 ₁ 534–52–1</u>	Phenol, 2-methyl-4,6-	<u>0,0,-</u>	dimethyl O-(4-nitrophenyl)
	dinitro-, & salts	_	ester
<u>P048 51–28–5</u>	2,4-Dinitrophenol	<u>P072 86–88–4</u>	alpha-Naphthylthiourea
P048 51-28-5	Phenol, 2,4-dinitro-	P072 86–88–4	Thiourea, 1-naphthalenyl-
		I	

PU72				
PO74	P073 13463-39-3	Nickel carbonyl	P108 1 157–24–9	Strychnidin-10-one, &
Ci-si:		Nickel carbonyl Ni(CO)4,		salts
P074		(T-4)-	P108 1 157–24–9	Strychnine, & salts
PO75	P074 557–19–7	Nickel cvanide	P109 3689-24-5	Tetraethyldithiopyro
P075				
POPS		•	P109 3689-24-5	
P076		•	1107 11111111111 0009 21 0	
POPS	1073134-11-3		P110 78 00 2	
Post	D076 10102 42 0			
Port				
Post			<u>F111 107–49–3</u>	
POPS	•		D111 10F 10 3	
POSI			1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
POSI				
P081				
P143				
Post Garden Figure Fig	<u>P081 55–63–0</u>	1,2,3-Propanetriol,		
Pist		<u>trinitrate (R)</u>	<u>P114 12039–52–0</u>	Selenious acid,
P084	<u>P082 62–75–9</u>	Methanamine, -methyl-N-		<u>dithallium(1+) salt</u>
P084		<u>nitroso-</u>	<u>P114 12039–52–0</u>	Tetraethyldithio pyrophos
maine	P082 62-75-9	N-Nitrosodimethylamine		<u>phate</u>
maine	P084 4549–40–0	N-Nitrosomethylvinyl	P115 7446–18–6	Thiodiphosphoric acid,
Post		amine		
P085	P084 4549-40-0		P115 7446–18–6	
P085	1001			
P085	P085 152_16_0			
P087	1 003 132–10–9			
P087	D005 152 16 0			
P087	<u>P085 152–16–9</u>			
P087	7007			
P088			<u>P119 7803–55–6</u>	
P088				
heptane_2.3-dicarboxylic acid acid acid acid acid acid acid ac				
Pigon	<u>P088 145–73–3</u>		<u>P120 1314–62–1</u>	Vanadium pentoxide
Piss Parathion Piss Parathion Piss Piss		heptane- 2,3-dicarboxylic	<u>P121 557–21–1</u>	Zinc cyanide
Phosphorothioic acid, O.O-diethyl O-t-4- nitrophenyl ester Pit		<u>acid</u>	<u>P121 557–21–1</u>	Zinc cyanide Zn(CN)2
P092		Parathion	P122 1314-84-7	Zinc phosphide Zn ₃ P ₂ ,
P092	P089 56-38-2	Phosphorothioic acid,		when present at concentra
Pigo		O.O-diethyl O-(4-		tions greater than 10%
Piggraphic Pig				
Diphenyl	P092 62–38–4		P123 8001-35-2	
P092	<u> </u>			
Phenylthiourea Phenylthiourea Phenylthiourea Phosphorate Phosphorotic Phosphorodithioic acid, O.O-diethyl.S- Phosphorodithioic acid, O.O-diethyl.S- Phosphorodithioic acid, O.O-diethyl.S- Phosphorothioic acid, O.O-diethyl.S- Phosphorodithioic acid, O.O-diethyl.S- Phosphorothioic acid, O.O-diethyl.S- Phosphine Phosphorothioic acid, O.O-dimethyl.S- Phosphine Phosphorothioic acid, O.O-dimethyl.S- Phosphorothioic acid,	P092 62_38_4		1127	
P093				
Phorate			P127 1563 66 2	
Phosphorodithioic acid, O.O-diethyl S:				
O.O-diethyl S- (ethylthiomethyl ester Carbonic dichloride P185			· ·	
	<u> ru94 296–02–2</u>		<u>F120 515–10–4</u>	
P095				•
P095	7007		7/10 70 0	-
P096			<u>P185 26419–73–8</u>	
P096				
P097				
Phosphorothioic acid, O- Id-I(dimethylamino) Sulfonyllphenyll O,O- dimethyl ester P098		_		
[4-[(dimethylamino) sulfonyl]phenyl] O.O-dimethyl ester				<u>oxime.</u>
Sulfonyl phenyl O,O-dimethyl ester 1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-Development 1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-Development 1,3a,8-trimethyl-Development 1,3a,8-t	<u>P097 52–85–7</u>		<u>P185 26419–73–8</u>	<u>Tirpate</u>
Description		[4-[(dimethylamino)	<u>P188 57–64–7</u>	Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-,
Possium cyanide		sulfonyl]phenyl] O,O-		compd. with (3aS-cis)-
Possium Poss		dimethyl ester		1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-
P098	<u>P098 151–50–8</u>	Potassium cyanide		1,3a,8-trimethyl-
P099 506-61-6	P098 151–50–8	Potassium cvanide K(CN)		pvrrolo[2,3-b] indol-5-vl
C)-, potassium P188				
P099 506-61-6 Potassium silver cyanide P188 57-64-7 Physostigmine salicylate P101 107-12-0 Ethyl cyanide P189 Carbamic acid, P101 107-12-0 I(dibutylamino)-thiol P102 107-19-7 Proparegyl alcohol methyl-, 2,3-dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-7-benzofuranyl P103 630-10-4 Selenourea ester P104 506-64-9 Silver cyanide P189 5285-14-8 Carbosulfan P104 506-64-9 Silver cyanide Ag(CN) P190 1129-41-5 Carbamic acid, methyl-, 3-methylphenyl ester P106 143-33-9 Sodium cyanide P190 1129-41-5 Metolcarb				
P101	P099 506-61-6		P188 57–64–7	
P101				
P102				
P102				•
P103	P102 107 10 7			
P104	D102 620 10 4			
P104 506-64-9 Silver cyanide Ag(CN) P190 1129-41-5 Carbamic acid, methyl-, 3- P105 26628-22-8 Sodium azide methylphenyl ester P106 143-33-9 Sodium cyanide P190 1129-41-5 Metolcarb			D100 55205 14 0	
P105				
<u>P106 143–33–9</u> <u>Sodium cyanide</u> <u>P190 1129–41–5</u> <u>Metolcarb</u>			<u> </u>	•
			P100	
<u>P106 143–33–9</u> <u>Sodium cyanide Na(CN)</u> <u>P191 644–64–4</u> <u>Carbamic acid, dimethyl-,</u>				
	<u>P106143–33–9</u>	Sodium cyanide Na(CN)	<u> 191 644–64–4</u>	Carbamic acid, dimethyl-,

1-[(dimethyl-

	<u>1-[(dimethyl-</u>
	amino)carbonyl]-5-methyl-
	1H-pyrazol-3-yl ester
P191 644-64-4	Dimetilan
P192 119–38–0	Carbamic acid, dimethyl-,
<u>F 192 119–30–0</u>	
	3-methyl-1-(1-
methylethyl)-	<u>1H-</u>
pyrazol-5-yl ester	
P192 119–38–0	Isolan
P194 23135–22–0	Ethanimidthioic acid, 2-
1194 23133-22-0	
	(dimethylamino)-N-
	[[(methylamino)
	carbonyl]oxy]-2-oxo-,
	methyl ester
P194 23135-22-0	Oxamyl
<u>P196 15339–36–3</u>	Manganese, bis(dimethyl
	carbamodithioato-S,S')-,
<u>P196 15339–36–3</u>	Manganese dimethyldithio
	<u>carbamate</u>
P197 17702-57-7	Formparanate
P197 17702–57–7	Methanimidamide, N,N-
1197 17702-37-7	
	dimethyl-N'-[2-methyl-4-
	[[(methylamino) carbonyl]
	oxy]phenyl]-
P198 23422-53-9	Formetanate hydrochlo-
ride	
P198 23422–53–9	Methanimidamide, N,N-
1 170 25422-55-9	
	dimethyl-N'-[3-
	[[(methylamino)-
	carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]-
	monohydrochloride
P199 2032–65–7	Methiocarb
P199 2032–65–7	Phenol, (3,5-dimethyl-4-(
1177 2032-03-7	
	methylthio)-,
	<u>methylcarbamate</u>
<u>P201 2631–37–0</u>	Phenol, 3-methyl-5-(1-
	methylethyl)-, methyl
	carbamate
P201 2631-37-0	Promecarb
P202 64–00–6	m-Cumenyl
<u>F202 04-00-0</u>	
	<u>methylcarbamate</u>
<u>P202 64–00–6</u>	3-Isopropylphenyl N-
	<u>methylcarbamate</u>
P202 64-00-6	Phenol, 3-(1-methylethyl)-,
	methyl carbamate
P203 1646-88-4	Aldicarb sulfone
<u>P203 1646–88–4</u>	Propanal, 2-methyl-2-
	(methyl-sulfonyl)-, O-
	[(methylamino) carbonyl]
	oxime
P204 57–47–6	Physostigmine Physostigmine
P204 57–47–6	Pyrrolo[2,3-b]indol-5-ol,
<u>r 204 37-47-0</u>	
	1,2,3,3a,8,8a-hexahydro-
	<u>1,3a,8-trimethyl-,</u>
	methylcarbamate (ester),
	(3aS-cis)-
P205 137–30–4	Zinc, bis(dimethyl
2 2 0 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	carbamodithioato-S,S')-,
P205 127 20 4	
<u>P205 137–30–4</u>	<u>Ziram</u>
* * * * *	

(f) The commercial chemical products, manfacturing manufacturing chemical intermediates, or off-specification commercial chemical products referred to in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section, are identified as toxic wastes (T), unless otherwise designated and are subject to the small quantity generator exclusion defined in § 261.5 (a) and (g).

Comment: For the convenience of the regulated community, the primary hazardous properties of these materials have been indicated by the

letters T (Toxicity), R (Reactivity), I (Ignitability) and C (Corrosivity). Absence of a letter indicates that the compound is only listed for toxicity. Wastes are first listed in alphabetical order by substance and then listed again in numerical order by Hazardous Waste Number.

Hazardous Chemical	. Substance
waste No. abstracts N	Io
	4.4.00.11
<u>U226 71–55–6</u> * * * * * *	1,1,1-Trichloroethane
<u>U001</u> 75–07–0	Acetaldehyde (I)
<u>U001 75–07–0</u>	Ethanal (I)
<u>U002</u> 67–64–1	Acetone (I)
<u>U002 67–64–1</u>	2-Propanone (I)
<u>U003</u> 75–05–8	Acetonitrile (I,T)
U004 98–86–2	Acetophenone
<u>U004 98–86–2</u>	Ethanone, 1-phenyl-
<u>U005</u> 53–96–3	Acetamide, -9H-fluoren-2-
0005 55 70 5	yl-
<u>U005</u> 53–96–3	2-Acetylaminofluorene
<u>U006</u> 75–36–5	Acetyl chloride (C,R,T)
<u>U007 79–06–1</u>	<u>Acrylamide</u>
<u>U007 79–06–1</u>	2-Propenamide
<u>U008 79–10–7</u>	Acrylic acid (I)
<u>U008 79–10–7</u>	2-Propenoic acid (I)
<u>U009 107–13–1</u>	Acrylonitrile
<u>U009 107–13–1</u>	2-Propenenitrile
<u>U010 50–07–7</u>	Azirino[2',3':3,4]pyrrolo[1,
	2-a]indole-4,7-dione, 6-
	amino-8-
	[[(aminocarbonyl)oxy]methyl]-
	1,1a,2,8,8a,8b-
	hexahydro-8a-methoxy-5-
	methyl-, [1aS-(1aalpha,
	8beta,8aalpha,8balpha)]-
<u>U010 50–07–7</u>	Mitomycin C
<u>U011 61–82–5</u>	<u>Amitrole</u>
<u>U011 61–82–5</u>	1H-1,2,4-Triazol-3-amine
<u>U012 62–53–3</u>	Aniline (I,T)
<u>U012 62–53–3</u>	Benzenamine (I,T)
<u>U014 492–80–8</u>	<u>Auramine</u>
<u>U014 492–80–8</u>	Benzenamine, 4,4'-
	carbonimidoylbis[N,N-
	dimethyl-
<u>U015 115–02–6</u>	<u>Azaserine</u>
<u>U015 115–02–6</u>	<u>L-Serine</u> , diazoacetate
	(ester)
<u>U016 225–51–4</u>	Benz[c]acridine
<u>U017 98–87–3</u>	Benzal chloride
<u>U017 98–87–3</u>	Benzene, (dichloromethyl)-
<u>U018 56–55–3</u>	Benz[a]anthracene
<u>U019 71–43–2</u>	Benzene (I,T)
<u>U020 98–09–9</u>	Benzenesulfonic acid
	chloride (C,R)
<u>U020 98–09–9</u>	Benzenesulfonyl chloride
	<u>(C,R)</u>
<u>U021 92–87–5</u>	Benzidine
<u>U021 92–87–5</u>	[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-
11022 50 22 3	diamine
<u>U022 50–32–8</u>	Benzo[a]pyrene
<u>U023 98–07–7</u>	Benzene, (trichloromethyl)-
<u>U023 98–07–7</u>	Benzotrichloride (C,R,T)
<u>U024 111–91–1</u>	Dichloromethoxy ethane
<u>U024 111–91–1</u>	Ethane, 1,1'-[methylene
11025	bis(oxy)]bis[2-chloro-
<u>U025 111 44 4</u>	Dichloroethyl ether
<u>U025 111–44–4</u>	Ethane, 1,1'-oxybis[2-
11026 494 03 1	chloro-

<u>U026 494–03–1</u>

<u>U026 494–03–1</u>

Chlornaphazin

Naphthalenamine, N,N'-

	bis(2-chloroethyl)-	<u>U058 50–18–0</u>	Cyclophosphamide
U027 108–60–1	Dichloroisopropyl ether	U058 50–18–0	2H-1,3,2-Oxazaphosphorin-
U027 108–60–1	Propane, 2,2'-oxybis[2-	0000	2-amine, N,N-bis(2-
	chloro-		chloroethyl)tetrahydro-, 2-
<u>U028 117–81–7</u>	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic		oxide
	acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester	<u>U059 20830–81–3</u>	<u>Daunomycin</u>
<u>U028 117–81–7</u>	Diethylhexyl phthalate	<u>U059 20830–81–3</u>	5,12-Naphthacenedione, 8-
<u>U029 74–83–9</u>	Methane, bromo-		acetyl-10-[(3-amino-2,3,6-
<u>U029 74–83–9</u>	Methyl bromide		trideoxy)-alpha-L-lyxo-
<u>U030 101–55–3</u>	Benzene, 1-bromo-4-		hexopyranosyl)oxy]-
	phenoxy-		7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,8,11-
<u>U030 101–55–3</u>	4-Bromophenyl phenyl		trihydroxy-1-methoxy-, (8S-
11021 71 26 2	ether	11060 72.54.9	<u>cis)-</u> Benzene, 1.1'-(2.2-
<u>U031 71–36–3</u> U031 71–36–3	1-Butanol (I) n-Butyl alcohol (I)	<u>U060 72–54–8</u>	dichloroethylidene)bis[4-
U032 13765–19–0	Calcium chromate		chloro-
<u>U032 13765–19–0</u>	Chromic acid H ₂ CrO ₄ ,	U060 72–54–8	DDD
0032 13703 17 0	calcium salt	U061 50–29–3	Benzene, 1,1'-(2,2,2-
U033 353–50–4	Carbonic difluoride	<u> </u>	trichloroethylidene)bis[4-
U033 353–50–4	Carbon oxyfluoride (R,T)		chloro-
<u>U034 75–87–6</u>	Acetaldehyde, trichloro-	<u>U061 50–29–3</u>	DDT
U034 75–87–6	Chloral	<u>U062 2303–16–4</u>	Carbamothioic acid, bis(1-
<u>U035 305–03–3</u>	Benzenebutanoic acid, 4-		methylethyl)-, S-(2,3-di
	[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-		chloro-2-propenyl) ester
<u>U035 305–03–3</u>	<u>Chlorambucil</u>	<u>U062 2303–16–4</u>	<u>Diallate</u>
<u>U036 57–74–9</u>	Chlordane, alpha & gamma	<u>U063 53–70–3</u>	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene
	<u>isomers</u>	<u>U064 189–55–9</u>	Benzo[rst]pentaphene
<u>U036 57–74–9</u>	4,7-Methano-1H-indene,	<u>U064 189–55–9</u>	Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene
	1,2,4,5,6,7,8,8-octachloro-	<u>U066 96–12–8</u>	<u>1,2-Dibromo-3-</u>
1027 102 00 7	2,3,3a,4,7,7a-hexahydro-	11000 00 12 9	<u>chloropropane</u>
<u>U037 108–90–7</u> U037 108–90–7	Benzene, chloro- Chlorobenzene	<u>U066 96–12–8</u>	Propane, 1,2-dibromo-3- chloro-
U038 510–15–6	Benzeneacetic acid, 4-	<u>U067 106–93–4</u>	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo-
0036 310–13–0	chloro-alpha-(4-	<u>U067 106–93–4</u> <u>U067 106–93–4</u>	Ethylene dibromide
	chlorophenyl)-alpha-	U068 74–95–3	Methane, dibromo-
	hydroxy-, ethyl ester	<u>U068 74–95–3</u>	Methylene bromide
U038 510–15–6	Chlorobenzilate	<u>U069 84–74–2</u>	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic
U039 59–50–7	p-Chloro-m-cresol		acid, dibutyl ester
<u>U039 59–50–7</u>	Phenol, 4-chloro-3-methyl-	<u>U069 84–74–2</u>	Dibutyl phthalate
<u>U041 106–89–8</u>	<u>Epichlorohydrin</u>	<u>U070 95–50–1</u>	Benzene, 1,2-dichloro-
<u>U041 106–89–8</u>	Oxirane, (chloromethyl)-	<u>U070 95–50–1</u>	o-Dichlorobenzene
<u>U042 110–75–8</u>	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	<u>U071 541–73–1</u>	Benzene, 1,3-dichloro-
<u>U042 110–75–8</u>	Ethene, (2-chloroethoxy)-	<u>U071 541–73–1</u>	<u>m-Dichlorobenzene</u>
<u>U043 75–01–4</u>	Ethene, chloro-	<u>U072 106–46–7</u>	Benzene, 1,4-dichloro-
<u>U043 75–01–4</u>	<u>Vinyl chloride</u>	<u>U072</u> 106–46–7	p-Dichlorobenzene
<u>U044 67–66–3</u>	<u>Chloroform</u>	<u>U073 91–94–1</u>	[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-
<u>U044 67–66–3</u>	Methane, trichloro-	11072 01 04 1	diamine, 3,3'-dichloro- 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine
<u>U045 74–87–3</u> <u>U045 74–87–3</u>	Methane, chloro- (I,T) Methyl chloride (I,T)	<u>U073 91–94–1</u> <u>U074 764–41–0</u>	2-Butene, 1.4-dichloro-(I,T)
U046 107–30–2	Chloromethyl methyl ether	U074	1.4-Dichloro-2-butene (I.T)
U046 107–30–2	Methane, chloromethoxy-	<u>U075 75–71–8</u>	Dichlorodifluoromethane
<u>U047 91–58–7</u>	beta-Chloronaphthalene	<u>U075 75–71–8</u>	Methane, dichlorodifluoro-
U047 91–58–7	Naphthalene, 2-chloro-	U076 75–34–3	Ethane, 1,1-dichloro-
<u>U048 95–57–8</u>	o-Chlorophenol	<u>U076 75–34–3</u>	Ethylidene dichloride
<u>U048 95–57–8</u>	Phenol, 2-chloro-	<u>U077 107–06–2</u>	Ethane, 1,2-dichloro-
<u>U049 3165–93–3</u>	Benzenamine, 4-chloro-2-	<u>U077 107–06–2</u>	Ethylene dichloride
	methyl-, hydrochloride	<u>U078 75–35–4</u>	1, 1-Dichloroethylene
<u>U049 3165–93–3</u>	4-Chloro-o-toluidine,	<u>U078 75–35–4</u>	Ethene, 1,1-dichloro-
	<u>hydrochloride</u>	<u>U079 156–60–5</u>	1,2-Dichloroethylene
<u>U050 218–01–9</u>	Chrysene	<u>U079 156–60–5</u>	Ethene, 1,2-dichloro-, (E)-
<u>U051</u>	Creosote	<u>U080 75–09–2</u>	Methane, dichloro-
<u>U052</u>	Cresol (Cresylic acid)	<u>U080 75–09–2</u>	Methylene chloride
<u>U052</u> <u>1319–77–3</u>	Phenol, methyl-	<u>U081 120–83–2</u>	2,4-Dichlorophenol
<u>U053</u>	2-Butenal Crotonaldehyde	<u>U081 120–83–2</u> <u>U082 87–65–0</u>	Phenol, 2,4-dichloro-
<u>U053 4170–30–3</u> <u>U055 98–82–8</u>	Crotonaldehyde Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	<u>U082 87–65–0</u> <u>U082 87–65–0</u>	2,6-Dichlorophenol Phenol, 2,6-dichloro-
0033 70-02-0	(I)	<u>U082 87-63-0</u> <u>U083 78-87-5</u>	Propane, 1,2-dichloro-
<u>U055 98–82–8</u>	Cumene (I)	U083 78–87–5	Propylene dichloride
U056 110–82–7	Benzene, hexahydro-(I)	U084 542–75–6	1,3-Dichloropropene
<u>U056 110–82–7</u>	Cyclohexane (I)	U084 542–75–6	1-Propene, 1,3-dichloro-
U057 108–94–1	Cyclohexanone (I)	<u>U085 1464–53–5</u>	2,2'-Bioxirane

<u>U085 1464–53–5</u>	1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane	<u>U113 140–88–5</u>	2-Propenoic acid, ethyl ester
	<u>(I,T)</u>		<u>(I)</u>
<u>U086 1615–80–1</u>	N,N'-Diethylhydrazine	<u>U114111–54–6</u>	Carbamodithioic acid, 1,2-
<u>U086 1615–80–1</u>	Hydrazine, 1,2-diethyl-		ethanediylbis-, salts & esters
<u>U087 3288–58–2</u>	O,O-Diethyl S-methyl	<u>U114₁111–54–6</u>	Ethylenebisdithiocarbamic
******	dithiophosphate		acid, salts & esters
<u>U087 3288–58–2</u>	Phosphorodithioic acid,	<u>U115</u>	Ethylene oxide (I,T)
11000 94 66 2	O,O-diethyl S-methyl ester	<u>U115 75–21–8</u>	Oxirane (I,T) Ethylenethiourea
<u>U088 84–66–2</u>	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, diethyl ester	<u>U116 96–45–7</u> <u>U116 96–45–7</u>	2-Imidazolidinethione
<u>U088 84–66–2</u>	Diethyl phthalate	<u>U117 60–29–7</u>	Ethane, 1,1'-oxybis-(I)
U089 56–53–1	Diethylstilbesterol	U117 60–29–7	Ethyl ether (I)
U089 56–53–1	Phenol, 4,4'-(1,2-diethyl-	U118 97–63–2	Ethyl methacrylate
0007	1,2-ethenediyl)bis-, (E)-	U118 97–63–2	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-,
U090 94–58–6	1,3-Benzodioxole, 5-propyl-	<u>0110</u>	ethyl ester
<u>U090 94–58–6</u>	Dihydrosafrole	<u>U119 62–50–0</u>	Ethyl methanesulfonate
U091 119–90–4	[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-	U119 62–50–0	Methanesulfonic acid, ethyl
	diamine, 3,3'-dimethoxy-		ester
U091 119–90–4	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	U120 206-44-0	Fluoranthene
<u>U092 124–40–3</u>	Dimethylamine (I)	U121 75–69–4	Methane, trichlorofluoro-
<u>U092 124–40–3</u>	Methanamine, -methyl-(I)	<u>U121 75–69–4</u>	Trichloromonofluoro-
<u>U093 60–11–7</u>	Benzenamine, N,N-		<u>methane</u>
	dimethyl-4-(phenylazo)-	<u>U122 50–00–0</u>	<u>Formaldehyde</u>
<u>U093 60–11–7</u>	p-Dimethylamino	<u>U123 64–18–6</u>	Formic acid (C,T)
	<u>azobenzene</u>	<u>U124 110–00–9</u>	<u>Furan (I)</u>
<u>U094 57–97–6</u>	Benz[a]anthracene, 7,12-	<u>U124 110–00–9</u>	Furfuran (I)
	<u>dimethyl-</u>	<u>U125 98–01–1</u>	2-Furancarboxaldehyde (I)
<u>U094 57–97–6</u>	7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]	<u>U125 98–01–1</u>	Furfural (I)
	<u>anthracene</u>	<u>U126 765–34–4</u>	Glycidylaldehyde
<u>U095 119–93–7</u>	[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-	<u>U126 765–34–4</u>	Oxiranecarboxyaldehyde
*****	diamine, 3,3'-dimethyl-	<u>U127 118–74–1</u>	Benzene, hexachloro-
<u>U095 119–93–7</u>	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	<u>U127 118–74–1</u>	Hexachlorobenzene
<u>U096 80–15–9</u>	alpha,alpha-Dimethyl	<u>U128 87–68–3</u>	1,3-Butadiene, 1,1,2,3,4,4- hexachloro-
U096 80–15–9	<u>benzylhydroperoxide (R)</u> Hydroperoxide, 1-methyl-1-	U128 87–68–3	Hexachlorobutadiene
0090 80–13–9	phenylethyl-(R)	<u>U129 58–89–9</u>	Cyclohexane, 1,2,3,4,5,6-
U097 79–44–7	Carbamic chloride,	<u>0129 38–89–9</u>	hexachloro-, (1alpha,2alpha,
0097 19-44-1	dimethyl-		3beta,4alpha,5alpha,6beta)-
U097 79–44–7	Dimethylcarbamoyl chloride	U129 58–89–9	Lindane
U098 57–14–7	1,1-Dimethylhydrazine	U130 77–47–4	1,3-Cyclopentadiene,
<u>U098 57–14–7</u>	Hydrazine, 1,1-dimethyl-		1,2,3,4,5,5-hexachloro-
U099 540–73–8	1,2-Dimethylhydrazine	U130 77–47–4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
U099 540–73–8	Hydrazine, 1,2-dimethyl-	<u>U131 67–72–1</u>	Ethane, hexachloro-
<u>U101 105–67–9</u>	2,4-Dimethylphenol	<u>U131 67–72–1</u>	Hexachloroethane
<u>U101 105–67–9</u>	Phenol, 2,4-dimethyl-	<u>U132 70–30–4</u>	<u>Hexachlorophene</u>
<u>U102 131–11–3</u>	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	<u>U132 70–30–4</u>	Phenol, 2,2'-methylene
	acid, dimethyl ester		bis[3,4,6-trichloro-
<u>U102 131–11–3</u>	Dimethyl phthalate	<u>U133 302–01–2</u>	<u>Hydrazine (R,T)</u>
<u>U103 77–78–1</u>	Dimethyl sulfate	<u>U134 7664–39–3</u>	Hydrofluoric acid (C,T)
<u>U103 77–78–1</u>	Sulfuric acid, dimethyl ester	<u>U134</u>	Hydrogen fluoride (C,T)
<u>U105 121–14–2</u>	Benzene, 1-methyl-2,4-	<u>U135</u>	Hydrogen sulfide
11105 121 14 2	<u>dinitro-</u> 2,4-Dinitrotoluene	<u>U135</u>	Hydrogen sulfide H ₂ S Arsinic acid, dimethyl-
<u>U105 121–14–2</u> <u>U106 606–20–2</u>	Benzene, 2-methyl-1,3-	<u>U136 75–60–5</u> <u>U136 75–60–5</u>	Cacodylic acid
0100 000-20-2	dinitro-	U137 193–39–5	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene
<u>U106</u> 606–20–2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	U138	Methane, iodo-
<u>U107 117–84–0</u>	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic	U138 74–88–4	Methyl iodide
0107 117 01 0	acid, dioctyl ester	U140 78–83–1	Isobutyl alcohol (I,T)
U107 117-84-0	Di-n-octyl phthalate	U140 78–83–1	1-Propanol, 2-methyl- (I,T)
U108 123–91–1	1,4-Diethyleneoxide	<u>U141 120–58–1</u>	1,3-Benzodioxole, 5-(1-
<u>U108 123–91–1</u>	1,4-Dioxane		propenyl)-
<u>U109 122–66–7</u>		U141 120-58-1	<u>Isosafrole</u>
<u>0109 122–00–7</u>	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine		
<u>U109 122–66–7</u>	Hydrazine, 1,2-diphenyl-	<u>U142 143–50–0</u>	<u>Kepone</u>
<u>U109 122–66–7</u> <u>U110 142–84–7</u>	Hydrazine, 1,2-diphenyl- Dipropylamine (I)		1,3,4-Metheno-2H-
U109 122–66–7 U110 142–84–7 U110 142–84–7	Hydrazine, 1,2-diphenyl- Dipropylamine (I) 1-Propanamine, N-propyl-(I)	<u>U142 143–50–0</u>	1,3,4-Metheno-2H-cyclobuta[cd]pentalen-2-
U109 122–66–7 U110 142–84–7 U110 142–84–7 U111 621–64–7	Hydrazine, 1,2-diphenyl- Dipropylamine (I) 1-Propanamine, N-propyl-(I) Di-n-propylnitrosamine	<u>U142 143–50–0</u>	1,3,4-Metheno-2H- cyclobuta[cd]pentalen-2- one, 1,1a,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-
U109 122–66–7 U110 142–84–7 U110 142–84–7	Hydrazine, 1,2-diphenyl- Dipropylamine (I) 1-Propanamine, N-propyl-(I) Di-n-propylnitrosamine 1-Propanamine, N-nitroso-	<u>U142143–50–0</u> <u>U142143–50–0</u>	1,3,4-Metheno-2H-cyclobuta[cd]pentalen-2-one, 1,1a,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-decachlorooctahydro-
U109 122–66–7 U110 142–84–7 U110 142–84–7 U111 621–64–7 U111 621–64–7	Hydrazine, 1,2-diphenyl- Dipropylamine (I) 1-Propanamine, N-propyl-(I) Di-n-propylnitrosamine 1-Propanamine, N-nitroso- N-propyl-	<u>U142 143–50–0</u>	1,3,4-Metheno-2H-cyclobuta[cd]pentalen-2-one, 1,1a,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-decachlorooctahydro-2-Butenoic acid, 2-methyl-,
U109 122–66–7 U110 142–84–7 U110 142–84–7 U111 621–64–7 U111 621–64–7	Hydrazine, 1,2-diphenyl- Dipropylamine (I) 1-Propanamine, N-propyl-(I) Di-n-propylnitrosamine 1-Propanamine, N-nitroso- N-propyl- Acetic acid ethyl ester (I)	<u>U142143–50–0</u> <u>U142143–50–0</u>	1,3,4-Metheno-2H-cyclobuta[cd]pentalen-2-one, 1,1a,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-decachlorooctahydro-2-Butenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 7-[[2,3-dihydroxy-2-(1-
U109 122–66–7 U110 142–84–7 U110 142–84–7 U111 621–64–7 U111 621–64–7	Hydrazine, 1,2-diphenyl- Dipropylamine (I) 1-Propanamine, N-propyl-(I) Di-n-propylnitrosamine 1-Propanamine, N-nitroso- N-propyl-	<u>U142143–50–0</u> <u>U142143–50–0</u>	1,3,4-Metheno-2H-cyclobuta[cd]pentalen-2-one, 1,1a,3,3a,4,5,5,5a,5b,6-decachlorooctahydro-2-Butenoic acid, 2-methyl-,

	tetrahydro-1H- pyrrolizin-1-	<u>U169 98–95–3</u>	Nitrobenzene (I,T)
	yl ester, [1S-[1alpha(Z),	<u>U170 100–02–7</u>	p-Nitrophenol
	7(2S*,3R*), 7aalpha]]-	<u>U170 100–02–7</u>	Phenol, 4-nitro-
<u>U143 303–34–4</u>	<u>Lasiocarpine</u>	<u>U171 79–46–9</u>	2-Nitropropane (I,T)
<u>U144 301–04–2</u>	Acetic acid, lead(2+) salt	<u>U171 79–46–9</u>	Propane, 2-nitro- (I,T)
<u>U144 301–04–2</u>	<u>Lead acetate</u>	<u>U172 924–16–3</u>	1-Butanamine, N-butyl-N-
<u>U145 7446–27–7</u>	<u>Lead phosphate</u>		nitroso-
<u>U145 7446–27–7</u>	Phosphoric acid, lead(2+)	<u>U172 924–16–3</u>	N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine
	<u>salt (2:3)</u>	<u>U173 1116–54–7</u>	Ethanol, 2,2'-(nitroso
<u>U146 1335–32–6</u>	Lead, bis(acetato-O)tetra		imino)bis-
	<u>hydroxytri-</u>	<u>U173 1116–54–7</u>	N-Nitrosodiethanolamine
<u>U146 1335–32–6</u>	<u>Lead subacetate</u>	<u>U174 55–18–5</u>	Ethanamine, -ethyl-N-
<u>U147 108–31–6</u>	2,5-Furandione		nitroso-
<u>U147 108–31–6</u>	Maleic anhydride	<u>U174 55–18–5</u>	N-Nitrosodiethylamine
<u>U148 123–33–1</u>	Maleic hydrazide	<u>U176</u>	N-Nitroso-N-ethylurea
<u>U148 123–33–1</u>	3,6-Pyridazinedione, 1,2-	<u>U176 759–73–9</u>	Urea, N-ethyl-N-nitroso-
11140 100 77 2	dihydro-	<u>U177 684–93–5</u> U177 684–93–5	N-Nitroso-N-methylurea
<u>U149 109–77–3</u> <u>U149 109–77–3</u>	Malononitrile Propanedinitrile	<u>U177 684–93–3</u> U178 615–53–2	<u>Urea, N-methyl-N-nitroso-</u> Carbamic acid, methyl
U150 148–82–3	Melphalan	<u>U1/8 613–33–2</u>	nitroso-, ethyl ester
<u>U150 148–82–3</u> <u>U150 148–82–3</u>	L-Phenylalanine, 4-[bis(2-	<u>U178 615–53–2</u>	N-Nitroso-N-methylurethane
0130 146-62-3	chloroethyl)amino]-	<u>U178 100–75–4</u>	N-Nitrosopiperidine
U151 7439–97–6	Mercury	<u>U179 100–73–4</u> <u>U179 100–75–4</u>	Piperidine, 1-nitroso-
U152 126–98–7	Methacrylonitrile (I,T)	U180 930–55–2	N-Nitrosopyrrolidine
U152 126–98–7	2-Propenenitrile, 2-methyl-	U180 930–55–2	Pyrrolidine, 1-nitroso-
0132120 70 1	(I,T)	U181 99–55–8	Benzenamine, 2-methyl-5-
<u>U153 74–93–1</u>	Methanethiol (I,T)	0101 // 55 0	nitro-
U153 74–93–1	Thiomethanol (I,T)	U181 99–55–8 5-	Nitro-o-toluidine
U154 67–56–1	Methanol (I)	<u>U182 123–63–7</u>	1.3.5-Trioxane, 2.4.6-
U154 67–56–1	Methyl alcohol (I)	<u></u>	trimethyl-
U155 91–80–5	1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N-	<u>U182 123–63–7</u>	Paraldehyde
	dimethyl-N'-2-pyridinyl-	U183 608–93–5	Benzene, pentachloro-
	N'-(2-thienylmethyl)-	<u>U183 608–93–5</u>	Pentachlorobenzene
<u>U155 91–80–5</u>	Methapyrilene	U184 76–01–7	Ethane, pentachloro-
<u>U156 79–22–1</u>	Carbonochloridic acid,	<u>U184 76–01–7</u>	Pentachloroethane
	methyl ester (I,T)	<u>U185 82–68–8</u>	Benzene, pentachloronitro-
<u>U156 79–22–1</u>	Methyl chlorocarbonate	<u>U185 82–68–8</u>	<u>Pentachloronitrobenzene</u>
	<u>(I,T)</u>		(PCNB)
<u>U157 56–49–5</u>	Benz[j]aceanthrylene, 1,2-	<u>U186 504–60–9</u>	1-Methylbutadiene (I)
	dihydro-3-methyl-	<u>U186 504–60–9</u>	1,3-Pentadiene (I)
<u>U157 56–49–5</u>	3-Methylcholanthrene	<u>U187 62–44–2</u>	Acetamide, -(4-ethoxy
<u>U158 101–14–4</u>	Benzenamine, 4,4'-	11107 62 44 2	phenyl)-
11150 101 14 4	methylenebis[2-chloro- 4.4'-Methylenebis(2-	<u>U187 62–44–2</u>	<u>Phenacetin</u>
<u>U158 101–14–4</u>	<u>4,4 -Methylenebis(2-</u> chloroaniline)	<u>U188 108–95–2</u> U189 1314–80–3	Phenol Phosphorus sulfide (R)
U159 78–93–3	2-Butanone (I.T)	U189 1314–80–3	Sulfur phosphide (R)
	Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	· ·	1,3-Isobenzofurandione
<u>U159 78–93–3</u>	(I,T)	<u>U190 85–44–9</u> U190 85–44–9	Phthalic anhydride
U160 1338–23–4	2-Butanone, peroxide (R,T)	U191 109–06–8	2-Picoline
U160 1338–23–4	Methyl ethyl ketone	U191 109–06–8	Pyridine, 2-methyl-
<u> </u>	peroxide (R,T)	<u>U192 23950–58–5</u>	Benzamide, 3,5-dichloro-N-
U161 108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone (I)		(1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl)-
U161 108–10–1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (I)	<u>U192 23950–58–5</u>	Pronamide
<u>U161 108–10–1</u>	Pentanol, 4-methyl-	U193 1120–71–4	1,2-Oxathiolane, 2,2-dioxide
<u>U162 80–62–6</u>	Methyl methacrylate (I,T)	<u>U193 1120–71–4</u>	1,3-Propane sultone
<u>U162 80–62–6</u>	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-,	<u>U194 107–10–8</u>	1-Propanamine (I,T)
	methyl ester (I,T)	<u>U194 107–10–8</u>	n-Propylamine (I,T)
<u>U163 70–25–7</u>	Guanidine, -methyl-N'-	<u>U196 110–86–1</u>	<u>Pyridine</u>
	nitro-N-nitroso-	<u>U197 106–51–4</u>	p-Benzoquinone
<u>U163 70–25–7</u>	<u>MNNG</u>	<u>U197 106–51–4</u>	2,5-Cyclohexadiene-1,4-
<u>U164 56–04–2</u>	<u>Methylthiouracil</u>		<u>dione</u>
<u>U164 56–04–2</u>	4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2,3-	<u>U200 50–55–5</u>	Reserpine
	dihydro-6-methyl-2-thioxo-	<u>U200 50–55–5</u>	Yohimban-16-carboxylic
<u>U165 91–20–3</u>	<u>Naphthalene</u>		acid, 11,17-dimethoxy-18-
<u>U166 130–15–4</u>	1,4-Naphthalenedione		[(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoyl)
<u>U166 130–15–4</u>	1,4-Naphthoquinone		oxy]-, methyl ester, (3beta,
<u>U167 134–32–7</u>	1-Naphthalenamine		16beta, 17alpha, 18beta,
<u>U167 134–32–7</u>	alpha-Naphthylamine	100 46 2	20alpha)-
<u>U168 91–59–8</u> U168 91–59–8	2-Naphthalenamine beta-Naphthylamine	<u>U201 108–46–3</u> U201 108–46–3	1,3-Benzenediol Resorcinol
<u>U168 91–39–8</u> <u>U169 98–95–3</u>	Benzene, nitro-	<u>U201 108–46–3</u> <u>U202 181–07–2</u>	1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-
<u>U 1 U 7 70-7J-J</u>	Denzene, muo-	0202 101-07-2	1,2-Denzisounazur-3(2H)-

	1 1 1' '1 0 1	ı	1 1 1 1 1
U202 181–07–2	one, 1,1-dioxide, & salts Saccharin, & salts	U236 72–57–1	hydroxy]-, tetrasodium salt Trypan blue
U203 94–59–7	1,3-Benzodioxole, 5-(2-	U237 66–75–1	2,4-(1H,3H)-
<u>0203</u>	propenyl)-	0237 00 73 1	Pyrimidinedione, 5-[bis(2-
U203 94–59–7	Safrole		chloroethyl)amino]-
<u>U204 7783–00–8</u>	Selenious acid	<u>U237 66–75–1</u>	Uracil mustard
<u>U204 7783–00–8</u>	Selenium dioxide	<u>U238 51–79–6</u>	Carbamic acid, ethyl ester
<u>U205 7488–56–4</u>	Selenium sulfide	<u>U238 51–79–6</u>	Ethyl carbamate (urethane)
<u>U205 7488–56–4</u>	Selenium sulfide SeS ₂ (R,T)	<u>U239 1330–20–7</u>	Benzene, dimethyl- (I,T)
<u>U206 18883–66–4</u>	Glucopyranose, 2-deoxy-2-	<u>U239 1330–20–7</u>	Xylene (I)
	(3-methyl-3-nitrosoureido)-,	<u>U240 194–75–7</u>	Acetic acid, (2,4-dichloro
10002 66 4	<u>D-</u>	11240 04 75 7	phenoxy)-, salts & esters
<u>U206 18883–66–4</u>	D-Glucose, 2-deoxy-2-	<u>U240 194–75–7</u>	2,4-D, salts & esters
	[[(methylnitroso amino)- carbonyl]amino]-	<u>U243 1888–71–7</u> U243 1888–71–7	Hexachloropropene 1-Propene, 1,1,2,3,3,3-
U206 18883-66-4	Streptozotocin	<u>0243 1888–71–7</u>	hexachloro-
U207 95–94–3	Benzene, 1,2,4,5-tetra	U244 137–26–8	<u>Thioperoxydicarbonic</u>
0207	chloro-	0211137 20 0	diamide $[(H_2N)C(S)]_2 S_2$,
<u>U207 95–94–3</u>	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene		tetramethyl-
U208 630–20–6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-	<u>U244 137–26–8</u>	Thiram
<u>U208 630–20–6</u>	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	<u>U246 506–68–3</u>	Cyanogen bromide (CN)Br
<u>U209 79–34–5</u>	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-	<u>U247 72–43–5</u>	Benzene, 1,1'-(2,2,2-
<u>U209 79–34–5</u>	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		trichloroethylidene)bis[4-
<u>U210 127–18–4</u>	Ethene, tetrachloro-		methoxy-
<u>U210 127–18–4</u>	<u>Tetrachloroethylene</u>	<u>U247 72–43–5</u>	<u>Methoxychlor</u>
<u>U211 56–23–5</u>	Carbon tetrachloride	<u>U248 181–81–2</u>	2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one, 4-
<u>U211 56–23–5</u>	Methane, tetrachloro-		hydroxy-3-(3-oxo-1-phenyl-
<u>U213 109–99–9</u>	Furan, tetrahydro-(I)		butyl)-, & salts, when
<u>U213 109–99–9</u> U214 563–68–8	Tetrahydrofuran (I) Acetic acid, thallium(1+)		present at concentrations of 0.3% or less
0214 303-08-8	salt	U248 1 81–81–2	Warfarin, & salts, when
<u>U214 563–68–8</u>	Thallium(I) acetate	<u>U248 1 81-81-2</u>	present at concentrations of
<u>U215 6533–73–9</u>	Carbonic acid,		0.3% or less
0213	dithallium(1+) salt	U249 1314–84–7	Zinc phosphide Zn3 P2,
U215 6533-73-9	Thallium(I) carbonate		when present at concentra
<u>U216 7791–12–0</u>	Thallium(I) chloride		tions of 10% or less
<u>U216 7791–12–0</u>	Thallium chloride TlCl	<u>U271 17804–35–2</u>	Benomyl
<u>U217 10102–45–1</u>	Nitric acid, thallium(1+) salt	<u>U271 17804–35–2</u>	Carbamic acid, [1-
<u>U217 10102–45–1</u>	<u>Thallium(I) nitrate</u>		[(butylamino)carbonyl]-1H-
<u>U218 62–55–5</u>	<u>Ethanethioamide</u>		benzimidazol-2-yl]-, methyl
<u>U218 62–55–5</u>	<u>Thioacetamide</u>		ester
<u>U219 62–56–6</u>	<u>Thiourea</u>	<u>U278 22781–23–3</u>	Bendiocarb
<u>U220 108–88–3</u>	Benzene, methyl-	<u>U278 22781–23–3</u>	1,3-Benzodioxol-4-ol, 2,2-
<u>U220 108–88–3</u> <u>U221 25376–45–8</u>	<u>Toluene</u> Benzenediamine, ar-methyl-	<u>U279 63–25–2</u>	dimethyl-, methyl carbamate Carbaryl
U221 25376–45–8	Toluenediamine	<u>U279</u> 63–25–2	1-Naphthalenol, methyl
U222 636–21–5	Benzenamine, 2-methyl-,	0219 03-23-2	carbamate
0222 030-21-5	hydrochloride	<u>U280 101–27–9</u>	Barban
U222 636–21–5	o-Toluidine hydrochloride	U280 101–27–9	Carbamic acid, (3-chloro
U223 26471–62–5	Benzene, 1,3-		phenyl)-, 4-chloro-2-butynyl
	diisocyanatomethyl- (R,T)		ester
<u>U223 26471–62–5</u>	Toluene diisocyanate (R,T)	<u>U328 95–53–4</u>	Benzenamine, 2-methyl-
<u>U225 75–25–2</u>	<u>Bromoform</u>	<u>U328 95–53–4</u>	o-Toluidine
<u>U225 75–25–2</u>	Methane, tribromo-	<u>U353 106–49–0</u>	Benzenamine, 4-methyl-
<u>U226 71–55–6</u>	Ethane, 1,1,1-trichloro-	<u>U353 106–49–0</u>	p-Toluidine
<u>U226 71–55–6</u>	Methyl chloroform	<u>U359 110–80–5</u>	Ethanol, 2-ethoxy-
<u>U226 71–55–6</u>	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	<u>U359 110–80–5</u>	Ethylene glycol monoethyl
<u>U227 79–00–5</u>	Ethane, 1,1,2-trichloro-	11264 22061 82 6	ether Bendiocarb phenol
<u>U227 79–00–5</u> U228 79–01–6	1,1,2-Trichloroethane Ethene, trichloro-	<u>U364 22961–82–6</u> U364 22961–82–6	1,3-Benzodioxol-4-ol, 2,2-
<u>U228 79–01–0</u> <u>U228 79–01–6</u>	Trichloroethylene	0304 22901-82-0	dimethyl-,
<u>U234 99–35–4</u>	Benzene, 1,3,5-trinitro-	U367 1563–38–8	7-Benzofuranol, 2,3-
U234 99–35–4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene (R,T)	2227	dihydro-2,2-dimethyl-
<u>U235 126–72–7</u>	1-Propanol, 2,3-dibromo-,	<u>U367 1563–38–8</u>	Carbofuran phenol
	phosphate (3:1)	U372 10605–21–7	Carbamic acid, 1H-
<u>U235 126–72–7</u>	Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl)		benzimidazol-2-yl, methyl
	phosphate		ester
<u>U236 72–57–1</u>	2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic	<u>U372 10605–21–7</u>	Carbendazim
	acid, 3,3'-[(3,3'-dim-	<u>U373 122–42–9</u>	Carbamic acid, phenyl-, 1-
	ethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-		methylethyl ester
	diyl)bis(azo)bis[5-amino-4-	<u>U373 122–42–9</u>	<u>Propham</u>

<u>U387 52888–80–9</u>	Carbamothioic acid,
	dipropyl-, S-(phenylmethyl)
	ester
U387 52888–80–9	Prosulfocarb
U389 2303–17–5	Carbamothioic acid, bis(1-
<u>0307 2303 17 3</u>	methylethyl)-, S-(2,3,3-
	trichloro-2-propenyl) ester
11290 2202 17 5	* * *
<u>U389</u>	<u>Triallate</u>
<u>U394</u> <u>30558–43–1</u>	<u>A2213</u>
<u>U394 30558–43–1</u>	Ethanimidothioic acid, 2-
	(dimethylamino)-N-
	hydroxy-2-oxo-, methyl
	<u>ester</u>
<u>U395 5952–26–1</u>	Diethylene glycol,
	dicarbamate
U395 5952–26–1	Ethanol, 2,2'-oxybis-,
	dicarbamate
U404 121–44–8	Ethanamine, N,N-diethyl-
U404 121–44–8	Triethylamine
U409 23564–05–8	Carbamic acid, [1,2-
<u>0407 23304 03 0</u>	phenylenebis
	(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis-,
77400	dimethyl ester
<u>U409 23564–05–8</u>	Thiophanate-methyl
<u>U410 59669–26–0</u>	Ethanimidothioic acid,
	N,N'-[thiobis[(methylimino)
	carbonyloxy]]bis-, dimethyl
	<u>ester</u>
<u>U410 59669–26–0</u>	<u>Thiodicarb</u>
<u>U411 114–26–1</u>	Phenol, 2-(1-methylethoxy)-
	, methylcarbamate
<u>U411 114–26–1</u>	Propoxur
See F027 93–76–5	Acetic acid, (2,4,5-
<u>5661 627 mm 75 76 6</u>	trichlorophenoxy)-
See F027 87–86–5	Pentachlorophenol
See F027 87–86–5	Phenol, pentachloro-
See F027 58–90–2	Phenol, 2,3,4,6-tetrachloro-
See F027 95–95–4	Phenol, 2,4,5-trichloro-
See F027 88–06–2	Phenol, 2,4,6-trichloro-
See F027 93–72–1	Propanoic acid, 2-(2,4,5-
	trichlorophenoxy)-
See F027 93–72–1	<u>Silvex (2,4,5-TP)</u>
See F027 93–76–5	<u>2,4,5-T</u>
See F027 58–90–2	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol
See F027 95–95–4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
See F027 88–06–2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

12. **Section 261.38** is revised as follows:

- a. Amend the certification statement in paragraph (c)(1)(i)(C)(4) by revising the citation "261.28(c)(10)" to read "Section 261.38(c)(10)".
- b. **Section 261.38** of subsection D is moved to subsection E.

§ 261.38 Comparable/Syngas Fuel Exclusion.

(4) The following statement is signed and submitted by the person claiming the exclusion or his authorized representative: Under penalty of criminal and civil prosecution for making or submitting false statements, representations, or omissions, I certify that the requirements of APC&EC Regulation No. 23, § 261.38 have been met for all waste identified in this notification. Copies of the records and information required at 40 CFR 261.28(c)(10) APC&EC Regulation No. 23, **§261.38** (c)(10) are available at the comparable/syngas fuel generator's facility. Based on my inquiry of the individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, the information is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

* * * * *

13. **Section 261** is amended by adding Subsection E to read as follows:

Subsection E— Exclusions/Exemptions

§ 261.38 Comparable/Syngas Fuel Exclusion.

§ 261.39 Conditional Exclusion for Used, Broken Cathode Ray Tubes (CRTs) and Processed CRT Glass Undergoing Recycling.

§ 261.40 Conditional Exclusion for Used, Intact Cathode Ray Tubes (CRTs) Exported for Recycling.

§ 261.41 Notification and Recordkeeping for Used, Intact Cathode Ray Tubes (CRTs) Exported for Reuse.

Subsection E—Exclusions/Exemptions

* * * * *

§ 261.39 Conditional Exclusion for Used, Broken Cathode Ray Tubes (CRTs) and Processed CRT Glass Undergoing Recycling.

<u>Used, broken CRTs are not solid wastes if they meet the</u> following conditions:

- (a) Prior to processing: These materials are not solid wastes if they are destined for recycling and if they meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Storage. The broken CRTs must be either:
 (i) Stored in a building with a roof, floor, and walls, or
 - (ii) Placed in a container (i.e., a package or a vehicle) that is constructed, filled, and closed to minimize releases to the environment of CRT glass (including fine solid materials).
 - (2) Labeling. Each container in which the

- used, broken CRT is contained must be labeled or marked clearly with one of the following phrases: "Used cathode ray tube(s)-contains leaded glass" or "Leaded glass from televisions or computers." It must also be labeled: "Do not mix with other glass materials."
- (3) Transportation. The used, broken CRTs must be transported in a container meeting the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1)(ii) and (2) of this section.
- (4) Speculative accumulation and use constituting disposal. The used, broken CRTs are subject to the limitations on speculative accumulation as defined in paragraph (c)(8) of this section. If they are used in a manner constituting disposal, they must comply with the applicable requirements of Section 266, Subsection C of this regulation instead of the requirements of this section.
- (5) Exports. In addition to the applicable conditions specified in paragraphs (a)(1)-(4) of this section, exporters of used, broken CRTs must comply with the following requirements:
 - (i) Notify the U.S. EPA of an intended export before the CRTs are scheduled to leave the United States. A complete notification should be submitted sixty (60) days before the initial shipment is intended to be shipped off-site. This notification may cover export activities extending over a twelve (12) month or lesser period. The notification must be in writing, signed by the exporter, and include the following information:
 - (A) Name, mailing address, telephone number and EPA ID number (if applicable) of the exporter of the CRTs.
 - (B) The estimated frequency or rate at which the CRTs are to be exported and the period of time over which they are to be exported.
 - (C) The estimated total quantity of CRTs specified in kilograms.
 - (D) All points of entry to and departure from each foreign country through which the CRTs will pass.
 - (E) A description of the means by which each shipment of the CRTs will be transported (e.g., mode of transportation vehicle (air, highway, rail, water, etc.), type(s) of container (drums, boxes, tanks, etc.)).
 - (F) The name and address of the recycler and any alternate recycler.
 - (G) A description of the manner in which the CRTs will be recycled in the foreign country that will be receiving the

CRTs.

- (H) The name of any transit country through which the CRTs will be sent and a description of the approximate length of time the CRTs will remain in such country and the nature of their handling while there.
- (ii) Notifications submitted by mail should be sent to the following mailing address: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division, (Mail Code 2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460. Hand-delivered notifications should be sent to: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division, (Mail Code 2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., Room 6144, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC. In both cases, the following shall be prominently displayed on the front of the envelope: "Attention: Notification of Intent to **Export CRTs."**
- (iii) Upon request by EPA, the exporter shall furnish to EPA any additional information which a receiving country requests in order to respond to a notification.
- (iv) EPA will provide a complete notification to the receiving country and any transit countries. A notification is complete when EPA receives a notification which EPA determines satisfies the requirements of paragraph (a)(5)(i) of this section. Where a claim of confidentiality is asserted with respect to any notification information required by paragraph (a)(5)(i) of this section, EPA may find the notification not complete until any such claim is resolved in accordance with 40 CFR 260.2 (equivalent to § 260.2 of this regulation).
- (v) The export of CRTs is prohibited unless the receiving country consents to the intended export. When the receiving country consents in writing to the receipt of the CRTs, EPA will forward an Acknowledgment of Consent to Export CRTs to the exporter. Where the receiving country objects to receipt of the CRTs or withdraws a prior consent, EPA will notify the exporter in writing. EPA will also notify the exporter of any responses from transit countries.
- (vi) When the conditions specified on the original notification change, the exporter must provide EPA with a written

renotification of the change, except for changes to the telephone number in paragraph (a)(5)(i)(A) of this section and decreases in the quantity indicated pursuant to paragraph (a)(5)(i)(C) of this section. The shipment cannot take place until consent of the receiving country to the changes has been obtained (except for changes to information about points of entry and departure and transit countries pursuant to paragraphs (a)(5)(i)(D) and (a)(5)(i)(H) of this section) and the exporter of CRTs receives from EPA a copy of the Acknowledgment of Consent to Export CRTs reflecting the receiving country's consent to the changes.

(vii) A copy of the Acknowledgment of Consent to Export CRTs must accompany the shipment of CRTs. The shipment must conform to the terms of the Acknowledgment.

(viii) If a shipment of CRTs cannot be delivered for any reason to the recycler or the alternate recycler, the exporter of CRTs must renotify EPA of a change in the conditions of the original notification to allow shipment to a new recycler in accordance with paragraph (a)(5)(vi) of this section and obtain another Acknowledgment of Consent to Export CRTs.

(ix) Exporters must keep copies of notifications and Acknowledgments of Consent to Export CRTs for a period of three years following receipt of the Acknowledgment.

(b) Requirements for used CRT processing: Used, broken CRTs undergoing CRT processing as defined in § 260.10 of this regulation are not solid wastes if they meet the following requirements:

(1) Storage. Used, broken CRTs undergoing processing are subject to the requirement of paragraph (a)(4) of this section.

(2) Processing.

(i) All activities specified in paragraphs (2) and (3) of the definition of "CRT processing" in § 260.10 of this regulation must be performed within a building with a roof, floor, and walls; and

(ii) No activities may be performed that use temperatures high enough to volatilize lead from CRTs.

(c) Processed CRT glass sent to CRT glass making or lead smelting: Glass from used CRTs that is destined for recycling at a CRT glass manufacturer or a lead smelter after processing is not a solid waste unless it is speculatively accumulated as defined in § 261.1(c)(8).

(d) Use constituting disposal: Glass from used CRTs that is used in a manner constituting disposal must com-

ply with the requirements of Section 266, subsection C of this regulation instead of the requirements of this section.

§ 261.40 Conditional Exclusion for Used, Intact Cathode Ray Tubes (CRTs) Exported for Recycling.

Used, intact CRTs exported for recycling are not solid wastes if they meet the notice and consent conditions of § 261.39(a)(5), and if they are not speculatively accumulated as defined in § 261.1(c)(8).

§ 261.41 Notification and Recordkeeping for Used, Intact Cathode Ray Tubes (CRTs) Exported for Reuse.

(a) Persons who export used, intact CRTs for reuse must send a one- time notification to the EPA Regional Administrator. The notification must include a statement that the notifier plans to export used, intact CRTs for reuse, the notifier's name, address, and EPA ID number (if applicable) and the name and phone number of a contact person.

(b) Persons who export used, intact CRTs for reuse must keep copies of normal business records, such as contracts, demonstrating that each shipment of exported CRTs will be reused. This documentation must be retained for a period of at least three years from the date the CRTs were exported.

Appendix VII to Section 261—[Amended]

14. In **Section 261 Appendix VII**, amend the entries for "F002", "F038", "F039", "K001", and "K073" as follows:

- a. In the second column of the "F002" row, revise "trichfluoroethane" to read "trifluoroethane";
- b. In the second column of the "F038" row, add a comma between "benzo(a)pyrene" and "chrysene" to read "benzo(a)pyrene, chrysene";
- c. In the second column of the "F039" row, revise the citation "\\$ 268.43(a)" to read "\\$ 268.43";
- d. In the second column of the "K001" row, revise "cresosote" to read "creosote";
- e. In the second column of the "K073" row, revise "hexacholroethane" to read "hexachloroethane".

Appendix VII to Section 261 — Basis for Listing Hazardous Waste

F002 Tetrachloroethylene, methylene chloride, trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, chlorobenzene, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, 1,2,2-trichfluoroethane, trifluoroethane, orthodichlorobenzene,



trichlorofluoromethane.

F038 Benzene, benzo(a)pyrene chrysene benzo(a)pyrene, chrysene, lead, chromium.

F039 All constituents for which treatment standards are specified for multi-source leachate (wastewaters and nonwastewaters) under § 268.43(a) § 268.43, Table CCW of this Regulation.. ****

K001 Pentachlorophenol, phenol, 2-chlorophenol, p-chloro-m-cresol, 2,4dimethylphenyl, 2,4-dinitrophenol, trichlorophenols, tetrachlorophenols, 2,4-dinitrophenol, eresosote <u>creosote</u>, chrysene, naph thalene, fluoranthene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, indeno(1,2,3cd)pyrene, benz(a)anthracene, dibenz(a)anthracene, acenaphthalene.

K073 Chloroform, carbon tetrachloride, hexacholroethane hexachloroethane, trichloroethane, tetrachloroethylene, dichloroethylene, 1,1,2,2tetrachloroethane.

- 15. Amend **Section 261 Appendix VIII** by amending the entries for "Allyl chloride", "Benzidine", § 1,2-Dichloroethylene", "Lasiocarpine", and "Nitrosamines, N.O.S." to read as follows:
- a. In the third column of the "Allyl chloride" row, revise "107-18-6" to read "107-05-1";
- b. In the second column of the "Benzidine" row, amend "-4,41-" by changing the superscript "1" to the symbol "" to read, "-4,4'-";
- c. In the second column of the "1,2-Dichloroethylene" row, revise "-dichlrol-" to read "-dichloro-";
- d. In the third and fourth columns of the "Lasiocarpine" row, revise "303-34-1" to read "303-34-4"; and revise "4143" to read "U143";
- e. In the third column of the "Nitrosamines, N.O.S." row, revise "35576-91-1D" to read "35576-91-1".

Appendix VIII — Hazardous Constituents

35576-91-1D35576-91-1

* * * * *

Allyl chloride 1-Propane, 3-chloro 107-18-6*107-05-1* **** Benzidine [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'- -4,4'- diamine 92-87-5 U021 1,2-Dichloroethylene Ethene, 1,2-dichlrol-dichloro-, (E)-156-60-5 U079 Lasiocarpine 2-Butenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 303-34-1 *303-34-4* U143 7-[[2,3-dihydroxy-2-(1-methoxyethyl) -3-methyl-1-oxobutoxy]methyl]-2,3,5,7atetrahydro-1H-pyrrolizin-1-yl ester, [1S-[1alpha(Z),7(2S*,3R*),7aalpha]]-**** Nitrosamines, N.O.S.1

16. The entry in **Section 261, Appendix IX** for Tokusen USA, Inc. is removed and revoked as follows:

Tokusen USA, Inc. Conway, AR

Dewatered wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) sludge (EPA Hazardous Waste Nos. F006) generated at a maximum annual rate of 670 cubic yards per calendar year after December 31, 2002 and disposed of in a Subtitle D landfill. For the exclusion to be valid, Tokusen must implement a testing program that meets the following Paragraphs:

(1) Delisting Levels: All leachable concentrations for those constituents listed below in (i) and (ii) must not exceed the following levels (mg/l): Tokusen must use an acceptable leaching method, for example SW-846, Method 1311 to measure constituents in the waste leachate, dewatered WWTP sludge

> (i) Inorganic Constituents Antimony- 0.360 mg/l; Arsenic -0.0654 mg/l; Barium - 51.1 mg/l; Chromium - 5.0 mg/l; Cobalt - 15.7 mg/l; Copper - 7,350 mg/l; Lead - 5.0 mg/l; Nickel - 19.7 mg/l; Selenium - 1.0 mg/l; Silver - 2.68 mg/l; Vanadium - 14.8 mg/l; Zinc - 196 mg/l.

> (ii) OrganicConstituents 1,4-Dichlorobenzene - 3.03 mg/l; Hexachlorobutadiene - 0.21 mg/l.

(2) Waste Holding and Handling: Tokusen must store the dewatered WWTP sludge as described in its RCRA permit, or continue to dispose of as hazardous all dewatered WWTP sludge generated, until they have completed verification testing described in Paragraph (3)(A) and (B), as appropriate, and valid analyses show that paragraph (1) is satisfied.

(A) Not used.

(B) Levels of constituents measured in the samples of the dewatered WWTP sludge that do not exceed the levels set forth in Paragraph (1) are non-hazardous. Tokusen can manage and dispose the non-hazardous dewatered WWTP sludge according to all applicable solid waste regulations.

(C) If constituent levels in a sample exceed any of the delisting levels set in Paragraph (1), Tokusen must re-treat the batches of waste used to generate the representative sample until it meets the levels. Tokusen must repeat the analyses of the treated waste.

(D) If the facility has not treated the waste, Tokusen must manage and dispose the waste generated under Subtitle C of RCRA-

(3) Verification Testing Requirements: Tokusen must perform sample collection and analyses, including quality control procedures, using appropriate methods. As applicable to the method-defined parameters concern, analyses requiring the use of SW-846 methods incorporated by reference in § 260.11 of this regulation must be used without substitution. applicable, the SW-846 methods might include Methods 0010, 0011, 0020, 0023A. 0030, 0031, 0040, 0050, 0051, 0060, 0061, 1010A, 1020B, 1110A, 1310B, 1311, 1312, 1320, 1330A, 9010C, 9012B, 9040C, 9045D, 9060A, 9070A (uses EPA Method 1664, Rev.A), 9071B, and 9095B. If the Department and EPA judge the process to be effective under the operating conditions used during the initial verification testing, Tokusen may replace the testing required in Paragraph (3)(A) with the testing required in Paragraph (3)(B). Tokusen must continue to test as specified in Paragraph (3)(A) until and unless notified by EPA and the Department in writing that testing in Paragraph (3)(A) may be replaced by Paragraph (3)(B).

> (A) Initial Verification Testing: After EPA and ADEQ grant this final exclusion. Tokusen must do the following:

- (i) Collect and analyze composites of the dewatered WWTP sludge.
- (ii) Make two composites of representative grab samples
- (iii) Analyze the waste, before disposal, for all of the constituents listed in Paragraph 1.
- (iv) Sixty (60) days after this exclusion becomes final, report to EPA and ADEQ the operational and analytical test data, including quality control information.
- (B) Subsequent Verification Testing: Following written notification by EPA and the Department, Tokusen may substitute the testing conditions in (3)(B) for (3)(A). Tokusen must continue to monitor operating conditions, and analyze representative samples each quarter of operation during the first year of waste generation using appropriate methods. As applicable to method-defined parameters of concern, analyses requiring the

use SW-846 methods incorporated by reference in § 260.11 must be used without substitution. As applicable, the SW-846 methods might include Methods 0010, 0011, 0020, 0023A, 0030, 0031, 0040, 0050, 0051, 0060, 0061, 1010A, 1020B, 1110A, 1310B, 1311, 1312, 1320, 1330A, 9010C, 9012B, 9040C, 9045D, 9060A, 9070A (uses EPA Method 1664, Rev. A), 9071B, and 9095B. The samples must represent the waste generated during the quarter.

(C) Termination of Organic Testing:

(i) Tokusen must continue testing as required under Paragraph (3)(B) for organic constituents in Paragraph (1)(A)(ii), until the analytical results submitted under Paragraph (3)(B) show a minimum of two consecutive samples below the delisting levels in Paragraph (1)(A)(i), Tokusen may then request that EPA and the Department stop quarterly organic testing. After EPA and ADEQ notify Tokusen in writing, the company may end quarterly organic testing.

(ii) Following cancellation of the quarterly testing, Tokusen must continue to test a representative composite sample for all constituents listed in Paragraph (1) annually (by twelve months after final exclusion) using appropriate methods. As applicable to method-defined parameters of concern, analyses requiring the use SW-846 methods incorporated by reference in § 260.11 must be used without substitution. As applicable, the SW-846 methods might include Methods 0010, 0011, 0020, 0023A, 0030, 0031, 0040, 0050, 0051, 0060, 0061, 1010A, 1020B, 1110A, 1310B, 1311, 1312, 1320, 1330A, 9010C, 9012B, 9040C, 9045D, 9060A, 9070A (uses EPA Method 1664, Rev. A), 9071B, and 9095B.

(4) Changes in Operating Conditions: If Tokusen significantly changes the process described in its petition or starts any processes that generate(s) the waste that may or could affect the composition or type of waste generated as established under Paragraph (1) (by illustration, but not limitation, changes in equipment or operating conditions of the treatment process), they must notify EPA and the Department in writing; they may no longer handle the waste generated from the new process as nonhazardous until the waste meets the delisting levels set in Paragraph (1) and they have received written approval to do so from EPA and the Department.

(5) Data Submittals: Tokusen must submit the information described below. If Tokusen fails to submit the required data within the specified time or maintain the required records on-site for the specified time, EPA and ADEO, at their discretion, will consider this sufficient basis to reopen the exclusion as described in Paragraph 6. Tokusen must:

> (A) Submit the data obtained through Paragraph 3 to the Region 6 Delisting Program, EPA, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas 75202-2733, Mail Code, (6PD-O) and to the Active Sites Branch, Hazardous Waste Division, ADEQ, 8001 National Drive, Little Rock, AR 72219 within the time specified.

> (B) Compile records of operating conditions and analytical data from Paragraph (3), summarized, and maintained on-site for a minimum of five years.

> (C) Furnish these records and data when EPA or the State of Arkansas request them for inspection.

> (D) A company official having supervisory responsibility should send along with all data a signed copy of the following certification statement, to attest to the truth and accuracy of the data submitted: "Under civil and criminal penalty of law for the making or submission of false or fraudulent statements or representations (pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Federal Code, which include, but may not be limited to, 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 42 U.S.C. 6928), I certify that the information contained in or accompanying this document is true, accurate and complete. As to the (those) identified section(s) of this document for which I cannot personally verify its (their) truth and accuracy, I certify as the company official having supervisory responsibility for the persons who, acting under my direct instructions, made the verification that this information is true, accurate and complete. If any of this information is determined by EPA or ADEQ in their sole discretion to be false, inaccurate or incomplete, and upon

conveyance of this fact to the company, I recognize and agree that this exclusion of waste will be void as if it never had effect or to the extent directed by EPA or ADEQ and that the company will be liable for any actions taken in contravention of the company's RCRA and CERCLA obligations premised upon the company's reliance on the void exclusion.

(6) Reopener.

(A) If, anytime after disposal of the delisted waste, Tokusen possesses or is otherwise made aware of any environmental data (including but not limited to leachate data or groundwater monitoring data) or any other data relevant to the delisted waste indicating that any constituent identified for the delisting verification testing is at a level higher than the delisting level allowed by the Director and the Regional Administrator or his delegate in granting the petition, then the facility must report the data, in writing, to the Director and the Regional Administrator or his delegate within 10 days of first possessing or being made aware of that data.

(B) If the annual testing of the waste does not meet the delisting requirements in Paragraph (1), Tokusen must report the data, in writing, to the Director and the Regional Administrator or his delegate within 10 days of first possessing or being made

(C) If Tokusen fails to submit the information described in paragraphs (5), (6)(A) or (6)(B) or if any other information is received from any source, the Director and/or Regional Administrator or his delegate will make a preliminary determination as to whether the reported information requires Department or Agency action to protect human health or the environment. Further action may include suspending, or revoking the exclusion, or other appropriate response necessary to protect human health and the environment.

(D) If the Director, or Regional Administrator or his delegate determines that the reported information does require Department or Agency action, the Director or Regional Administrator or his delegate will notify the facility in writing of the actions the Director, the Regional Administrator or his delegate believe are necessary to protect human health and the environment. The notice shall include a statement of the proposed action and a statement providing the facility with an opportunity to present information as to why the proposed Department or Agency action is not necessary. The facility shall have 10 days from the date of the Director's and/or the Regional Administrator or his delegate's notice to present such information.

(E) Following the receipt of information from the facility described in paragraph (6)(D) or (if no information is presented under paragraph (6)(D)) the initial receipt of information described in paragraphs (5), (6)(A) or (6)(B), the Director or the Regional Administrator or his delegate will issue a final written determination describing the Department and/or Agency actions that are necessary to protect human health or the environment. Any required action described in the Director's or the Regional Administrator or his delegate's determination shall become effective immediately, unless the Director or the Regional Administrator or his delegate provides otherwise.

(7) Notification Requirements: Tokusen must do the following before transporting the delisted waste. Failure to provide this notification will result in a violation of the delisting petition and a possible revocation of the decision:

> (A) Provide a one-time written notification to any State Regulatory Agency to which or through which they will transport the delisted waste described above for disposal, 60 days before beginning such activities.

(B) Update the one-time written notification if they ship the delisted waste into a different disposal facility.

Section 262—STANDARDS AP-PLICABLE TO GENERATORS OF **HAZARDOUS WASTE**

17. **Section 262.12** is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 262.12 EPA identification numbers.

(b) A generator who has not received an EPA identification number may obtain one by applying to the Director using the current version of EPA Form 8700-12 (RCRA Subtitle C Site Identification Form) (AR-09-99R). Upon receiving the request the Director will assign an EPA identification number to the generator.

18. Section 262.13 is amended by revising paragraph (f) to read as follows:

§ 262.13 State Requirements for Transportation of Waste from Generators of over 100 kgs per Month.

* * * * *

(f). Generators of hazardous wastes newly characterized as TC Toxic using the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) (§ 261.24) must notify this Department using the current version of EPA Form 8700-12 (RCRA Subtitle C Site Identification Form) (AR-11-91R) and obtain an EPA identification number. Generators who have previously notified the Department of hazardous waste activity and currently have an EPA identification number, but now determine that they produce a TC toxic waste must submit an amended EPA Form 8700-12(AR-09-99R) to the Department notifying that they generate TC toxic wastes in addition to other hazardous wastes previously reported. * * * * *

19. Amend § 262.32(b) after "HAZARDOUS WASTE" paragraph to add Generator's EPA Identification Number - ." after Generator's Name and Address — to read:

§ 262.32 Marking

HAZARDOUS WASTE *** Generator's Name and Address

Generator's EPA Identification Number

Manifest Tracking Number

* * * *

20. Section 262.34 is amended as follows:

a. Amend paragraph (a)(1)(iv) by removing the beginning phrase "The waste is placed in containment buildings" and adding in its place the phrase "In containment build-

b. Amend paragraph (j) by adding a "(" before "or one

§ 262.34 Accumulation time.

(a) * * *

(1) * * *

(iv) The waste is placed in containment buildings In containment buildings and the generator complies with subsection DD of § 265, has placed its professional engineer certification that the building complies with the design standards specified in § 265.1101 in the facility's operating record no later than 60 days after the date of initial operation of the unit. After February 18, 1993, certification by an Arkansas-registered professional engineer will be required prior to operation of the unit. The owner or operator shall maintain the following records at the facility:

(j) A member of the Performance Track Program who generates 1000 kg or greater of hazardous waste per month (or one kg or more of acute hazardous waste)

21. **Section 262.53** is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 262.53 Notification of intent to export.

(b) Notifications submitted by mail should be sent to the following mailing address: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting, and Data Division (2222A), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Hand-delivered notifications should be sent to: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting, and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., 12th St. and Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC. In both cases, the following shall be prominently displayed on the front of the envelope: "Attention: Notification of Intent to Export."

(b) Notifications submitted by mail should be sent to the following mailing address: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A), En-

vironmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460. Hand-delivered notifications should be sent to: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division, Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., Room 6144, 12th St. and Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20004. In both cases, the following shall be prominently displayed on the front of the envelope: "Attention: Notification of Intent to Export.".

* * * * *

22. Section **262.54** is amended at paragraph (c) by revising "Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information" to read "International Shipments block".

§ 262.54 Special manifest requirements.

* * * * *

(c) In Special Handling Instructions and Additional Information International Shipments block, the primary exporter must check the export box and enter the point of exit (city and State) from the United States;

* * * * *

23. **Section 262.56** is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 262.56 Annual reports.

* * * * *

(b) Annual reports submitted by mail should be sent to the following mailing address: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting, and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460. Hand-delivered reports should be sent to: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting, and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., 12th St. and Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC.

(b) Annual reports submitted by mail should be sent to the following mailing address: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460. Hand-delivered reports should be sent to: Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division, Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Bldg., Room 6144, 12th St. and Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20004.

.

24. **Section 262.58** is amended by revising paragraph (a)(1) to read as follows:

§ 262.58 International Agreements.

(a) * * *

(1) For the purposes of this Subsection, the designated OECD countries consist of Australia, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom, and the United States.

(1) For the purposes of Subsection H, the designated OECD Member countries consist of Australia, Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, the Slovak Republic, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

25. **Section 262.81** is amended at paragraph (k) by revising "RCRA Information Center (RIC), 1235 Jefferson-Davis Highway, first floor, Arlington, VA 22203" to read "RCRA Docket, EPA/DC, EPA West, Room B102, 1301 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460".

§ 262.81 Definitions.

* * * * *

(k) "Recovery operations" means activities leading to resource recovery, recycling, reclamation, direct re-use or alternative uses as listed in Table 2.B of the Annex of OECD Council Decision C(88)90(Final) of 27 May 1988, (available from the Environmental Protection Agency, RCRA Information Center (RIC), 1235 Jefferson-Davis Highway, first floor, Arlington, VA 22203 RCRA Docket, EPA/DC, EPA West, Room B102, 1301 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460 (Docket # F-94-IEHF-FFFFF) and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, Environment Direcorate, 2 rue Andre Pascal, 75775 Paris Cedex 16, France) which include:

* * * * *

26. In **Section 262.82**, amend paragraph (a)(1)(ii) by revising the phrase "Green-list waste" to read "Green-list wastes".

§ 262.82 General conditions.

(a) * * * (1) * * *

(ii) Green-list waste Green-list wastes that are sufficiently contaminated or mixed with amber-list wastes, such that the waste or waste

mixture is considered hazardous under U.S. national procedures, are subject to amber-list controls.

* * * * *

27. Section 262.83 is amended as follows:

a. Amend paragraph (b)(1)(i) by revising "Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A)" to read "Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A)".

b. Revise paragraph (b)(2)(i) to read as follows:

§ 262.83 Notification and consent.

* * * * * (b) * * * (1) * * *

> (i) Notification. At least 45 days prior to commencement of the transfrontier movement, the notifier must provide written notification in English of the proposed transfrontier movement to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A) Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, with the words "Attention: OECD Export Notification" prominently displayed on the envelope. This notification must include all of the information identified in paragraph (e) of this section. In cases where wastes having similar physical and chemical characteristics, the same United Nations classification, and the same RCRA waste codes are to be sent periodically to the same recovery facility by the same notifier, the notifier may submit one notification of intent to export these wastes in multiple shipments during a period of up to one year.

(2) * * *

(i) The notifier must provide EPA the information identified in paragraph (e) of this section in English, at least 10 days in advance of commencing shipment to a pre-approved facility. The notification should indicate that the recovery facility is pre-approved, and may apply to a single specific shipment or to multiple shipments as described in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section. This information must be sent to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection

Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, with the words "OECD Export Notification— Pre-approved Facility" prominently displayed on the envelope.

(i) The notifier must provide EPA the information identified in paragraph (e) of this section in English, at least 10 days in advance of commencing shipment to a preapproved facility. The notification should indicate that the recovery facility is preapproved, and may apply to a single specific shipment or to multiple shipments as described in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section. This information must be sent to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460, with the words "Attention: OECD Export Notification— Pre-approved Facility" prominently displayed on the envelope. ****

28. **Section 262.84** is amended by revising paragraph (e) to read as follows:

§ 262.84 Tracking document.

* * * * *

(e) Within 3 working days of the receipt of imports subject to this Subsection, the owner or operator of the U.S. recovery facility must send signed copies of the tracking document to the notifier, to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, and to the competent authorities of the exporting and transit countries.

(e) Within three working days of the receipt of imports subject to this Subsection, the owner or operator of the U.S. recovery facility must send signed copies of the tracking document to the notifier, to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460, and to the competent authorities of the exporting and transit countries.

* * * * *

29. Section 262.87 is amended as follows:

a. In paragraph (a) revise "Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A)",

to read, "Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A)";

b. Amend paragraph (a)(5) introductory text by inserting a space in "100kg" and "1000kg" to read "100 kg" and "1000 kg".

§ 262.87 Reporting and recordkeeping.

(a) Annual reports. For all waste movements subject to this Subsection, persons (e.g., notifiers, recognized traders) who meet the definition of primary exporter in § 262.51 shall file an annual report with the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Compliance, Enforcement Planning, Targeting and Data Division (2222A) Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, no later than March 1 of each year summarizing the types, quantities, frequency, and ultimate destination of all such hazardous waste exported during the previous calendar year. (If the primary exporter is required to file an annual report for waste exports that are not covered under this Subsection, he may include all export information in one report provided the following information on exports of waste destined for recovery within the designated OECD member countries is contained in a separate section). Such reports shall include the following:

* * * * *

(5) In even numbered years, for each hazardous waste exported, except for hazardous waste produced by exporters of greater than 100kg 100 kg but less than 1000kg 1000 kg in a calendar month, and except for hazardous waste for which information was already provided pursuant to § 262.41:

* * * * *

30. Section 262 Appendix 1 8700-22 is amended by changing the second "III" Instructions for Owners to "IV" as shown below.

APPENDIX I TO SECTION 262 — UNIFORM HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST AND INSTRUC-**TIONS (EPA FORMS 8700-22 AND 8700-22A AND** THEIR INSTRUCTIONS) U.S. EPA FORM 8700-22

III. IV. INSTRUCTIONS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF TREATMENT, STORAGE, AND **DISPOSAL FACILITIES**

* * * * *

Section 263 — STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO TRANSPORTERS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

31. Section 263.11 is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 263.11 EPA identification number.

(b) A transporter who has not received an EPA identification number may obtain one by applying to the Director (for Arkansas companies) using the current version of EPA Form 8700-12 (RCRA Subtitle C Site Identification Form) (AR-11-91R)(Notification of Regulated Waste Activity). Upon receiving the request, the Director will assign an EPA identification number to the transporter.

* * * * *

Section 264—STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF **HAZARDOUS WASTE TREAT-**MENT, STORAGE, AND DIS-**POSAL FACILITIES**

32. In § 264.1, amend paragraph (g)(2) by revising "Subsections C, D, F, or G" to read "Subsections C, F, G, or H"; and revise paragraph (i)(1) to read as follows:

§ 264.1 Purpose, scope, and applicability.

(g) * * *

(2) The owner or operator of a facility managing recyclable materials described in § 261.6(a) (2), (3) and (4) of this regulation (except to the extent that requirements of this Section are referred to in Section 279 or Subsections C, F, or G Subsections C, F, G, or H of Section 266 of this regulation).

(j) The requirements of subsections B, C, and D of this Section and § 264.101 do not apply to remediation waste management sites. (However, some remediation waste management sites may be a part of a facility that is subject to a traditional RCRA permit because the facility is also treating, storing or disposing of hazardous wastes that are not remediation wastes. In these cases, Subsections B, C, and D of this Section, and § 264.101 do apply to the facility subject to the traditional RCRA permit.) Instead of the requirements of subsections B, C, and D of this Section, owners or operators of remediation waste management sites must:

(1) Obtain an EPA identification number by

applying to the Director using the current version of Arkansas/EPA Form 8700-12 (RCRA Subtitle C Site Identification Form);

Subsection B—General Facility Standards

33. Section **264.13**, is amended at paragraph (b)(7)(iii)(B) by revising the semicolon at the end of the subsection into a colon.

§ 264.13 General waste analysis.

* * * * * * (b) * * * (7) * * * (iii) * * *

(B) Where no treatment standards have been established;

(B) Where no treatment standards have been established:

* * * * *

34. Section **264.18(d)**, is amended to reflect the recent name change of the Arkansas Natural Resources Conservation Commission.

§ 264.13 Location standards.

* * * * *

Additional State Siting Criteria for Arkansas Facilities:

- (d) No permit shall be issued for a new hazardous waste management facility in which the factor or combination of factors, set forth in Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) below exist except where the applicant can affirmatively demonstrate and the Department specifically finds that the location of such facilities in those areas would not constitute a risk to the public health or environment:
 - (1) An active fault zone;
 - (2) A "regulatory floodway" as adopted by communities participating in the National Flood Program managed by the Federal Emergency Management Administration and the Arkansas Soil and Water Natural Resources Conservation Commission;

* * * * *

Subsection D—Contingency Plan and Emergency Procedures

35. **Section 264.52** is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 264.52 Content of contingency plan.

* * * * *

(b) If the owner or operator has already prepared a Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan in accordance with 40 CFR Part 112, or 40 CFR Part 1510, or some other emergency or contingency plan, he need only amend that plan to incorporate hazardous waste management provisions that are sufficient to comply with the requirements of this section. The owner or operator may develop one contingency plan which meets all regulatory requirements. EPA and the Department recommend that the plan be based on the National Response Team's Integrated Contingency Plan Guidance ("One Plan"). When modifications are made to non-RCRA provisions in an integrated contingency plan, the changes do not trigger the need for a RCRA permit modification.

* * * * *

Subsection E—Manifest System, Recordkeeping, and Reporting

36. **Section 264.73** is amended by revising paragraphs (b) introductory text, (b)(1), (b)(2) (the comment to (b)(2) remains unchanged), (b)(6), (b)(8), and (b)(10), and by adding paragraphs (b)(18) and (b)(19) to read as follows:

§ 264.73 Operating record.

* * * * *

- (b) The following information must be recorded, as it becomes available, and maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility:
 - (1) A description and the quantity of each hazardous waste received, and the method(s) and date(s) of its treatment, storage, or disposal at the facility as required by Appendix I of this section.

 This information must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility;
 - (2) The location of each hazardous waste within the facility and the quantity at each location. For disposal facilities, the location and quantity of each hazardous waste must be recorded on a map or diagram of each cell or disposal area. For all facilities, this information must include cross-references to specific manifest document numbers, if the waste was accompanied by a manifest. This information must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

(6) Monitoring, testing or analytical data, and corrective action where required by Subsection F of this Section and §§ 264.19, 264.191, 264.193, 264.195, 264.222, 264.223, 264.226, 264.252-264.254, 264.276, 264.278, 264.280, 264.302-264.304, 264.309, 264.347, 264.602, 264.1034(c)-264.1034(f), 264.1035, 264.1063(d)-264.1063(i),



264.1064, and 264.1082 through 264.1090 of this Section. Maintain in the operating record for three years, except for records and results pertaining to ground-water monitoring and cleanup which must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

(8) All closure cost estimates under § 264.142, and for disposal facilities, all post-closure cost estimates under § 264.144 of this section. This information must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

(10) Records of the quantities and date of placement for each shipment of hazardous waste placed in land disposal units under an extension to the effective date of any land disposal restriction granted pursuant to § 268.5 of this Regulation, a petition pursuant to § 268.6 of this Regulation, or a certification under § 268.8 of this Regulation, and the applicable notice required by a generator under § 268.7(a) of this Regulation. This information must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

(18) Monitoring, testing or analytical data where required by § 264.347 must be maintained in the operating record for five years.

(19) Certifications as required by § 264.196(f) must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

Subsection F—Releases From Solid Waste Management Units

37. Amend Section 264.97 as follows:

a. In paragraph (a)(1) introductory text, revise "background water"; to read "background ground water";

b. In paragraph (a)(1)(i), revise "background quality" to read "background ground-water quality";

§ 264.97 General groundwater monitoring requirements.

* * * * *

(a) * * *

(1) Represent the quality of background water background ground water that has not been affected by leakage from a regulated unit;

(i) A determination of background quality background ground-water quality may include sampling of wells that are not hydraulically upgradient of the waste management area where:

* * * * *

38. Amend Section 264.98 as follows:

a. Amend by revising paragraphs (d), (g)(2), and (g)(3) to read as follows:

b. In paragraph (g)(4)(i), revise "concentration or any" to read "concentration of any".

§ 264.98 Detection monitoring program.

(g)

(4)

(i) An identification of the concentration or any concentration of any Appendix IX constituent detected in the ground water at each monitoring well at the compliance point;

* * * * *

39. Amend **Section 264.99** as follows:

a. Amended by paragraph (h)(2) introductory text, by revising the citation "§ 264.98(h)(5)" to read "§ 264.98(g)(5)".

§ 264.99 Compliance monitoring program.

(h) * * *

(2) Submit to the Director an application for a permit modification to establish a corrective action program meeting the requirements of § 264.100 within 180 days, or within 90 days if an engineering feasibility study has been previously submitted to the Director under § 264.98(h)(5) 264.98(g)(5). The application must at a minimum include the following information:

* * * * *

40. In § **264.101**, amend paragraph (d) by revising the phrase "This does not apply" to read "This section does not apply".

§ 264.101 Corrective action for solid waste management units.

* * * * *

(d) This <u>section</u> does not apply to remediation waste management sites unless they are part of a facility subject to a permit for treating, storing or disposing of hazardous wastes that are not remediation wastes.

* * * * *

Subsection G—Closure and Post-Closure

41. In § **264.112**, amend paragraph (b)(8) by revising the citation "264.110(d)" to read "264.110(c)".

§ 264.112 Closure plan; amendment of plan.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(8) For facilities where the Director has applied alternative requirements at a regulated unit under §§ 264.90(f), 264.110(d) 264.110(c), and/or § 264.140(d), either the alternative requirements applying to the regulated unit, or a reference to the enforceable document containing those alternative requirements.

* * * * *

42. Amend **Section 264.116** by revising "landfills cells" to read "landfill cells".

§ 264.116 Survey plat.

No later than the submission of the certification of closure of each hazardous waste disposal unit, the owner or operator must submit to the local zoning authority, or the authority with jurisdiction over local land use, and to the Director, a survey plat indicating the location and dimensions of landfills landfill cells or other hazardous waste disposal units with respect to permanently surveyed benchmarks. This plat must be prepared and certified by a professional land surveyor. The plat filed with the local zoning authority, or the authority with jurisdiction over local land use, must contain a note, prominently displayed, which states the owner's or operator's obligation to restrict disturbance of the hazardous waste disposal unit in accordance with the applicable Subsection G regulations.

43. In **Section 264.118**, amend paragraph (c) by revising the citation "\\$ 264.188(b)(3)" to read "\\$ 264.118(b)(3)".

§ 264.118 Post-closure plan; amendment of plan.

(c) Until final closure of the facility, a copy of the approved post-closure plan must be furnished to the Director upon request, including request by mail. After final closure has been certified, the person or office specified in § 264.188(b)(3) § 264.118(b)(3) must keep the approved post-closure plan during the remainder of the post-closure period.

Subsection H—Financial Requirements

44. In § **264.140**, amend paragraph (d)(1) by revising the citation "§ 264.110(d)" to read "§ 264.110(c)".

§ 264.140 Applicability.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(1) Prescribes alternative requirements for the regulated unit under § 264.90(f) and/or § 264.110(d) § 264.110(c); and

* * * * *

45. In **§ 264.142**, amend paragraph (b)(2) by revising "2)" to read "(2)".

§ 264.142 Cost estimate for closure.

(b) * * *

2) (2) Subsequent adjustments are made by multiplying the latest adjusted closure cost estimate by the latest inflation factor.

* * * * *

46. Amend § 264.143 as follows:

- a. In paragraph (b)(7), revise "then the penal sum" to read "than the penal sum";
- b. In paragraph (b)(8), revise "as evidence by" to read "as evidenced by";

§ 264.143 Financial assurance for closure.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

- (7) Whenever the current closure cost estimate increases to an amount greater then than the penal sum, the owner or operator, within 60 days after the increase, must either cause the penal sum to be increased to an amount at least equal to the current closure cost estimate and submit evidence of such increase to the Director, or obtain other financial assurance as specified in this section to cover the increase. Whenever the current closure cost estimate decreases, the penal sum may be reduced to the amount of the current closure cost estimate following written approval by the Director.
- (8) Under the terms of the bond, the surety may cancel the bond by sending notice of cancellation by certified mail to the owner or operator and to the Director. Cancellation may not occur, however, dur-

ing the 120 days beginning on the date of receipt of the notice of cancellation by both the owner or operator and the Director, as evidence by as evidenced by the return receipts.

* * * * *

47. Section 264.145 is amended as follows:

- a. In paragraph (d)(6), revise "issued in a amount" to read "issued in an amount";
- b. In paragraph (f)(11) introductory text, revise "for this section" to read "of this section"; and revise "the direct of higher-tier" to read "the direct or higher-tier".
 - c. Amend by revising paragraph (i) to read as follows:

§ 264.145 Financial assurance for post-closure care.

* * * * * (d) * * * * * * * *

(6) The letter of credit must be issued in a amount issued in an amount at least equal to the current post-closure cost estimate, except as provided in § 264.145(g).

* * * * * * (f) * * *

(11) An owner or operator may meet the requirements for this section of this section by obtaining a written guarantee. The guarantor must be the direct of higher-tier the direct or higher-tier parent corporation of the owner or operator, a firm whose parent corporation is also the parent corporation of the owner or operator, or a firm with a "substantial business relationship" with the owner or operator. The guarantor must meet the requirements for owners or operators in paragraphs (f)(1) through (9) of this section and must comply with the terms of the guarantee. The wording of the guarantee must be identical to the wording specified in § 264.151(h). A certified copy of the guarantee must accompany the items sent to the Director as specified in paragraph (f)(3) of this section. One of these items must be the letter from the guarantor's chief financial officer. If the guarantor's parent corporation is also the parent corporation of the owner or operator, the letter must describe the value received in consideration of the guarantee. If the guarantor is a firm with a "substantial business relationship" with the owner or operator, this letter must describe this "substantial business relationship" and the value received in consideration of the guarantee. The terms of the guarantee must provide that:

* * * * *

- 48. Section 264.151 is amended as follows:
- a. In paragraph (a), replace all references of "ADEQ Director" with "Director".
- b. Delete the word "appropriate" in both instances in Section 16.;
- c. In paragraph (b), in the section "Corporate Surety(ies)," remove the bracket (]) after "State of incorporation":
- d. In paragraph (g), in the fifth paragraph of the LET-TER FROM CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER, revise """nonsudden" of" to read ""nonsudden" or";
- e. In paragraph (g), in Part B, ALTERNATIVE I item 15., remove the comma after the word "If";
- f. In paragraph (g), in Part B, ALTERNATIVE II item *7., remove the underline before the "\$";
- g-h. In paragraph (h)(2), under the section GUARAN-TEE FOR LIABILITY COVERAGE, in the

second sentence, revise "or which guarantor" to read "of which guarantor"; and revise the phrase "[either 264.141(h)]" to read "[either 264.141(h)]";

- i. In paragraph (h)(2), under the section RECITALS, item 13.(a), under the subsection CERTIFICATION OF VALID CLAIM, insert a closing bracket (]) after "[Principal's";
- j. Add a "space" between Paragraph (c)and paragraph (d);
- k. In paragraph (k), in the section IRREVOCABLE STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT, insert a closing bracket (]) at the end of the phrase after (2) to read "Grantor's facility or group of facilities.]";
- l. In paragraph (l), revise the citations "§ 264.147(h) or § 265.147(h)" to read "§ 264.147(i) or § 265.147(i)";
- m. In paragraph (m)(1), change the wording of the second paragraph as follows:
- n. In paragraph (m)(1), in the CERTIFICATION OF VALID CLAIM Section 8.(c), revise both instances of "depositary" to read "depository";
- o. In paragraph (m)(1), Section 10., replace "EPA Regional Administrator" with "Director":
- p. In paragraph (m)(1), Section 14., replace "EPA" with "the Director":
- q. In paragraph (n)(1), change the wording of the second paragraph as follows:
- r.-s. In paragraph (n)(1), under STANDBY TRUST AGREEMENT, in Section 3.(c)(1), revise "employee or" to read "employee of";
- t. In paragraph (n)(1), Section 12., third sentence, replace the semicolon after "the appointment" with a comma and replace "EPA Regional Administrator" with "Director";
 - u. In paragraph (n)(1), add a "space" before Section 16;
- v. In paragraph (n)(1), Section 16., second sentence, revise "reasonable" to read "reasonably".

§ 264.151 Wording of the instruments.

(a) * * *

Section 4. Payment for Closure and Post-Closure Care. The Trustee shall



make payments from the Fund as the ADEQ Director shall direct, in writing, to provide for the payment of the costs of closure and/or post-closure care of the facilities covered by this Agreement. The Trustee shall reimburse the Grantor or other persons as specified by the ADEQ Director from the Fund for closure and post-closure expenditures in such amounts as the ADEQ Director shall direct in writing. In addition, the Trustee shall refund to the Grantor such amounts as the ADEQ Director specifies in writing.

Section 10. Annual Valuation. The Trustee shall annually, at least 30 days prior to the anniversary date of establishment of the Fund, furnish to the Grantor and to the ADEQ Director a statement confirming the value of the Trust. Any securities in the Fund shall be valued at market value as of no more than 60 days prior to the anniversary date of establishment of the Fund. The failure of the Grantor to object in writing to the Trustee within 90 days after the statement has been furnished to the Grantor and the ADEQ Director shall constitute a conclusively binding assent by the Grantor, barring the Grantor from asserting any claim or liability against the Trustee with respect to matters disclosed in the statement.

* * * * *

Section 13. Successor Trustee. The Trustee may resign or the Grantor may replace the Trustee, but such resignation or replacement shall not be effective until the Grantor has appointed a successor trustee and this successor accepts the appointment. The successor trustee shall have the same powers and duties as those conferred upon the Trustee hereunder. Upon the successor trustee's acceptance of the appointment, the Trustee shall assign, transfer, and pay over to the successor trustee the funds and properties then constituting the Fund. If for any reason the Grantor cannot or does not act in the event of the resignation of the Trustee, the Trustee may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor trustee or for instructions.

The successor trustee shall specify the date on which it assumes administration of the trust in a writing sent to the Grantor, the ADEQ Director, and the present Trustee by certified mail 10 days before such change becomes effective. Any expenses incurred by the Trustee as a result of any of the acts contemplated by this Section shall be paid as provided in Section 9.

Section 14. Instructions to the Trustee. All orders, requests, and instructions by the Grantor to the Trustee shall be in writing, signed by such persons as are designated in the attached Exhibit A or such other designees as the Grantor may designate by amendment to Exhibit A. The Trustee shall be fully protected in acting without inquiry in accordance with the Grantor's orders, requests, and instructions. All orders, requests, and instructions by the ADEQ Director to the Trustee shall be in writing, signed by the ADEQ Director or his designee, and the Trustee shall act and shall be fully protected in acting in accordance with such orders, requests, and instructions. The Trustee shall have the right to assume, in the absence of written notice to the contrary, that no event constituting a change or a termination of the authority of any person to act on behalf of the Grantor or ADEQ hereunder has occurred.

Section 16. Amendment of Agreement. This Agreement may be amended by an instrument in writing executed by the Grantor, the Trustee, and the appropriate Director, or by the Trustee and the appropriate ADEQ Director if the Grantor ceases to exist.

Section 17. Irrevocability and Termination. Subject to the right of the parties to amend this Agreement as provided in Section 16, this Trust shall be irrevocable and shall continue until terminated at the written agreement of the Grantor, the Trustee, and the ADEQ Director, or by the Trustee and the ADEQ Director , if the Grantor ceases to exist. Upon termination of the Trust, all remaining trust property, less final trust administration expenses, shall be delivered to the Grantor.

Section 18. Immunity and Indemnification. The Trustee shall not incur personal liability of any nature in connection with any act or omission, made in good faith, in the administration of this Trust, or in carrying out any directions by the Grantor or the ADEQ_Director issued in accordance with this Agreement. The Trustee shall be indemnified and saved harmless by the Grantor or from the Trust Fund, or both, from and against any personal

liability to which the Trustee may be subjected by reason of any act or conduct in its official capacity, including all expenses reasonably incurred in its defense in the event the Grantor fails to provide such defense.

(b) * * * * * * * *

Corporate Surety(ies)
[Name and address]
State of incorporation:

(g) * * *

LETTER FROM CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

* * * * *

The firm identified above guarantees, through the guarantee specified in subsection H of Regulation No. 23 Sections 264 and 265, liability coverage for [insert "sudden" or "nonsudden" of "nonsudden" or "both sudden and nonsudden"] accidental occurrences at the following facilities owned or operated by the following: . The firm identified above is [insert one or more: (1) The direct or higher-tier parent corporation of the owner or operator; (2) owned by the same parent corporation as the parent corporation of the owner or operator, and receiving the following value in consideration of this guarantee; or (3) engaged in the following substantial business relationship with the owner or operator, and receiving the following value in consideration of this guarantee]. [Attach a written description of the business relationship or a copy of the contract establishing such relationship to this letter.]

LETTER FROM CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Part B, ALTERNATIVE I

*15. Are at least 90% of assets located in the U.S.? (Yes/No) If, not, complete line 16.

Part B, ALTERNATIVE II

*7. Tangible net worth (if any portion of the closure or post-closure cost estimates is included in "total liabilities" on your financial statements you may add that portion to this line) ___\$___

Guarantee made this [date] by [name of guaranteeing entity], a business corporation organized under the laws of [if incorporated within the United States insert "the State of" and insert name of State; if incorporated outside the United States insert the name of the country in which incorporated, the principal place of business within the United States, and the name and address of the registered agent in the State of the principal place of business], herein referred to as guarantor. This guarantee is made on behalf of [owner or operator] of [business address], which is one of the following: "our subsidiary;" "a subsidiary of [name and address of common parent corporation], or which guarantor of which guarantor is a subsidiary;" or "an entity with which guarantor has a substantial business relationship, as defined in APC&EC Regulation No. 23 § 264.141(h)]" '[either No. 23 § 264.141(h) or No. 23 § 265.141(h)]", to any and all third parties who have sustained or may sustain bodily injury or property damage caused by [sudden and/or nonsudden] accidental occurrences arising from operation of the facility(ies) covered by this guarantee.

Recitals

* * * *

13. * * * (a) * * *

CERTIFICATION OF VALID CLAIM

[Principall]

14. ***

Signature of witness of notary Signature of witness or notary:

(j) * * *

2 * * *

(c) Whenever requested by the Director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ), the Insurer agrees to furnish to the Director a signed duplicate original of the policy and all endorsements.

(d) Cancellation of the insurance, whether by the insurer, the insured, a parent corporation providing insurance coverage for its subsidiary, or by a firm having an insurable interest in and obtaining liability insurance on behalf of the owner or operator of the hazardous waste management facility, will be effective only upon written notice and only after the expiration of 60 days after a copy of such written notice is received by the Director.

(k) * * *

IRREVOCABLE STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT

or (2) a valid final court order establishing a judgment against the principal for bodily injury or property damage caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from operation of the principal's facility or group of facilities.]

(1) A surety bond, as specified in § 264.147(h) or § 265.147(h) § 264.147(i) or § 265.147(i) of this regulation, must be worded as follows: except that instructions in brackets are to be replaced with the relevant information and the brackets deleted:

**** (m)(1) * * *

Whereas, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, "EPA," an agency of the United States Government, has established certain regulations applicable to the Grantor Grantor Whereas, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality, "ADEQ", an agency of the State of Arkansas, has established certain regulations applicable to the Grantor requiring, requiring that an owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility or group of facilities must demonstrate financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage to third parties caused by sudden accidental and/or nonsudden accidental occurrences arising from operations of the facility or group of facilities.

Section 8. * * *

(c) To register any securities held in the Fund in its own name or in the name of a nominee and to hold any security in bearer form or in book entry, or to combine certificates representing such securities with certificates of the same issue held by the Trustee in other fiduciary capacities, or to deposit or arrange for the deposit of such securities in a qualified central depositary depository even though, when so deposited, such securities may be merged and held in bulk in the name of the nominee of such depositary depository with other securities deposited therein by another person, or to deposit or arrange for the deposit of any securities issued by the United States Government, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, with a Federal Reserve bank, but the books and records of the Trustee shall at all times show that all such securities are part of the Fund;

Section 10. Annual Valuations. The Trustee shall annually, at least 30 days prior to the anniversary date of establishment of the Fund, furnish to the Grantor and to the Director, ADEQ a statement confirming the value of the Trust. Any securities in the Fund shall be valued at market value as of no more than 60 days prior to the anniversary date of establishment of the Fund. The failure of the Grantor to object in writing to the Trustee within 90 days after the statement has been furnished to the Grantor and the EPA Regional Administrator Director shall constitute a conclusively binding assent by the Grantor barring the Grantor from asserting any claim or liability against the Trustee with respect to matters disclosed in the statement.

Section 14. Instructions to the Trustee. All orders, requests, and instructions by the Grantor to the Trustee shall be in writing, signed by such persons as are designated in the attached Exhibit A or such other designees as the Grantor may designate by amendments to Exhibit A. The Trustee shall be fully protected in acting without inquiry in accordance with the Grantor's orders, requests, and instructions. All orders, requests, and instructions by the Director to the Trustee shall be in writing, signed by the Director, or his desig-

nee, and the Trustee shall act and shall be fully protected in acting in accordance with such orders, requests, and instructions. The Trustee shall have the right to assume, in the absence of written notice to the contrary, that no event constituting a change or a termination of the authority of any person to act on behalf of the Grantor or ADEQ hereunder has occurred. The Trustee shall have no duty to act in the absence of such orders, requests, and instructions from the Grantor and/or EPAthe Director, except as provided for herein.

(n)(1) . * * *

Whereas the United States Environmental Protection Agency, "EPA," an agency of the United States Government, and the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality, an agency of the State of Arkansas, have established certain regulations applicable to the Grantor Whereas, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality, "ADEQ", an agency of the State of Arkansas, has established certain regulations applicable to the Grantor requiring, that an owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility or group of facilities must demonstrate financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage to third parties caused by sudden accidental and/or nonsudden accidental occurrences arising from operations of the facility or group of facilities.

Section 3. . * * *

**** (c) * * *

(1) An employee or employee of [insert Grantor] arising from, and in the course of, employment by [insert Grantor]; or

(e) * * *

(3) Property loaned **by** [insert Grantor];

Section 12. Successor Trustee. The Trustee may resign or the Grantor may replace the Trustee, but such resignation or replacement shall not be effective until the Grantor has appointed a successor trustee and this successor accepts the appointment. The successor trustee shall have the same powers and duties as those conferred upon the Trustee hereunder. Upon the successor trustee's acceptance of the appointment; the Trustee shall assign, transfer, and pay over to the successor trustee the funds and properties then constituting the Fund. If for any reason the Grantor cannot or does not act in the event of the resignation of the Trustee, the Trustee may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor trustee or for instructions. The successor trustee shall specify the date on which it assumes administration of the trust in a writing sent to the Grantor, the EPA Regional Administrator Director and the present Trustee by certified mail 10 days before such change becomes effective. Any expenses incurred by the Trustee as a result of any of the acts contemplated by this Section shall be paid as provided in Section 9.

Section 15 ***

The Director will agree to termination of the Trust when the owner or operator substitutes alternative financial assurance as specified in this section. "SPACE"

Section 16. Immunity and indemnification. The Trustee shall not incur personal liability of any nature in connection with any act or omission, made in good faith, in the administration of this Trust, or in carrying out any directions by the Grantor and the Director issued in accordance with this Agreement. The Trustee shall be indemnified and saved harmless by the Grantor or from the Trust Fund, or both, from and against any personal liability to which the Trustee may be subjected by reason of any act or conduct in its official capacity, including all expenses reasonable reasonably incurred in its defense in the event the Grantor fails to provide such defense. ****

Subsection J—Tank Systems

- 48. **Section 264.193** is amended by:
 - a. Removing paragraphs (a)(2) through (a)(4);
 - b. Redesignating (a)(5) as (a)(2);

- c. Revising paragraphs (a)(1), newly designated (a)(2) to read as follows:
- d. In paragraph (d)(4), insert a period at the end of the sentence:
- e. In paragraph (e)(2)(ii), replace the colon with a semicolon;
- f. In paragraph (e)(2)(iii), replace the colon with a semicolon;
- g. In paragraph (e)(2)(v)(B), revise the citation "\\$ 262.21" to read "\\$ 261.23", and replace the period after the word "vapor" with a semicolon and add the word "and";
- h. In paragraph (e)(3)(i), replace the period at the end with a semicolon;
- i. In paragraph (e)(3)(ii), replace the colon with a semicolon;
- j. In paragraph (g)(1)(iii), replace the comma after the word "water" with a semi-colon;
- k. In paragraph (g)(1)(iv), insert a period at the end of the paragraph;
- 1. In paragraph (g)(2)(i)(A), replace the period with a comma.

§ 264.193 Containment and detection of releases.

- (a) ** *
 - (1) For all new <u>and existing</u> tank systems or components, prior to their being put into service.
 - (2) For all existing tank systems used to store or treat EPA Hazardous Waste Nos. F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027, within two years after January 12, 1987;
 - (3) For those existing tank systems of known and documented age, within two years after January 12, 1987 or when the tank system has reached 15 years of age, whichever comes later;
 - (4) For those existing tank systems for which the age cannot be documented, within eight years of January 12, 1987; but if the age of the facility is greater than seven years, secondary containment must be provided by the time the facility reaches 15 years of age, or within two years of January 12, 1987, whichever comes later; and
 - (5)(2) For tank systems that store or treat materials that become hazardous wastes, within two years of the hazardous waste listing, or when the tank system has reached 15 years of age, whichever comes later.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

* * * * *

(4) An equivalent device as approved by the Director.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(2) * * *

* * * * *

(ii) Designed or operated to prevent run-on

- or infiltration of precipitation into the secondary containment system unless the collection system has sufficient excess capacity to contain run-on or infiltration. Such additional capacity must be sufficient to contain precipitation from a 25-year, 24-hour rainfall event:
- (iii) Constructed with chemical-resistant water stops in place at all joints (if any)::

(v) * * *

* * * * *

(B) Meets the definition of reactive waste under § 261.21 § 261.23 of this regulation, and may form an ignitable or explosive vapor.

* * * * *

(3) * * *

(i) Designed as an integral structure (i.e., an inner tank completely enveloped within an outer shell) so that any release from the inner tank is contained by the outer shell:

* * * * *

(ii) Protected, if constructed of metal, from both corrosion of the primary tank interior and of the external surface of the outer shell:

* * * * * *

(g) * * * (1) * * *

(iii) The hydrogeologic setting of the facility, including the thickness of soils present between the tank system and ground water;

(iv) All other factors that would influence the quality and mobility of the hazardous constituents and the potential for them to migrate to ground water or surface water.

(2) * * *

(i) * * *

(A) The physical and chemical characteristics of the waste in the tank system, including its potential for migration.

48. **Section 264.195** is amended by:

- a. Revising paragraph (b) (the note to paragraph (b) is unchanged);
- b. Redesignating existing paragraphs (c) and (d), as paragraphs (g) and (h), respectively;
- c. Adding new paragraphs (c) through (f), to read as follows:

§ 264.195 Inspections.

* * * * *

(b) The owner or operator must inspect at least once

each operating day <u>data gathered from monitoring and</u> <u>leak detection equipment (e.g., pressure or temperature gauges, monitoring wells) to ensure that the tank system is being operated according to its design.</u>

- (1) Aboveground portions of the tank system, if any, to detect corrosion or releases of waste;
- (2) Data gathered from monitoring and leak detection equipment (e.g., pressure or temperature gauges, monitoring wells) to ensure that the tank system is being operated according to its design; and
- (3) The construction materials and the area immediately surrounding the externally accessible portion of the tank system, including the secondary containment system (e.g., dikes) to detect erosion or signs of releases of hazardous waste (e.g., wet spots, dead vegetation).

[Note: Section 264.15(c) requires the owner or operator to remedy any deterioration or malfunction he finds. Section 264.196 requires the owner or operator to notify the Director within 24 hours of confirming a leak. Also, 40 CFR part 302 may require the owner or operator to notify the National Response Center of a release.]

(c) In addition, except as noted under paragraph (d) of this section, the owner or operator must inspect at least once each operating day:

(1) Above ground portions of the tank system, if any, to detect corrosion or releases of waste.

(2) The construction materials and the area immediately surrounding the externally accessible portion of the tank system, including the secondary containment system (e.g., dikes) to detect erosion or signs of releases of hazardous waste (e.g., wet spots, dead vegetation).

(d) Owners or operators of tank systems that either use leak detection systems to alert facility personnel to leaks, or implement established workplace practices to ensure leaks are promptly identified, must inspect at least weekly those areas described in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section. Use of the alternate inspection schedule must be documented in the facility's operating record. This documentation must include a description of the established workplace practices at the facility.

(e) Ancillary equipment that is not provided with secondary containment, as described in § 264.193(f)(1) through (4), must be inspected at least once each operating day.

(c)(f) The owner or operator must inspect cathodic protection systems, if present, according to, at a minimum, the following schedule to ensure that they are functioning properly:

- (1) The proper operation of the cathodic protection system must be confirmed within six months after initial installation and annually thereafter; and
- (2) All sources of impressed current must be inspected and/or tested, as appropriate, at least bimonthly (i.e., every other month).

[Note: The practices described in the National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE) standard, "Recommended Practice (RP-02-85) — Con-

trol of External Corrosion on Metallic Buried, Partially Buried, or Submerged Liquid Storage Systems," and the American Petroleum Institute (API) Publication 1632, "Cathodic Protection of Underground Petroleum Storage Tanks and Piping Systems," may be used, where applicable, as guidelines in maintaining and inspecting cathodic protection systems.]

(d)(g) The owner or operator must document in the operating record of the facility an inspection of those items in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section.

Subsection K—Surface Impoundments

- 49. Section 264.221 is amended as follows:
- a. In paragraph (c)(1)(i)(B), revise " $1x10^{-7}$ cm/sec" to read " $1x10^{-7}$ cm/sec";
- b. In paragraph (e)(1), revise "EP toxicity characteristics in" to read "toxicity characteristic in";
- c. In paragraph (e)(2)(i)(B), revise the citation "§ 144.3 of this chapter" to read "Section 270.2"; and add quotation marks around "underground source of drinking water".

§ 264.221 Design and operating requirements.

(B) A composite bottom liner, consisting of at least two components. The upper component must be designed and constructed of materials (e.g., a geomembrane) to prevent the migration of hazardous constituents into this component during the active life and post-closure care period. The lower component must be designed and constructed of materials to minimize the migration of hazardous constituents if a breach in the upper component were to occur. The lower component must be constructed of at least 3 feet (91 cm) of compacted soil material with a hydraulic conductivity of no more than 1x10⁻⁷ cm/sec.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(1) The monofill contains only hazardous wastes from foundry furnace emission controls or metal casting molding sand, and such wastes do not contain constituents which would render the wastes hazardous for reasons other than the EP toxicity characteristics in toxicity characteristic in § 261.24 of this regulation; and

(2)(i) * * *

(B) The monofill is located more than one-quarter mile from an "underground source of drinking water" (as that term is defined in 40 CFR 144.3); and

* * * * *

50. Section 264.223 is amended at paragraph (b)(1) by revising "exceedence" to read "exceedance".

§ 264.223 Response actions.

(b) * * *

(1) Notify the Director in writing of the exceedence exceedance within 7 days of the determination;

* * * * *

Subsection L—Waste Piles

51. **Section 264.251** is amended by revising the introductory text to paragraph (c) to read as follows:

§ 264.251 Design and operating requirements.

* * * * *

(c) The owner or operator of each new waste pile unit on which construction commences after January 29, 1992, each lateral expansion of a waste pile unit on which construction commences after July 29, 1992, and each replacement of an existing waste pile unit that is to commence reuse after July 29, 1992 must install two or more liners and a leachate collection and removal system above and between such liners. "Construction commences" is as defined in § 260.10 under "existing facility".

* * * * *

52. At Section 264.251 paragraph (a) revise, "surface impoundment units" to read "waste pile units";

§ 264.252 Action leakage rate.

(a) The Director shall approve an action leakage rate for surface impoundment units waste pile units subject to § 264.251(c) or (d). The action leakage rate is the maximum design flow rate that the leak detection system (LDS) can remove without the fluid head on the bottom liner exceeding 1 foot. The action leakage rate must include an adequate safety margin to allow for uncertainties in the design (e.g., slope, hydraulic conductivity, thickness of drainage material), construction, operation, and location of the LDS, waste and leachate characteristics, likelihood and amounts of other sources of liquids in the LDS, and proposed response actions (e.g., the action leakage rate must consider decreases in the flow capacity of the system over time resulting from siltation and clogging, rib layover and creep of synthetic components of the system, overburden pressures, etc.).

* * * * *

53. In **Section 264.259**, amend paragraph (b) by removing the comma between the word "and" and "F027".

§ 264.259 Special requirements for hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027.

(b) The Director may determine that additional design, operating, and monitoring requirements are necessary for piles managing hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and, F027 in order to reduce the possibility of migration of these wastes to ground water, surface water, or air so as to protect human health and the environment.

Subsection M—Land Treatment

- 54. **Section 264.280** is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:
 - a. Amend by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:
- b. In paragraph (c)(7), revise "expect that" to read "except that";
- c. In paragraph (d), introductory text, revise "closure of post-closure" to read "closure or post-closure".

§ 264.280 Closure and post-closure care.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(7) Continue unsaturated zone monitoring in compliance with § 264.278, expect that except that soil-pore liquid monitoring may be terminated 90 days after the last application of waste to the treatment zone.

* * * * *

(d) The owner or operator is not subject to regulation under paragraphs (a)(8) and (c) of this section if the Director finds that the level of hazardous constituents in the treatment zone soil does not exceed the background value of those constituents by an amount that is statistically significant when using the test specified in paragraph (d)(3) of this section. The owner or operator may submit such a demonstration to the Director at any time during the elosure of post-closure closure or post-closure care periods. For the purposes of this paragraph:

* * * * *

55. In Section 264.283, amend paragraph (a) by removing the comma between the word "and" and "F027".

§ 264.283 Special requirements for hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027.

(a) Hazardous Wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026 and, F027 must not be placed in a land treatment unit unless the owner or operator operates the facility in accordance with a management plan for these wastes that is approved by the Director pursuant to the standards set out in this paragraph, and in accord with all other applicable requirements of this

Section. The factors to be considered are:

Subsection N—Landfills

56. In **Section 264.301** paragraph (e)(2)(i)(B), revise the citation "§ 144.3 of this chapter" to read "§ 270.2 of this regulation"; and add quotation marks around "underground source of drinking water".

§ 264.301 Design and operating requirements.

* * * * * *

(e) * * *

(2)(i) * * *

(B) The monofill is located more than one-quarter mile from an underground source of drinking water (as that term is defined in 40 CFR 144.3 § 270.2 of this regulation); and

57. Amend **Section 264.302** as follows:

- a. In paragraph (a), revise "surface impoundment units" to read "landfill units";
- b. In paragraph (b), remove the comma after the citation "\sqrt{264.303(c)}".

§ 264.302 Action leakage rate.

(a) The Director shall approve an action leakage rate for surface impoundment units landfill units subject to § 264.301(c) or (d). The action leakage rate is the maximum design flow rate that the leak detection system (LDS) can remove without the fluid head on the bottom liner exceeding I foot. The action leakage rate must include an adequate safety margin to allow for uncertainties in the design (e.g., slope, hydraulic conductivity, thickness of drainage material), construction, operation, and location of the LDS, waste and leachate characteristics, likelihood and amounts of other sources of liquids in the LDS, and proposed response actions (e.g., the action leakage rate must consider decreases in the flow capacity of the system over time resulting from siltation and clogging, rib layover and creep of synthetic components of the system, overburden pressures, etc.).

(b) To determine if the action leakage rate has been exceeded, the owner or operator must convert the weekly or monthly flow rate from the monitoring data obtained under § 264.303(c); to an average daily flow rate (gallons per acre per day) for each sump. Unless the Director approves a different calculation, the average daily flow rate for each sump must be calculated weekly during the active life and closure period, and monthly during the post-closure care period when monthly monitoring is required under § 264.303(c).

* * * * *

58. In **Section 264.304**, amend paragraph (b)(1) by revising "exceedence" to read "exceedance".

§ 264.304 Response actions.

(b) * * *

(1) Notify the Director in writing of the exceedence exceedance within 7 days of the determination;

* * * * *

59. **Section 264.314** is amended by:

- a. Removing paragraph (a);
- b. Redesignating paragraphs (b) through (f) as paragraphs (a) through (e); and,
- c. Revising newly designated paragraphs (a) and newly designated paragraph (e) introductory text to read as follows:
- d. Amend paragraph (e)(2) by revising the citation "§ 144.3 of this chapter" to read "§ 270.2 of this regulation"; and by adding quotation marks around "underground source of drinking water".

§ 264.314 Special requirements for bulk and containerized liquids.

(a) The following materials shall not be disposed of in landfills permitted under this Regulation and Regulation:

- (1) Bulk liquids, semisolids and sludges unless, before disposal, such waste is treated or stabilized into cement-like material.
- (2) Containers holding free liquids unless all freestanding liquid has been removed or treated or stabilized into cement-like material; or the container is very small, such as an ampule, or is a lab pack as defined in 264.316 or 265.316, as applicable and is disposed of in accordance with 264.316 or 265.316 as applicable.
- (3) Municipal refuse which is not hazardous waste.
- (4) Ignitable wastes in containers, unless all free liquids therein have been removed or treated and stabilized into cement-like material.
- (b) (a) The placement of bulk or non-containerized liquid hazardous waste or hazardous waste containing free liquids (whether or not sorbents have been added) in any landfill is prohibited. Effective May 8, 1985, the placement of bulk or non-containerized liquid hazardous waste or hazardous waste containing free liquids (whether or not sorbents have been added) in any landfill is prohibited. Before disposal, liquid waste or waste containing free liquids must be treated or stabilized, (e.g. by mixing with a sorbent solid so that free liquids are no longer present and the waste meets the requirements of (a)(1) or (2) above).

(e)(b) To demonstrate the absence or presence of free liquids in either a containerized or a bulk waste, the following test must be used: Method 9095B (Paint Filter Liquids Test) as described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846, as incorporated by reference in § 260.11 of this regulation.

(d)(c) Containers holding free liquids must not be placed in a landfill unless:

- (1) All free-standing liquid:
 - (i) has been removed by decanting, or other methods:
 - (ii) has been mixed with sorbent or solidified so that free-standing liquid is no longer observed; or
 - (iii) has been otherwise eliminated; or
- (2) The container is very small, such as an ampule; or
- (3) The container is designed to hold free liquids for use other than storage, such as a battery or capacitor; or
- (4) The container is a lab pack as defined in § 264.316 and is disposed of in accordance with § 264.316.

(e)(d) Sorbents used to treat liquids to be disposed of in landfills must be nonbiodegradable. Nonbiodegradable sorbents are materials listed or described in paragraph (e)(1) of this Subsection; or materials that are determined by the Department to be nonbiodegradable through the Section 260 petition process.

- (1) Nonbiodegradable sorbents (i) Inorganic minerals, other inorganic materials, and elemental carbon (e.g., aluminosilicates, clays, smectites, Fuller's earth, bentonite, calcium bentonite, montmorillonite, calcined montmorillonite, kaolinite, micas (illite), vermiculites, zeolites, calcium carbonate (organic-free limestone), oxides/hydroxides, alumina, lime, silica (sand), diatomaceous earth, perlite (volcanic glass), expanded volcanic rock, volcanic ash, cement kiln dust, fly ash, rice hull ash, activated charcoal/activated carbon), or
 - (ii) High molecular weight synthetic polymers (e.g., polyethylene, high density polyethylene (HDPE), polypropylene, polystyrene, polyurethane, polyacrylate, polynorborene, polyisobutylene, ground synthetic rubber, cross-linked allylstyrene and tertiary butyl copolymers). This does not include polymers derived from biological materials or polymers specifically designed to be degradable; or
 - (iii) Mixtures of these nonbiodegradable materials.
- (2) Tests for nonbiodegradable sorbents. (i) The sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under ASTM Method G21-70(1984a) Standard Practice for Determining Re-

sistance of Synthetic Polymer Material to Fungi; or

- (ii) The sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under ASTM Method G22-76 (1984b)-Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Plastics to Bacteria; or
- (iii) The sorbent material is determined to be non-biodegradable under OECD test 301B: [CO₂ Evolution (Modified Sturm Test)].

 * * * * * *

(f)(e) Effective November 8, 1985, the placement of any liquid which is not a hazardous waste in a landfill is prohibited unless the owner or operator of such landfill demonstrates to the Director, or the Director determines, that: The placement of any liquid which is not a hazardous waste in a landfill is prohibited unless the owner or operator of such landfill demonstrates to the Director, or the Director determines that:

- (1) The only reasonably available alternative to the placement in such landfill is placement in a landfill or unlined surface impoundment, whether or not permitted or operating under interim status, which contains, or may reasonably be anticipated to contain, hazardous waste; and
- (2) Placement in such owner or operator's landfill will not present a risk of contamination of any underground source of drinking water (as that term is defined in 40 CFR 144.3 § 270.2 of this regulation.)

* * * * *

60. In **Section 264.317**, amend paragraph (a) introductory text by revising "in a landfills" to read "in a landfill".

§ 264.317 Special requirements for hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027.

(a) Hazardous Wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027 must not be placed in a landfills in a landfill unless the owner or operator operates the landfill in accord with a management plan for these wastes that is approved by the Director pursuant to the standards set out in this paragraph, and in accord with all other applicable requirements of this Section. The factors to be considered are:

* * * * *

61. **Section 264.340** is amended by revising the first sentence of paragraph (b)(1) and adding paragraph (b)(5) to read as follows:

§ 264.340 Applicability.

. . . .

(b) * * *

(1) Except as provided by paragraphs (b)(2) (b)(3), and (b)(4) through (b)(5) of this section, the standards of this section do not apply to a new

hazardous waste incineration unit that becomes subject to RCRA permit requirements after October 12, 2005; or no longer apply when an owner or operator of an existing hazardous waste incineration unit demonstrates compliance with the maximum achievable control technology (MACT) requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, subsection EEE by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting to the Director a Notification of Compliance under 40 CFR Part 63.1207(j) and 63.1210(d) documenting compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart EEE. Nevertheless, even after this demonstration of compliance with the MACT standards, RCRA permit conditions that were based on the standards of this regulation will continue to be in effect until they are removed from the permit or the permit is terminated or revoked, unless the permit expressly provides otherwise.

* * * * *

(5) The particulate matter standard of § 264.343(c) of this regulation remains in effect for incinerators that elect to comply with the alternative to the particulate matter standard of 40 CFR 63.1206(b)(14) and 63.1219(e).

* * * * *

62. **Section 264.340** is amended by revising paragraph (b)(1) to read as follows:

§ 264.340 Applicability.

- (b) Integration of the MACT standards:
 - (1) Except as provided by paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section, the standards of this section no longer apply when an owner or operator demonstrates compliance with the maximum achievable control technology (MACT) requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart EEE by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting to the Director a Notification of Compliance under 40 CFR 63.1207(j) and 63.1210(b)(d) documenting compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart EEE.

* * * * *

63. **Section 264.347** is amended by revising paragraph (d) to read as follows:

§ 264.347 Monitoring and inspections.

* * * * *

(d) This monitoring and inspection data must be recorded and the records must be placed in the operating log record required by § 264.73 of this section and maintained in the operating record for five years.

Subsection S—Special Provisions for Cleanup

64. Amend **Section 264.552** as follows:

a. In paragraph (e)(4)(iii), replace the colon at the end of the paragraph with a period;

b. In paragraph (e)(4)(iv)(F), revise the citation "40 CFR 260.11(11)" to read "\\$ 260.11(a)(11) of this regulation";

c. In paragraph (e)(6)(iii)(E), revise "Hydrological" to read "Hydrogeological".

§ 264.552 Corrective Action Management Units (CAMU).

***** (e) ***

(e) * * * *

(4) * * *

(iii) Waste that the Director determines contains principal hazardous constituents must meet treatment standards determined in accordance with paragraph (e)(4)(iv) or (e)(4)(v) of this section:

(iv) * * *

(F) Alternatives to TCLP. For metal bearing wastes for which metals removal treatment is not used, the Director may specify a leaching test other than the TCLP (SW-846 Method 1311, 40 CFR 260.11(11) § 260.11(a)(11) of this regulation) to measure treatment effectiveness, provided the Director determines that an alternative leach testing protocol is appropriate for use, and that the alternative more accurately reflects conditions at the site that affect leaching.

* * * * *

(6) * * *

(iii) * * *

(E) Hydrological Hydrogeological and other relevant environmental conditions at the facility which may influence the migration of any potential or actual releases; and

65. Amend Section 264.554 as follows:

- a. Amend paragraph (a) introductory text by revising "Director in according" to read "Director according".
- b. Amend by revising paragraph (c)(2) to read as follows:

§ 264.554 Staging piles.

(a) What is a staging pile? A staging pile is an accumulation of solid, non-flowing remediation waste (as defined in § 260.10 of this regulation) that is not a containment build-

ing and is used only during remedial operations for temporary storage at a facility. A staging pile must be located within the contiguous property under the control of the owner/operator where the wastes to be managed in the staging pile originated. Staging piles must be designated by the Director in according Director according to the requirements in this section.

* * * * *

Subsection W—Drip Pads

66. Amend Section 264.573 as follows:

- a. In paragraph (a)(1), revise "non-earthern" to read "non-earthen"; and replace the colon at the end of the paragraph with a semicolon;
- b. Amend by revising paragraph (a)(4)(ii) and (g) to read as follows:
- c. In paragraph (a)(5), revise "perations" to read "operations";
- e. In paragraph (m)(2) and in paragraph (m)(3) twice, revise "clean up" to read "cleanup".

§ 264.573 Design and operating requirements.

(a) * * *

(1) Be constructed of non-earthern non-earthen materials, excluding wood and non-structurally supported asphalt:

* * * * *

(5) Be of sufficient structural strength and thickness to prevent failure due to physical contact, climatic conditions, the stress of daily perations operations, e.g., variable and moving loads such as vehicle traffic, movement of wood, etc.

* * * * *

(m) * * *

- (2) The Director will review the information submitted, make a determination regarding whether the pad must be removed from service completely or partially until repairs and clean up cleanup are complete and notify the owner or operator of the determination and the underlying rationale in writing.
- (3) Upon completing all repairs and clean up cleanup, the owner or operator must notify the Director in writing and provide a certification signed by an independent, qualified Arkansas-registered professional engineer, that the repairs and clean up cleanup have been completed according to the written plan submitted in accordance with paragraph (m)(1)(iv) of this section.

* * * * *

Subsection AA—Air Emission Standards for Process Vents

67. Amend § 264.1030(c) by revising "owner and operator receives" to read "owner and operator receive"; and revise "owner and operator is subject" to read "owner and operator are subject".

§ 264.1030 Applicability.

* * * * *

(d). Until such date when the owner and operator receives owner and operator receive a final permit incorporating the requirements of this subsection, the owner and operator is subject owner and operator are subject to the requirements of § 265, subsection AA.

68. In **Section 264.1033**, amend paragraph (f)(2)(vii)(B) by replacing the period after the word "regular" with a comma.

§ 264.1033 Standards: Closed-vent systems and control devices.

* * * * * * (f) * * * * (2) * * * * (vii) * * *

(B) A monitoring device equipped with a continuous recorder to measure a parameter that indicates the carbon bed is regenerated on a regular, predetermined time cycle.

* * * * *

69. Amend Section 264.1035 as follows:

a. In paragraph (c)(4)(i), replace the period after the first instance of "760 ?C" with a comma;

b. In paragraph (c)(4)(ii), insert a comma after the word "greater".

§ 264.1035 Recordkeeping requirements.

* * * * * (c) * * * (4)

- (i) For a thermal vapor incinerator designed to operate with a minimum residence time of 0.50 second at a minimum temperature of 760°C, period when the combustion temperature is below 760°C.
- (ii) For a thermal vapor incinerator designed to operate with an organic emission reduction efficiency of 95 weight percent or greater,

period when the combustion zone temperature is more than 28°C below the design average combustion zone temperature established as a requirement of paragraph (b)(4)(iii)(A) of this section.

* * * * *

Subsection BB—Air Emission Standards for Equipment Leaks

70. In **Section 264.1050**, amend paragraph (f) by revising the citation "\\$ 264,1064(g)(6)" to read "\\$ 264.1064(g)(6)".

§ 264.1050 Applicability.

* * * * *

(f) Equipment that contains or contacts hazardous waste with an organic concentration of at least 10 percent by weight for less than 300 hours per calendar year is excluded from the requirements of §§ 264.1052 through 264.1060 of this subsection if it is identified as required in § 264,1064(g)(6) § 264.1064(g)(6) of this subsection.

* * * * *

71. In **Section 264.1058**, amend paragraph (c)(1) by replacing the period after the second occurrence of the word "detected" with a comma.

§ 264.1058 Standards: Pumps and valves in heavy liquid service, pressure relief devices in light liquid or heavy liquid service, and flanges and other connectors.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(1) When a leak is detected, it shall be repaired as soon as practicable, but not later than 15 calendar days after it is detected: except as provided in § 264.1059.

72. **Section 264.1061** is amended by:

- a. Removing paragraphs (b)(1) and (d); and,
- b. Redesignating paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) as paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2).

Subsection CC—Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers

- 73. Amend Section 264.1080 as follows:
- a. In paragraph (a), revise "Subsections I, J, or K" to read "Subsection "I, J, or K";
 - b. In paragraph (c), last sentence, revise "owner and

operator is subject" to read "owner and operator are subject".

§ 264.1080 Applicability.

(a) The requirements of this subsection apply to owners and operators of all facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste in tanks, surface impoundments, or containers subject to either subsections I, J, or K of this Section except as § 264.1 and paragraph (b) of this section provide otherwise.

* * * * *

(c) For the owner and operator of a facility subject to this subsection who received a final permit under RCRA section 3005 prior to December 6, 1996, the requirements of this subsection shall be incorporated into the permit when the permit is reissued in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 124.15 or is reviewed in accordance with the requirements of § 270.50(d) of this regulation. Until such date when the permit is reissued in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 124.15 or is reviewed in accordance with the requirements of § 270.50(d), the owner and operator is subject owner and operator are subject to the requirements of Section 265, Subsection CC.

* * * * *

Subsection DD—Containment Buildings

74. **Section 264.1100** is amended by revising the introductory text to read as follows:

§ 264.1100 Applicability.

The requirements of this Subsection apply to owners or operators who store or treat hazardous waste in units designed and operated under § 264.1101 of this Subsection. These provisions will become effective on February 18, 1993, although owner or operator may notify the Director of his intent to be bound by this Subsection at an earlier time. The owner or operator is not subject to the definition of land disposal in RCRA section 3004(k) provided that the unit:

* * * * *

75. Amend Section 264.1101 as follows:

- a. In paragraph (b)(3)(iii), revise the citation "\s 264.193(d)(1)" to read "\s 264.193(e)(1)";
- b. Amend by revising paragraph (c)(2) to read as follows:
- c. In paragraph (c)(3) introductory text, revise "hazardous waste, must repair" to read "hazardous waste, the owner or operator must repair";
 - d. In paragraph (c)(3)(i), revise "lead" to read "led";
- e. Amend by revising paragraph (c)(4) to read as follows:
 - f. In paragraph (d) introductory text, revise "For con-

tainment buildings that contain areas both" to read "For a containment building that contains both areas".

§ 264.1101 Design and operating standards.

* * * * * (b) * * *

(3) * * *

(iii) The secondary containment system must be constructed of materials that are chemically resistant to the waste and liquids managed in the containment building and of sufficient strength and thickness to prevent collapse under the pressure exerted by overlaying materials and by any equipment used in the containment building. (Containment buildings can serve as secondary containment systems for tanks placed within the building under certain conditions. A containment building can serve as an external liner system for a tank, provided it meets the requirements of § 264.193(d)(1) § 264.193(e)(1). In addition, the containment building must meet the requirements of § 264.193(b) and §§ 264.193(c) (1) and (2) to be considered an acceptable secondary containment system for a tank.) * * * * *

(c) ** * * * * * *

- (3) Throughout the active life of the containment building, if the owner or operator detects a condition that could lead to or has caused a release of hazardous waste, must repair hazardous waste, the owner or operator must repair the condition promptly, in accordance with the following procedures.
 - (i) Upon detection of a condition that has lead led to a release of hazardous waste (e.g., upon detection of leakage from the primary barrier) the owner or operator must: * * * * *
- (d) For containment buildings that contain areas both For a containment building that contains both areas with and without secondary containment, the owner or operator must:

* * * * *

76. Amend Appendix I to Section 264 as follows:

- a. In Table 1, add unit of measure codes for "Pounds", ""Pounds", "Kilograms", and "Tons" at the end of the table to read as set forth below; and
- b. In Table 2 at Section 2.(d), revise the line "T75 Tricking filter" to read "T75 Trickling filter".

Appendix I to Section 264—Recordkeeping Instructions.

TABLE 1 * * * * * Pounds Short tons Kilograms K

Single digit symbols are used here for data processing purposes. * * * * *

Table 2.

T75 Tricking filter

T75 Trickling filter

* * * * *

Section 265—INTERIM STATUS STANDARDS FOR OWNERS AND OPERATORS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATMENT, STORAGE, AND DISPOSAL FACILITIES

77. **Section 265.1** paragraph (c)(6), revise "Subsections C, D, F, or G" to read "Subsections C, F, G, or H".

§ 265.1 Purpose, scope, and applicability.

(c) * * *

(6) The owner and operator of a facility managing recyclable materials described in § 261.6 (a) (2), (3) and (4) of this regulation (except to the extent that requirements of this Section are referred to in Section 279 or Subsections C, F, or G C, F, G or H of Section 266 of this regulation). * * * * *

Subsection B—General Facility Standards

78. In **Section 265.12**, amend paragraph (a)(1) by revising "of the date of the waste" to read "of the date the waste".

§ 265.12 Required notices.

* * * * *

(a)(1) The owner or operator of a facility that has arranged to receive hazardous waste from a foreign source must notify the EPA Regional Administrator in writing at least four weeks in advance of the date of the waste of the date the waste is expected to arrive at the facility. Notice of subsequent shipments of the same waste from the same foreign source is not required.

79. In **Section 265.14**, amend paragraph (b)(1) by revising "guards of facility personnel" to read "guards or facility personnel".

§ 265.14 Security.

(b) * * *

(1) A 24-hour surveillance system (e.g., television monitoring or surveillance by guards of facility personnel guards or facility personnel) which continuously monitors and controls entry onto the active portion of the facility; or

* * * * *

80. In **Section 265.19**, amend paragraph (c)(2) last sentence, by revising "264.254(c)(1)" to read "264.251(c)(1)".

§ 265.19 Construction quality assurance program.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(2) The CQA program shall include test fills for compacted soil liners, using the same compaction methods as in the full-scale unit, to ensure that the liners are constructed to meet the hydraulic conductivity requirements of §§ 264.221(c)(1), 264.251(c)(1), and 264.301(c)(1) of this regulation in the field. Compliance with the hydraulic conductivity requirements must be verified by using insitu testing on the constructed test fill. The test fill requirement is waived where data are sufficient to show that a constructed soil liner meets the hydraulic conductivity requirements of §§ 264.221(c)(1), 264.254(c)(1) 264.251(c)(1), and 264.301(c)(1) of this regulation in the field.

* * * * *

Subsection D—Contingency Plans and Emergency Procedures

81. **Section 265.52** is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 265.52 Content of contingency plan.

* * * * *

(b) If the owner or operator has already prepared a Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan in accordance with 40 CFR Part 112, or 40 CFR Part 1510 of Chapter V, or some other emergency or contingency plan, he need only amend that plan to incorporate hazardous waste management provisions that are sufficient to comply with the requirements of this Section. The owner or operator may develop one contingency plan which meets all regulatory requirements. EPA and the Department recom-

mend that the plan be based on the National Response Team's Integrated Contingency Plan Guidance ("One Plan"). When modifications are made to non-RCRA provisions in an integrated contingency plan, the changes do not trigger the need for a RCRA permit modification.

* * * * *

82. **Section 265.56** is revised to read as follows:

§ 265.56 Emergency procedures.

* * * * *

(b) Whenever there is a release, fire, or explosion, the emergency coordinator must immediately identify the character, exact source, amount, and a real_areal extent of any released materials. He may do this by observation or review of facility records or manifests and, if necessary, by chemical analysis.

* * * * *

Subsection E—Manifest System, Recordkeeping, and Reporting

83. **Section 265.73** is amended by revising the introductory text to paragraph (b), (b)(1), (b)(2) (the comment to paragraph (b)(2) is unchanged), (b)(6) (the comment to paragraph (b)(6) is unchanged), (b)(7), and (b)(8) and adding a new (b)(15) to read as follows:

§ 265.73 Operating record.

* * * * *

- (b) The following information must be recorded, as it becomes available, and maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility for three years unless noted below:
 - (1) A description and the quantity of each hazardous waste received, and the method(s) and date(s) of its treatment, storage, or disposal at the facility as required by Appendix I to this Section. This information must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility;
 - (2) The location of each hazardous waste within the facility and the quantity at each location. For disposal facilities, the location and quantity of each hazardous waste must be recorded on a map or diagram of each cell or disposal area. For all facilities, this information must include cross-references to manifest document numbers if the waste was accompanied by a manifest. This information must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility;

* * * * *

(6) Monitoring, testing or analytical data, and corrective action where required by Subsection F



of this section and by §§ 265.19, 265.94, 265.191, 265.193, 265.195, 265.224, 265.226, 265.255, 265.260, 265.276, 265.278, 265.280(d)(1), 265.302, 265.304, 265.347, 265.377, 265.1034(c) through 265.1034(f), 265.1035, 265.1063(d) through 265. 265.1063(i), 265.1064, and 265.1083 through 265.1090 of this regulation. Maintain in the operating record for three years, except for records and results pertaining to ground-water monitoring and cleanup, and response action plans for surface impoundments, waste piles, and landfills, which must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

- (7) All closure cost estimates under § 265.142 and, for disposal facilities, all post-closure cost estimates under § 265.144 must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.
- (8) Records of the quantities (and date of placement) for each shipment of hazardous waste placed in land disposal units under an extension to the effective date of any land disposal restriction granted pursuant to § 268.5 of this Regulation, monitoring data required pursuant to a petition under § 268.6 of this Regulation, or a certification under § 268.8 of this Regulation, and the applicable notice required by a generator under § 268.7(a) of this Regulation. All of this information must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

(15) Monitoring, testing or analytical data, and corrective action where required by §§ 265.90, 265.93(d)(2), and 265.93(d)(5), and the certification as required by § 265.196(f) must be maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

- 84. Section **265.76** is revised as follows:
 - a. In paragraphs (a) through (g) to read as shown:
 - b. Add paragraph (b) to read:

§ 265.76 Unmanifested waste report.

(a) If a facility accepts for treatment, storage, or disposal any hazardous waste from an off-site source without an accompanying manifest, or without an accompanying shipping paper as described in § 263.20(e)(2) of this regulation, and if the waste is not excluded from the manifest requirement by § 261.5 of this regulation, then the owner or operator must prepare and submit a single copy of a report to the Director within fifteen (15) days after receiving the waste. The unmanifested waste report must contain the following information:

> (a)(1) The EPA identification number, name, and address of the facility;

- (b)(2) The date the facility received the waste;
- (c)(3) The EPA identification number, name, and address of the generator and the transporter, if avail-
- (d)(4) A description and the quantity of each unmanifested hazardous waste the facility received;
- (e)(5) The method of treatment, storage, or disposal for each hazardous waste;
- (f)(6) The certification signed by the owner or operator of the facility or his authorized representative; and
- $\frac{(g)}{(7)}$ A brief explanation of why the waste was unmanifested, if known.

* * * * *

(b) [Reserved]

* * * * *

Subsection F—Ground-Water Monitoring

- 85. Section 265.90 is amended as follows:
- a. Amend paragraph (d) introductory text by removing the comma after the phrase "he may".
- b. Amend by revising paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(3) to read as follows

§ 265.90 Applicability.

- (d) If an owner or operator assumes (or knows) that ground-water monitoring of indicator parameters in accordance with §§ 265.91 and 265.92 would show statistically significant increases (or decreases in the case of pH) when evaluated under § 265.93(b), he may; install, operate, and maintain an alternate ground-water monitoring system (other than the one described in §§ 265.91 and 265.92). If the owner or operator decides to use an alternate ground-water monitoring system he must:
 - (1) Within one year after the effective date of these regulations, develop a specific plan, certified by a qualified geologist or geotechnical engineer, which satisfies the requirements of § 265.93(d)(3), for an alternate ground-water monitoring system. This plan is to be placed in the facility's operating record and maintained until closure of the facility.

(3) Prepare a report in accordance with § 265.93(d)(5) and place it in the facility's operating record and maintain until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

86. **Section 265.93** is amended by revising paragraphs (d)(2) and (d)(5) to read as follows:



§ 265.93 Preparation, evaluation, and response.

* * * * * * (d)(1) * * *

(2) Within 15 days after the notification under paragraph (d)(1) of this section, the owner or operator must develop a specific plan, based on the outline required under paragraph (a) of this section and certified by a qualified geologist or geotechnical engineer, for a ground-water quality assessment at the facility. This plan must be placed in the facility operating record and be maintained until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

(5) The owner or operator must make his first determination under paragraph (d)(4) of this section, as soon as technically feasible, and prepare a report containing an assessment of ground-water quality. This report must be placed in the facility operating record and be maintained until closure of the facility.

* * * * *

Subsection G—Closure and Post-Closure

87. Amend **Section 265.112** paragraph (b)(5), revise "partial and final closure period" to read "partial and final closure periods":

§ 265.112 Closure plan; amendment of plan.

* * * * * * (b) * * *

(5) A detailed description of other activities necessary during the partial and final closure period partial and final closure periods to ensure that all partial closures and final closure satisfy the closure performance standards, including, but not limited to, ground-water monitoring, leachate collection, and run-on and run-off control; and

* * * * *

88. In **Section 265.119**, amend paragraph (b)(1)(ii) by revising the citation "Subsection G" to read "§ 265, Subsection G".

§ 265.119 Post-closure notices.

* * * * * (b) * * *

(1) * * *

(ii) Its use is restricted under § 265 Subsection G regulations; and

* * * * *

Subsection H—Financial Requirements

89. Amend **Section 265.140** paragraph (b) introductory text, revise the citation "265.146" to read "265.145";

§ 265.140 Applicability.

* * * * *

(b) The requirements of §§ 265.144 and 265.146265.145 apply only to owners and operators of

* * * * *

90. In **Section 265.142**, amend paragraph (a) by removing "265.178" from the list of sections.

§ 265.142 Cost estimate for closure.

(a) The owner or operator must have a detailed written estimate, in current dollars, of the cost of closing the facility in accordance with the requirements in §§ 265.111 through 265.115 and applicable closure requirements of §§ 265.178, 265.197, 265.228, 265.258, 265.280, 265.310, 265.351, 265.381 and 265.404.

* * * * *

91. Amend **Section 265.147**(b)(1) by adding paragraphs (i) and (ii) to read as follows:

§ 265.147 Liability requirements.

* * * * * (b) * * *

(1) * * *

(i) Each insurance policy must be amended by attachment of the Hazardous Waste Facility Liability Endorsement or evidenced by a Certificate of Liability Insurance. The wording of the endorsement must be identical to the wording specified in § 264.151(i). The wording of the certificate of insurance must be identical to the wording specified in § 264.151(j). The owner or operator must submit a signed duplicate original of the endorsement or the certificate of insurance to the Director, or Regional Administrators if the facilities are located in more than one Region. If requested by the Director or a Regional Administrator, the owner or operator must provide a signed duplicate original of the insurance policy.

(ii) Each insurance policy must be issued by an insurer which, at a minimum, is licensed to transact the business of insurance, or eligible to provide insurance as an excess or surplus lines insurer, in one or

more States.

Subsection J—Tank Systems

92. **Section 265.193** is amended by:

- a. Removing paragraphs (a)(2) through (a)(4);
- b. Redesignating (a)(5) as (a)(2);
- c. Revising paragraphs (a)(1), newly designated (a)(2) and (i)(2) (the note to (i)(2) is unchanged) to read as follows.
- d. In paragraph (e)(2)(v)(B), revise the citation "\s 262.21" to read "\s 261.23";

265.193 Containment and detection of releases.

- (a) ** *
 - (1) For all new and existing tank systems or components, prior to their being put into service.
 - (2) For all existing tanks used to store or treat EPA Hazardous Waste Nos. F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027, within two years after January 12, 1987;
 - (3) For those existing tank systems of known and documentable age, within two years after January 12, 1987, or when the tank systems have reached 15 years of age, whichever comes later;
 - (4) For those existing tank system for which the age cannot be documented, within eight years of January 12, 1987; but if the age of the facility is greater than seven years, secondary containment must be provided by the time the facility reaches 15 years of age, or within two years of January 12, 1987, whichever comes later; and
 - (5) (2) For tank systems that store or treat materials that become hazardous wastes, subsequent to January 12, 1987, within the time intervals required in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(4) of this section, except that the date that a material becomes a hazardous waste must be used in place of January 12, 1987 within 2 years of the hazardous waste listing, or when the tank system has reached 15 years of age, whichever comes later.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(2) * * *

(v) * * *

* * * * *

(B) Meets the definition of reactive waste under § 261.21§ 261.23 of this regulation and may form an ignitable or explosive vapor; and

93. In **Section 265.194**, amend paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) by inserting a period after "e.g" in both paragraphs, and in paragraph (b)(1), by revising "discount" to read "disconnect".

§ 265.194 General operating requirements.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

- (1) Spill prevention controls (e.g., check valves, dry discount disconnect couplings);
- (2) Overfill prevention controls (e.g., level sensing devices, high level alarms, automatic feed cutoff, or bypass to a standby tank); and

94. **Section 265.195** is amended by:

- a. Revising paragraph (a) (the note to paragraph (a) is unchanged);
- b. Redesignating existing paragraphs (b) and (c), as paragraphs (f) and (g), respectively; and,
 - c. Adding new paragraphs (b) through (e).

§ 265.195 Inspections.

- (a) The owner or operator must inspect, where present, at least once each operating day, <u>data gathered from monitoring and leak detection equipment (e.g., pressure or temperature gauges, monitoring wells) to ensure that the tank system is being operated according to its design.</u>
 - (1) Overfill/spill control equipment (e.g., wastefeed cutoff systems, bypass systems, and drainage systems) to ensure that it is in good working order;
 - (2) The aboveground portions of the tank system, if any, to detect corrosion or releases of waste;
 - (3) Data gathered from monitoring equipment and leak-detection equipment, (e.g., pressure and temperature gauges, monitoring wells) to ensure that the tank system is being operated according to its design; and
 - (4) The construction materials and the area immediately surrounding the externally accessible portion of the tank system including secondary containment structures (e.g., dikes) to detect erosion or signs of releases of hazardous waste (e.g., wet spots, dead vegetation);

Note: Section 265.15(c) requires the owner or operator to remedy any deterioration or malfunction he finds. Section 265.196 requires the owner or operator to notify the Director within 24 hours of confirming a release. Also, 40 CFR Part 302 may require the owner or operator to notify the National Response Center of a release.

- (b) Except as noted under the paragraph (c) of this section, the owner or operator must inspect at least once each operating day:
 - (1) Overfill/spill control equipment (e.g., waste-feed cutoff systems, bypass systems, and

drainage systems) to ensure that it is in good working order;

- (2) Above ground portions of the tank system, if any, to detect corrosion or releases of waste; and
- (3) The construction materials and the area immediately surrounding the externally accessible portion of the tank system, including the secondary containment system (e.g., dikes) to detect erosion or signs of releases of hazardous waste (e.g., wet spots, dead vegetation).
- (c) Owners or operators of tank systems that either use leak detection equipment to alert facility personnel to leaks, or implement established workplace practices to ensure leaks are promptly identified, must inspect at least weekly those areas described in paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) of this section. Use of the alternate inspection schedule must be documented in the facility's operating record. This documentation must include a description of the established workplace practices at the facility.
- (d) Ancillary equipment that is not provided with secondary containment, as described in § 265.193(f)(1) through (4), must be inspected at least once each operating day.
- (b) (e) The owner or operator must inspect cathodic protection systems, if present, according to, at a minimum, the following schedule to ensure that they are functioning properly:
 - (1) The proper operation of the cathodic protection system must be confirmed within six months after initial installation, and annually thereafter; and
 - (2) All sources of impressed current must be inspected and/or tested, as appropriate, at least bimonthly (i.e., every other month).

Note: The practices described in the National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE) standard, "Recommended Practice (RP-02-85) — Control of External Corrosion on Metallic Buried, Partially Buried, or Submerged Liquid Storage Systems," and the American Petroleum Institute (API) Publication 1632, "Cathodic Protection of Underground Petroleum Storage Tanks and Piping Systems," may be used, where applicable, as guidelines in maintaining and inspecting cathodic protection systems.

- (c) (f) The owner or operator must document in the operating record of the facility an inspection of those items in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.
- 95. In **Section 265.197**, amend paragraph (b) by inserting a period after the closing parenthesis of the citation "(265.310)".

§ 265.197 Closure and post-closure care.

* * * * *

(b) If the owner or operator demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practicably removed or decontaminated as required in paragraph (a) of this section, then the owner or operator must close the tank system and per-

form post-closure care in accordance with the closure and post-closure care requirements that apply to landfills (§ 265.310). In addition, for the purposes of closure, postclosure, and financial responsibility, such a tank system is then considered to be a landfill, and the owner or operator must meet all of the requirements for landfills specified in Subsections G and H of this Section.

* * * * *

96. **Section 265.201** is amended by:

- a. Revising the paragraph (c) introductory text;
- b. Redesignating paragraph (d) through (f), as paragraphs (f) through (h), respectively; and,
 - c. Adding new paragraphs (d) and (e).

§ 265.201 Special requirements for generators of between 100 and 1,000 kg/mo. that accumulate hazardous waste in tanks.

* * * * *

- (c) Except as provided in paragraph (d), generators of who accumulate between 100 and 1,000 kg/mo of hazardous in tanks must inspect, where present:
 - (1) Discharge control equipment (e.g., waste feed cutoff systems, by-pass systems, and drainage systems) at least once each operating day, to ensure that it is in good working order;
 - (2) Data gathered from monitoring equipment (e.g., pressure and temperature gauges) at least once each operating day to ensure that the tank is being operated according to its design;
 - (3) The level of waste in the tank at least once each operating day to ensure compliance with § 265.201(b)(3);
 - (4) The construction materials of the tank at least weekly to detect corrosion or leaking of fixtures or seams: and
 - (5) The construction materials of, and the area immediately surrounding, discharge confinement structures (e.g., dikes) at least weekly to detect erosion or obvious signs of leakage (e.g., wet spots or dead vegetation).

Note: As required by § 265.15(c), the owner or operator must remedy any deterioration or malfunction he finds.

(d) Generators who accumulate between 100 and 1,000 kg/mo of hazardous waste in tanks or tank systems that have full secondary containment and that either use leak detection equipment to alert facility personnel to leaks, or implement established workplace practices to ensure leaks are promptly identified, must inspect at least weekly, where applicable, the areas identified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (5) of this section. Use of the alternate inspection schedule must be documented in the facility's operating record. This documentation must include a description of the established workplace practices at the facility.

(d) (e) Generators of between 100 and 1,000 kg/mo accumulating hazardous waste in tanks must, upon closure of the facility, remove all hazardous waste from tanks, discharge control equipment, and discharge confinement structures.

Note: At closure, as throughout the operating period, unless the owner or operator can demonstrate, in accordance with § 261.3(c) or (d) of this regulation, that any solid waste removed from his tank is not a hazardous waste, the owner or operator becomes a generator of hazardous waste and must manage it in accordance with all applicable requirements of Sections 262, 263, and 265 of this regulation.

- (e) (f) Generators of between 100 and 1,000 kg/mo must comply with the following special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste:
 - (1) Ignitable or reactive waste must not be placed in a tank, unless:
 - (i) The waste is treated, rendered, or mixed before or immediately after placement in a tank so that (A) the resulting waste, mixture, or dissolution of material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste under § 261.21 or § 261.23 of this regulation, and (B) § 265.17(b) is complied with; or
 - (ii) The waste is stored or treated in such a way that it is protected from any material or conditions that may cause the waste to ignite or react; or
 - (iii) The tank is used solely for emergencies.
 - (2) The owner or operator of a facility which treats or stores ignitable or reactive waste in covered tanks must comply with the buffer zone requirements for tanks contained in Tables 2-1 through 2-6 of the National Fire Protection Association's "Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code," (1977 or 1981) (incorporated by reference, see § 260.11).
- (f) (g) Generators of between 100 and 1,000 kg/mo must comply with the following special requirements for incompatible wastes:
 - (1) Incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials, (see Appendix V for examples) must not be placed in the same tank, unless § 265.17(b) is complied with.
 - (2) Hazardous waste must not be placed in an unwashed tank which previously held an incompatible waste or material, unless § 265.17(b) is complied with.

Subsection K—Surface Impoundments

- 97. Amend **Section 265.221** as follows:
 - a. Amend by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:
- b. In paragraph (d)(2)(i)(A), revise "in leaking?" to read "is leaking"; revise "soil it is not" to read "soil is not"; and revise "the owner of operator" to read "the owner or operator";
- c. In paragraph (d)(2)(i)(B), revise the citation "§ 144.3 of this chapter" to read "\{\}270.2 of this regulation"; and add \ 98. **Section 265.223** titled "Response actions" is redesig-

quotation marks around "underground source of drinking water".

§ 265.221 Design and operating requirements.

(a) The owner or operator of each new surface impoundment unit on which construction commences after January 29, 1992, each lateral expansion of a surface impoundment unit on which construction commences after July 29, 1992, and each replacement of an existing surface impoundment unit that is to commence reuse after July 29, 1992 must install two or more liners and a leachate collection and removal system above and between such the liners, and operate the leachate collection and removal system, in accordance with § 264.221(c), unless exempted under § 264.221(d), (e), or (f), of this Regulation. "Construction commences" is as defined in § 260.10 of this regulation under "existing facility."

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(2)(i)(A) The monofill has at least one liner for which there is no evidence that such liner in leaking is leaking. For the purposes of this paragraph the term "liner" means a liner designed, constructed, installed, and operated to prevent hazardous waste from passing into the liner at any time during the active life of the facility, or a liner designed, constructed, installed, and operated to prevent hazardous waste from migrating beyond the liner to adjacent subsurface soil, ground water, or surface water at any time during the active life of the facility. In the case of any surface impoundment which has been exempted from the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section on the basis of a liner designed, constructed, installed, and operated to prevent hazardous waste from passing beyond the liner, at the closure of such impoundment the owner or operator must remove or decontaminate all waste residues, all contaminated liner material, and contaminated soil to the extent practicable. If all contaminated soil it is not soil is not removed or decontaminated, the owner of operator the owner or operator of such impoundment must comply with appropriate postclosure requirements, including but not limited to ground-water monitoring and corrective action;

> (B) The monofill is located more than one-quarter mile from an underground source of drinking water (as that term is defined in 40 CFR 144.3 § 270.2 of this regulation); and * * * * *

nated as § 265.224, and § 265.224 titled "Containment system" is redesignated as § 265.223. and the newly designated § 265.224 is amended by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:

- a. Section 265.223 is moved to 265.224.
- **b. Section 265.224** is moved to **Section 265.223**.

99. Amend Section 265.224 as follows:

b. Amend paragraph (b)(1) by revising "exceedence" to read "exceedance".

§ 265.224 Containment system.

(b) * * *

(1) Notify the Director in writing of the exceedence exceedance within 7 days of the determination;

* * * * *

Subsection L—Waste Piles

100. Amend § 265.255 in paragraph (b) by revising "surface impoundment units" to read "waste pile units".

§ 265.255 Action leakage rates.

* * * * *

(b) The Director shall approve an action leakage rate for surface impoundment units waste pile units subject to § 265.254. The action leakage rate is the maximum design flow rate that the leak detection system (LDS) can remove without the fluid head on the bottom liner exceeding 1 foot. The action leakage rate must include an adequate safety margin to allow for uncertainties in the design (e.g., slope, hydraulic conductivity, thickness of drainage material), construction, operation, and location of the LDS, waste and leachate characteristics, likelihood and amounts of other sources of liquids in the LDS, and proposed response actions (e.g., the action leakage rate must consider decreases in the flow capacity of the system over time resulting from siltation and clogging, rib layover and creep of synthetic components of the system, overburden pressures, etc.).

* * * * *

101. Amend Section 265.259 as follows:

a. amend paragraph (b)(1) by revising "exceedence" to read "exceedance".

§ 265.259 Response actions.

(b) * * *

(1) Notify the Director in writing of the exceedence exceedance within 7 days of the determination;

* * * * *

Subsection M—Land Treatment

102. In **Section 265.281**, amend paragraph (a)(1) by revising the citation "§ 265.21" to read "§ 261.21".

§ 265.281 Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste.

(a) * * *

(1) The resulting waste, mixture, or dissolution of material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste under § 265.21 261.21 or § 261.23 of this regulation; and

* * * * *

Subsection N—Landfills

102. Amend Section 265.301 as follows:

a. Amended by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:

b. In paragraph (d)(1), revise "such waste does not" to read "such wastes do not"; revise the citation "§ 261.4" to read "§ 261.24"; and revise "Hazardous Waste Number" to read "Hazardous Waste Numbers";

c. In paragraph (d)(2)(i)(B), revise the citation "§ 144.3 of this chapter" to read "§ 270.2"; and add quotation marks around "underground source of drinking water".

§ 265.301 Design and operating requirements.

(a) The owner or operator of each new landfill unit on which construction commences after January 29, 1992, each lateral expansion of a landfill unit on which construction commences after July 29, 1992, and each replacement of an existing landfill unit that is to commence reuse after July 29, 1992 must install two or more liners and a leachate collection and removal system above and between such liners, and operate the leachate collection and removal systems, in accordance with § 264.301(d), (e), or (f), of this regulation in accordance with § 264.301(c), unless exempted under § 264.301(d), (e), or (f) of this regulation. "Construction commences" is as defined in § 260.10 of this regulation under "existing facility".

(d) * * *

(1) The monofill contains only hazardous wastes from foundry furnace emission controls or metal casting molding sand, and such wastes do not contain constituents which would render the wastes hazardous for reasons other than the toxicity characteristic in § 261.24 of this regulation, with EPA Hazardous Waste Number Hazardous Waste Numbers D004 through D017; and

* * * * *

(B) The monofill is located more than one-quarter mile from an underground source of drinking water (as that term is defined in 40 CFR 144.3 § 270.2 of this regulation); and *****

103. In **Section 265.302**, amend paragraph (b) by revising "surface impoundment units" to read "landfill units".

§ 265.302 Action Leakage rate.

* * * * *

(b) The Director shall approve an action leakage rate for surface impoundment units landfill units subject to § 265.301(a). The action leakage rate is the maximum design flow rate that the leak detection system (LDS) can remove without the fluid head on the bottom liner exceeding 1 foot. The action leakage rate must include an adequate safety margin to allow for uncertainties in the design (e.g., slope, hydraulic conductivity, thickness of drainage material), construction, operation, and location of the LDS, waste and leachate characteristics, likelihood and amounts of other sources of liquids in the LDS, and proposed response actions (e.g., the action leakage rate must consider decreases in the flow capacity of the system over time resulting from siltation and clogging, rib layover and creep of synthetic components of the system, overburden pressures, etc.).

104. Amend Section 265.303 as follows:

a. Amend paragraph (b)(1) by revising "exceedence" to read "exceedance".

§ 265.303 Response actions.

(b) * * *

(1) Notify the Director in writing of the exceedence exceedance within 7 days of the determination;

* * * * *

105. In **Section 265.312**, amend paragraph (a)(1) by revising "dissolution or material" to read "dissolution of material".

§ 265.312 Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste.

(a) * * *

(1) The resulting waste, mixture, or dissolution or material dissolution of material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste under §

261.21 or § 261.23 of this regulation; and

106. **Section 265.314** is amended by:

- a. Removing paragraph (a);
- b. Redesignating paragraphs (b) through (g) as paragraphs (a) through (f); and,
- c. Revising newly designated paragraph (a), and the introductory text of newly designated paragraph (f) to read as follows:
- d. In paragraph (e)(1)(ii), revise "polysobutylene" to read "polyisobutylene";
- e. In paragraph (f)(2), revise the citation "§ 144.3 of this chapter" to read "§ 270.2 of this regulation"; and add quotation marks around "underground source of drinking water".

§ 265.314 Special requirements for bulk and containerized liquids.

(a) The following materials shall not be disposed of in landfills permitted under this Regulation and Regulation:

- (1) Bulk liquids, semisolids and sludges unless, before disposal, such waste is treated or stabilized into cement-like material.
- (2) Containers holding free liquids unless all freestanding liquid has been removed or treated or stabilized into cement-like material; or the container is very small, such as an ampule, or is a lab pack as defined in 264.316 or 265.316, as applicable and is disposed of in accordance with 264.316 or 265.316 as applicable.
- (3) Municipal refuse which is not hazardous waste.
- (4) Ignitable wastes in containers, unless all free liquids therein have been removed or treated and stabilized into cement-like material.
- (b) (a) Effective May 8, 1985, The placement of bulk or non-containerized liquid hazardous waste or hazardous waste containing free liquids (whether or not sorbents have been added) in any landfill is prohibited. Before disposal, liquid waste or waste containing free liquids must be treated or stabilized, (e.g. by mixing with a sorbent solid so that free liquids are no longer present and the waste meets the requirements of (a)(1) or (2) above).

(c) (b) Containers holding free liquids must not be placed in a landfill unless:

- (1) All free-standing liquid,
 - (i) has been removed by decanting, or other methods,
 - (ii) has been mixed with sorbent or solidified so that free-standing liquid is no longer observed; or
 - (iii) had been otherwise eliminated; or
- (2) The container is very small, such as an ampule; or
 - (3) The container is designed to hold free liq-



uids for use other than storage, such as a battery or capacitor; or

- (4) The container is a lab pack as defined in § 265.316 and is disposed of in accordance with § 265.316.
- (d) (c) To demonstrate the absence or presence of free liquids in either a containerized or a bulk waste, the following test must be used: Method 9095B (Paint Filter Liquids Test) as described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846, as incorporated by reference in § 260.11 of this regulation.
- (e) (d) The date for compliance with paragraph (a) of this section is November 19, 1981. The date for compliance with paragraph (c) of this section is March 22, 1982.
- (f) (e) Sorbents used to treat liquids to be disposed of in landfills must be nonbiodegradable. Nonbiodegradable sorbents are materials listed or described in paragraph (e)(1) of this Subsection; or materials that are determined by the Commission to be nonbiodegradable through the Section 260 petition process.
 - (1) Nonbiodegradable sorbents (i) Inorganic minerals, other inorganic materials, and elemental carbon (e.g., aluminosilicates, clays, smectites, Fuller's earth, bentonite, calcium bentonite, montmorillonite, calcined montmorillonite, kaolinite, micas (illite), vermiculites, zeolites, calcium carbonate (organic-free limestone), oxides/hydroxides, alumina, lime, silica (sand), diatomaceous earth, perlite (volcanic glass), expanded volcanic rock, volcanic ash, cement kiln dust, fly ash, rice hull ash, activated charcoal/activated carbon), or
 - (ii) High molecular weight synthetic polymers (e.g., polyethylene, high density polyethylene (HDPE), polypropylene, polystyrene, polyurethane, polyacrylate, polynorborene, polyisobutylene, polyisobutylene, ground synthetic rubber, cross-linked allylstyrene and tertiary butyl copolymers). This does not include polymers derived from biological materials or polymers specifically designed to be degradable; or
 - (iii) Mixtures of these nonbiodegradable materials.
 - (2) Tests for nonbiodegradable sorbents. (i) The sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under ASTM Method G21-70(1984a) Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymer Material to Fungi; or
 - (ii) The sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under ASTM Method G22-76 (1984b)-Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Plastics to Bacteria; or
 - (iii) The sorbent material is determined to be non-biodegradable under OECD test 301B: [CO, Evolution (Modified Sturm Test)].

(g) (f) Effective November 8, 1985, The placement of

any liquid which is not a hazardous waste in a landfill is prohibited unless the owner or operator of such landfill demonstrates to the Director, or the Director determines, that:

- (1) The only reasonably available alternative to the placement in such landfill is placement in a landfill or unlined surface impoundment, whether or not permitted or operating under interim status, which contains, or may reasonably be anticipated to contain, hazardous waste; and
- (2) Placement in such owner or operator's land-fill will not present a risk of contamination of any underground source of drinking water (as that term is defined in 40 CFR 144.3 § 270.2 of this regulation).

107. At **Section 265.316** paragraph (d), revise "§ 260.10(a)" to read "§ 260.10".

§ 265.316 Disposal of small containers of hazardous waste in overpacked drums ("lab packs").

* * * * *

(d) Incompatible wastes, as defined in § 260.10(a)§ 260.10 of this regulation, must not be placed in the same outside container.

* * * * *

Subsection Q—Chemical, Physical, and Biological Treatment

108. In **Section 265.405**, amend paragraph (a)(1) by revising the citation "§ 261.21 or 261.23 or this chapter" to read "§§ 261.21 or 261.23 of this chapter".

§ 265.405 Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste.

(a) * * *

(1) The waste is treated, rendered, or mixed before or immediately after placement in the treatment process or equipment so that (i) the resulting waste, mixture, or dissolution of material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste under \$\frac{261.21 \text{ or 261.23 or this}}{261.21 \text{ or 261.23 of this}}\$ regulation, and (ii) \$ 265.17(b) is complied with; or

Subsection W—Drip Pads

109. In **Section 265.445**, amend paragraph (b) by revising "post/closure care" to read "post-closure care".



§ 265.445 Closure.

* * * * *

(b) If, after removing or decontaminating all residues and making all reasonable efforts to effect removal or decontamination of contaminated components, subsoils, structures, and equipment as required in paragraph (a) of this section, the owner or operator finds that not all contaminated subsoils can be practically removed or decontaminated, he must close the facility and perform post/closure care post-closure care in accordance with closure and post-closure care requirements that apply to landfills (§ 265.310). For permitted units, the requirement to have a permit continues throughout the post-closure post-closure care period.

Subsection AA—Air Emission Standards for Process Vents

110. In **Section 265.1033**, amend paragraph (f)(2)(ii) by replacing the period with a comma after $0.5 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ ".

§ 265.1033 Standards: Closed-vent systems and control devices.

* * * * *

(f) * * *

(2) * * *

(ii) For a catalytic vapor incinerator, a temperature monitoring device equipped with a continuous recorder. The device shall be capable of monitoring temperature at two locations and have an accuracy of ±1 percent of the temperature being monitored in °C or ±0.5 °C. whichever is greater. One temperature sensor shall be installed in the vent stream at the nearest feasible point to the catalyst bed inlet and a second temperature sensor shall be installed in the vent stream at the nearest feasible point to the catalyst bed outlet.

111. Amend **Section 265.1035** as follows:

a. In paragraph (b)(2) introductory text, replace the period with a comma after the citation "\\$ 265.1032";

b. In paragraph (b)(2)(i), revise "annual throughput end operating hours" to read "annual throughput and operating hours":

c. In paragraph (c)(4)(i), replace the period with a comma after the first occurrence of "760 ?C".

§ 265.1035 Recordkeeping requirements.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(2) Up-to-date documentation of compliance with the process vent standards in § 265.1032, including:

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(2) * * *

(i) Information and data identifying all affected process vents, annual throughput end operating hours annual throughput and operating hours of each affected unit, estimated emission rates for each affected vent and for the overall facility (i.e., the total emissions for all affected vents at the facility), and the approximate location within the facility of each affected unit (e.g., identify the hazardous waste management units on a facility plot plan); and

*** ***

(c) * * * (4) * * *

(i) For a thermal vapor incinerator designed to operate with a minimum residence time of 0.50 seconds at a minimum temperature of 760°C. period when the combustion temperature is below 760°C.

Subsection BB—Air Emission Standards for Equipment Leaks

112. In § 265.1063, amend paragraph (b)(4)(ii) by replacing the period in "10.000" with a comma.

§ 265.1063 Test methods and procedures.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(4) * * *

(ii) A mixture of methane or n-hexane and air at a concentration of approximately, but less than, 10:, 000 ppm methane or n-hexane

* * * * *

Subsection CC—Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers

113. In **Section 265.1080**, amend paragraph (a) by revising the citation "Subsections I, J, or K" to read "Subsection I, J, or K".

§ 265.1080 Applicability.

(a) The requirements of this subsection apply to owners and operators of all facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste in tanks, surface impoundments, or containers subject to either subsections I, J, or K subsection I, J, or K of this Section except as § 265.1 and paragraph (b) of this section provide otherwise.

* * * * *

114. In **Section 265.1085**, amend paragraph (h)(3) introductory text, by revising "under either or the following" to read "under either of the following".

§ 265.1085 Standards: Tanks.

* * * * *

(h) * * *

(3) Whenever a hazardous waste is in the tank, the tank shall be operated as a closed system that does not vent to the atmosphere except under either or the following under either of the following conditions as specified in paragraph (h)(3)(i) or (h)(3)(ii) of this section.

* * * * *

115. In **Section 265.1090**, amend paragraph (f)(1) by revising the citation " \S 265.1084(c)(2)(i)" to read " \S 265.1083(c)(2)(i)".

§ 265.1090 Recordkeeping requirements.

* * * * *

(f) * * *

(1) For tanks, surface impoundments, or containers exempted under the hazardous waste organic concentration conditions specified in § 265.1083(c)(1) or or § 265.1084(c)(2)(i) § 265.1083(c)(2)(i) through (c)(2)(vi) of this subsection, the owner or operator shall record the information used for each waste determination (e.g., test results, measurements, calculations, and other documentation) in the facility operating log. If analysis results for waste samples are used for the waste determination, then the owner or operator shall record the date, time, and location that each waste sample is collected in accordance with applicable requirements of § 265.1084 of this subsection.

Subsection DD—Containment Buildings

116. Amend Section 265.1035 as follows:

a. amended by revising the introductory text to read as follows:

b. amend paragraph (d) by revising "permit" to read

"prevent".

§ 265.1100 Applicability.

The requirements of this Subsection apply to owners or operators who store or treat hazardous waste in units designed and operated under § 265.1101 of this subsection. These provisions became effective on February 18, 1993, although the owner or operator may notify the Director of his intent to be bound by this subsection at an earlier time. The owner or operator is not subject to the definition of land disposal in RCRA section 3004(k) provided that the unit:

* * * * *

(d) Has controls as needed to **permit_prevent** fugitive dust emissions; and

* * * * *

117. Amend Section 265.1101 as follows:

- a. In paragraph (b)(3)(iii), revise the citation "\s 265.193(d)(1)" to read "\s 265.193(e)(1)";
 - b. Amend revising paragraphs (c)(2) to read as follows:
- c. In paragraph (c)(3) introductory text, revise "hazardous waste, must repair" to read "hazardous waste, the owner or operator must repair";
 - d. Amend revising paragraphs (c)(4) to read as follows:
- e. In paragraph (d) introductory text, revise "For containment" to read "For a containment".

§ 265.1101 Design and operating standards.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(3) * * *

(iii) The secondary containment system must be constructed of materials that are chemically resistant to the waste and liquids managed in the containment building and of sufficient strength and thickness to prevent collapse under the pressure exerted by overlaying materials and by any equipment used in the containment building. (Containment buildings can serve as secondary containment systems for tanks placed within the building under certain conditions. A containment building can serve as an external liner system for a tank, provided it meets the requirements of § $\frac{265.193(d)(1)}{265.193(e)(1)}$. In addition, the containment building must meet the requirements of § 265.193 (b) and (c) to be considered an acceptable secondary containment system for a tank.)

* * * * *

(3) Throughout the active life of the containment building, if the owner or operator detects a condi-

tion that could lead to or has caused a release of hazardous waste, must repair hazardous waste, the owner or operator must repair the condition promptly, in accordance with the following procedures.

* * * * *

(d) For containment For a containment building that contains both areas with and without secondary containment, the owner or operator must:

* * * * *

118. Amend **Appendix I to Section 265** as follows:

- a. In Table 1, add unit of measure codes for "Pounds," "Short tons," "Kilograms," and "Tons" at the end of the table to read as set forth below;
- b. In Table 2, Section 2.(d), revise "T75 Tricking filter" to read "T75 Trickling filter";
- c. In Table 2, Section 4., revise the heading "Miscellaneous (Subsection X)" to read "Miscellaneous";

Appendix I — Recordkeeping Instructions

Table 1 * * * * *

Unit of measure	Code1
Gallons	G
Gallons per Hour	E
Gallons per Day	U
Liters	L
Liters per Hour	Н
Liters per Day	V
Short Tons per Hour	D
Metric Tons per Hour	W
Short Tons per Day	N
Metric Tons per Day	S
Pounds per Hour	J
Kilograms per Hour	R
Cubic Yards	Y
Cubic Meters	C
Acres	В
Acre-feet	A
Hectares	Q
Hectare-meter	F
Btu's per Hour	I
<u>Pounds</u>	<u>P</u>
Short tons	$\underline{\mathbf{T}}$
<u>Kilograms</u>	<u>K</u>
<u>Tons</u>	<u>M</u>

Table 2.

* * * * *

Handling Codes for Treatment, Storage and Disposal Methods

* * * * *

2. Treatment

* * * * *

(d) Biological Treatment

T75 Tricking filter

T75 Trickling filter

* * * * *

4. Miscellaneous (Subsection X) Miscellaneous

119. In the table in **Appendix V to Section 265**, under the Group 1–A column, revise the phrase "Akaline caustic liquids" to read "Alkaline caustic liquids"; and revise "Lime sludge and other corrosive alkalines" to read "Lime sludge and other corrosive alkalies".

Appendix V — Examples of Potentially Incompatible Waste

Group 1-A

Akaline caustic liquids Alkaline caustic liquids

* * * * *

- 120. Amend **Appendix VI to Section 265** as follows:
- a. In the entry "Dichlorvos (DDVP)", revise the CAS No. "62737" to read "62–73–7";
- b. In the entry "Ethylene thiourea (2-imidazolidinethione)" revise the CAS No. "9–64—" to read "96–45–7";
- c. In the entry "Neopentyl glycol (dimethylolpropane)" revise "dimethylolpropane" to read "dimethylopropane";
- d. In the entry "1,3-Propane sulfone", revise "sulfone" to read "sultone".

Appendix VI to Section 265 — Compounds With Henry's Law Constant Less Than 0.1 Y/X

Section 266—STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF SPE-CIFIC HAZARDOUS WASTES AND SPECIFIC TYPES OF HAZ-ARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

121. In § 266.80, amend the Table in paragraph (a) by in-

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serting, in the third column, a comma after "(except for § 262.11)" in all four instances and change "undernotification" to read under notification.

§ 266.80 Applicability and requirements.

* * * * *

(a)

Then you * **

#3

are exempt from Reg. 23 262 (except for 262.11), 263, 264, 265, 266, 270, and the provisions undernotification under notification requirements at section 3010 of RCRA.

#5

are exempt from Reg. 23 Sections 262 (except for 262.11), 263, 264, 265, 266, 270, and the notification requirements at section 3010 of RCRA.

* * * * *

122. Amend Section 266.100 as follows:

- a. Revise the first sentence of paragraph (b)(1) and adding paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) to read as follows:
- b. In paragraph (d)(2)(iv), revise "266.212" to read "266.112";
- c. In paragraph (d)(3)(i)(A), revise "appendix IX" to read "appendix XI";

§ 266.100 Applicability.

* * * * * * (b) * * *

(1) Except as provided by paragraphs (b)(2), (b)(3), and (b)(4) of this section, the standards of this section no longer apply when an affected source demonstrates compliance with the maximum achievable control technology (MACT) requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE, by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting to the Director a Notification of Compliance under 40 CFR 63.1207(j) and 63.1210(b) documenting compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE. Nevertheless, even after this demonstration of compliance with the MACT standards, RCRA permit conditions that were based on the standards of this part will continue to be in effect until they are removed from the permit or the permit is terminated or revoked, unless the permit expressly provides otherwise. do not apply to a new hazardous waste boiler or industrial furnace unit that becomes subject to RCRA permit requirements after October 12, 2005; or no longer apply when an owner or operator of an existing hazardous waste boiler or industrial furnace unit demonstrates compliance with the maximum achievable control technology (MACT) requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart EEE by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting to the Director a Notification of Compliance under 40 CFR 63.1207(j) and 63.1210(d) documenting compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart EEE.

* * * * *

(2) * * * *

(iv) The standards for regulation of residues of § 266.212 § 266.112; and

(3) If you own or operate a boiler or hydrochloric acid production furnace that is an area source under 40 CFR 63.2 and you elect not to comply with the emission standards under 40 CFR 63.1216, 63.1217, and 63.1218 for particulate matter, semivolatile and low volatile metals, and total chlorine, you also remain subject to:

(i) Section 266.105—Standards to control particulate matter;

- (ii) Section 266.106—Standards to control metals emissions, except for mercury; and (iii) Section 266.107—Standards to control hydrogen chloride and chlorine gas.
- (4) The particulate matter standard of § 266.105 remains in effect for boilers that elect to comply with the alternative to the particulate matter standard under 40 CFR 63.1216(e) and 63.1217(e).

(d) * * *

(d) * * * (3) * * *

(i) * * *

(A) A waste listed in appendix IX appendix XI of this section must contain recoverable levels of lead, a waste listed in Appendix XII of this section must contain recoverable levels of nickel or chromium, a waste listed in Appendix XIII of this section must contain recoverable levels of mercury and contain less than 500 ppm of Section 261, Appendix VIII organic constituents, and baghouse bags used to capture metallic dusts emitted by steel manufacturing must contain recoverable levels of metal; and

123. Amend Section 266.102 as follows:

- a. In paragraph (a)(2)(vi), revise "(Corrective Action)" to read "(Releases from Solid Waste Management Units)";
- b. In paragraph (e)(3)(i)(E), revise the citation "\square 266.111(b)" to read "\square 266.105(a)";
- c. In paragraph (e)(5)(i)(C), revise "chorline" to read "chlorine"; and revise "feestocks" to read "feedstocks";

- d. In paragraph (e)(6)(ii)(B)(2), revise "of preceding" to read "of the preceding";
- e. In paragraph (e)(8)(iii), revise "values" to read "valves".
- f. Amend by revising paragraph (e)(10) to read as follows:

§ 266.102 Permit standards for burners.

(a) * * * (2) * * *

> (vi) In subsection F (Corrective Action Releases from Solid Waste Management **Units**), §§ 264.90 and 264.101;

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(3)(i) * * *

(E) Such other operating requirements as are necessary to ensure that the particulate standard in § 266.111(b) § 266.105(a) is met.

* * * * *

(5) * * *

(i) * * *

(C) A sampling and analysis program for total chloride and chlorine for the hazardous waste, other fuels, and industrial furnace feestocks; feedstocks;

(6) * * *

(ii) * * *

(B) * * *

(2) The rolling average for the selected averaging period is defined as the arithmetic mean of one hour block averages for the averaging period. A one hour block average is the arithmetic mean of the one minute averages recorded during the 60- minute period beginning at one minute after the beginning of preceding of the preceding clock hour; and

* * * * *

(8) * * *

(iii) The boiler or industrial furnace and associated equipment (pumps, values valves, pipes, fuel storage tanks, etc.) must be subjected to thorough visual inspection when it contains hazardous waste, at least daily for leaks, spills, fugitive emissions, and signs of tampering.

(10) Recordkeeping. The owner or operator must keep maintain in the operating record of the facility all information and data required by this section until closure of the facility for five years.

* * * * *

124. Amend **Section 266.103** as follows:

a. In paragraph (a)(4)(vii), revise the citation "265.147– 265.151" to read "265.147–265.150";

b. In paragraph (b)(2)(v)(B)(2), revise "meterological" to read "meteorological";

- c. In paragraph (b)(5)(ii)(A), revise "on a hourly" to read "on an hourly";
- d. Revise paragraphs (c)(1)(i) introductory text to read as follows:
- e. In paragraph (c)(1)(ii)(A)(2), revise "feedsteams" to read "feedstreams";
- f. Revise paragraphs (c)(1)(ix) introductory text to read as follows:
- g. In paragraph (c)(1)(ix)(A), revise "ration" to read "ratio";

h. In paragraph (c)(4)(iv)(C)(1), revise "on a hourly" to read "on an hourly";

- i. Amend by revising paragraph (d) to read as follows:
- j. In paragraph (g)(1)(i), revise "on a hourly" to read "on an hourly".

k. Amend by revising paragraph (k) to read as follows:

§ 266.103 Interim status standards for burners.

(a) * * *

(4) * * *

(vii) In subsection H (Financial requirements), §§ 265.141, 265.142, 265.143, and 265.147-265.151**265.147-265.150**, except that States and the Federal government are exempt from the requirements of subsection H; and

(b) * * *

(2) * * *

(v) * * *

* * * * *

(B) * * *

(2) Source of meterological meteorological data;

(5) * * *

(ii)

(A) The feed rate of each metal shall be limited at any time to ten times the feed

that would be allowed on a hourly on an **hourly** rolling average basis;

(c) * * *

(1) * * *

(i) Feed rate of total hazardous waste and (unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under § 266.1

(i) Feed rate of total hazardous waste and (unless complying with the Tier I or adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under § 266.106(b) or (e)), pumpable hazardous waste;

* * * * *

(ii) * * *

(A) * * *

(2) Industrial furnaces that must comply with the alternative metals implementation approach under paragraph (c)(3)(ii) of this section must specify limits on the concentration of each metal in the collected particulate matter in lieu of feed rate limits for total feedsteams feedstreams;

(ix) For systems using wet scrubbers, including wet ionizing scrubbers (unless complying with Tier I or Adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under § 266.106(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under § 266.107(b)(1) or (e)): (ix) For systems using wet scrubbers, including wet ionizing scrubbers (unless complying with the Tier I or Adjusted Tier I metals feed rate screening limits under § 266.106(b) or (e) and the total chlorine and chloride feed rate screening limits under § 266.107(b)(1) or (e)):

* * * * *

(A) Minimum liquid to flue gas ration ratio;

(4) * * *

(iv) * * *

(C) * * *

(1) The feed rate of each metal shall be limited at any time to ten times the feed rate that would be allowed on a hourly on an hourly rolling average basis;

(d) *Periodic Recertifications*. The owner or operator must conduct compliance testing and submit to the Director a recertification of compliance under provisions of paragraph

a recertification of compliance under provisions of paragraph (c) of this section within three <u>five</u> years from submitting the previous certification or recertification. If the owner or operator seeks to recertify compliance under new operating conditions, he/she must comply with the requirements of

paragraph (c)(8) of this section.

(g) * * *

(1) * * *

(i) If compliance with the combustion chamber temperature limit is based on a hourly on an hourly rolling average, the minimum tem-

perature during the compliance test is considered to be the average over all runs of the lowest hourly rolling average for each run;

(k) *Recordkeeping*. The owner or operator must keep in the operating record of the facility all information and data required by this section until closure of the boiler or industrial furnace unit. for five years.

* * * * *

125. In **Section 266.106**, amend paragraph (d)(1) by deleting the second appearance of the phrase "dispersion modeling to predict the maximum annual average off-site ground level concentration for each".

§ 266.106 Standards to control metals emissions.

(d) * * *

* * * * *

(1) General. Conformance with the Tier III metals controls must be demonstrated by emissions testing to determine the emission rate for each metal. In addition, conformance with either the Tier III or Adjusted Tier I metals controls must be demonstrated by air dispersion modeling to predict the maximum annual average off-site ground level concentration for each dispersion modeling to predict the maximum annual average off-site ground level concentration for each metal, and a demonstration that acceptable ambient levels are not exceeded.

126. Amend **Section 266.109** paragraph (a)(2)(ii), revise "constitutent" to read "constituent" in both instances;

§ 266.109 Low risk waste exemption.

(a) * * *

(2) * * *

* * * * *

(ii) Calculate reasonable, worst case emission rates for each constituent constituent identified in paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section by assuming the device achieves 99.9 percent destruction and removal efficiency. That is, assume that 0.1 percent of the mass weight of each constituent constituent fed to the device is emitted.

* * * * *

Subsection N—Conditional Exemption for Low-Level Mixed Waste Storage, Treatment, Transportation and Disposal.

127. Amend **Section 266** by revising the Subsection

heading to read as set forth above.

Subsection N—Conditional Exemption for Low-Level **Mixed Waste Storage and Disposal**

Subsection N—Conditional Exemption for Low-Level Mixed Waste Storage, Treatment, Transportation and Disposal.

* * * * *

128. Amend **Section 266, Appendix III** column headings by revising "C1₂" to read "Cl₂," three times, and by revising "HC1" to read "HC1" three times (i.e., revise the "1" (one) to be a lower-case letter L in all six cases).

Appendix III-Tier II Emission Rate Screening Limits for Free Chlorine and Hydrogen Chloride Noncomplex terrain Complex terrain

* * * * *

C12 (g/hr) HC1 (g/hr) C12 (g/hr) HC1 (g/hr) HC1 (g/hr) HC1 (g/hr) $\underline{Cl}_{\underline{}}(\underline{g/hr})\,\underline{HCl}\,(\underline{g/hr})\,\underline{Cl}_{\underline{}}(\underline{g/hr})\,\underline{HCl}\,(\underline{g/hr})\,\underline{HCl}\,(\underline{g/hr})\,\underline{HCl}\,(\underline{g/hr})$

129. Amend **Section 266, Appendix IV** by Revising the entry "Maleic Anyhdride" to read "Maleic Anhydride";

Appendix IV-Reference Air Concentrations*

* * * * *

Maleic Anyhdride Maleic Anhydride

130. Amend **Section 266, Appendix V** as follows:

- a. Revise the third column heading "Unit risk (m3/?g)" to read "Unit risk (m3/?g)";
- b. Revise the fourth column heading "RsD (?g/m3)" to read "RsD (?g/m3)";
 - c. Revise the entry "Benxene" to read "Benzene";
- d. Revise the entry "Hexachlorodibenxo-p-dioxin (1,2) Mixture)" to read "Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (1,2 Mixture)".

Appendix V-Risk Specific Doses (10^s)

* * * * * Unit risk

(m3/ug)

Unit risk (m3/[g)

R_sD

(ug/m3)

RsD([g/m3)

Benzene Benzene

Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin(1,2 Mixture) Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (1,2 Mixture)

131. Amend **Section 266, Appendix VI** by revising the first column heading "Flow rate (m3/s)" to read "Flow rate (m3/s)" s)".

Appendix VI-Stack Plume Rise

* * * * *

Flow rate (m3/s)

Flow rate (m3/s)

* * * * *

132. Amend Section 266, Appendix XIII at item number 14 by revising "levels or mercury" to read "levels of mercury".

Appendix XIII to Section 266 - Mercury Bearing Wastes That May Be Processed in Exempt Mercury Recovery Units

Recoverable levels or mercury levels of mercury contained in soil * * * * *

Section 268—LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS

Subsection A—General

133. In **Section 268.2**, amend paragraph (g) by revising "A manufactured" to read "a manufactured"; "Any material" to read "any material"; "Process residuals" to read "process residuals"; and "and Intact" to read "and intact".

§ 268.2 Definitions applicable in this section.

* * * * *

(g) "Debris" means solid material exceeding a 60 mm particle size that is intended for disposal and that is: A manu**factured** a manufactured object; or plant or animal matter; or natural geologic material. However, the following materials are not debris: Any material any material for which a specific treatment standard is provided in Subsection D, section 268, namely lead acid batteries, cadmium batteries, and radioactive lead solids; Process residuals process residuals such as smelter slag and residues from the treatment of waste, wastewater, sludges, or air emission residues; and Intact and intact containers of hazardous waste that are not ruptured and that retain at least 75% of their original volume. A mixture of debris that has not been treated to the standards provided by § 268.45 and other material is subject to regulation as debris if the mixture is comprised primarily of debris, by

volume, based on visual inspection.

* * * * *

134. In **Section 268.4**, amend paragraph (a)(3) introductory text by revising the citation "of section 264 or section 264" to read "of section 264 or section 265".

§ 268.4 Treatment surface impoundment exemption.

(a) * * *

(3) The impoundment meets the design requirements of § 264.221(c) or § 265.221(a) of this regulation, regardless that the unit may not be new, expanded, or a replacement, and be in compliance with applicable ground water monitoring requirements of Subsection F of section 264 or section 264 of Section 264 or Section 265 of this regulation unless:

* * * * *

135. In **Section 268.6**, amend paragraph (c)(5) introductory text by revising "section meet" to read "section meets".

§ 268.6 Petitions to allow land disposal of a waste prohibited under Subsection C of Section 268.

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(5) The monitoring program specified under paragraph (c)(1) of this section meet section meets the following criteria:

* * * * *

136. Amend **Section 268.7** as follows:

- a. Amend by revising paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2), and (b)(6) to read as follows:
- b. In paragraph (a)(3)(ii), second sentence, insert the word "column" after the phrase "information in", and insert a closing quotation mark after the citation "268.7(a)(3)";
- c. In paragraph (b)(4)(ii), revise the citation "\s 261.3(e)" to read "\s 261.3(f)";
 - d. Amend by revising paragraph (b)(6) to read as follows:
- e. In paragraph (c)(2), remove the closing parenthesis from "Leaching Procedure";
- f. In paragraph (d) introductory text, revise the citation "\\$ 261.3(e)" to read "\\$ 261.3(f)";
 - g. Revise paragraph (d)(1) to read as set forth below;
- h. In paragraph (d)(2), revise the citation " \S 261.2(e)(1)" to read " \S 261.3(f)(1)";
- i. In paragraph (d)(3), revise the citation " \S 261.3(e)(1)" to read " \S 261.3(f)(1)".

§ 268.7 Testing, tracking and recordkeeping

requirements for generators, treaters, and disposal facilities.

(a) Requirements for generators:

(1) A generator of hazardous waste must determine if the waste has to be treated before it can be land disposed. This is done by determining if the hazardous waste meets the treatment standards in § 268.40, 268.45, or § 268.49. This determination can be made concurrently with the hazardous waste determination required in § 262.11 of this Regu**lation**, in either of two ways: testing the waste or using knowledge of the waste. If the generator tests the waste, testing would normally determine the total concentration of hazardous constituents, or the concentration of hazardous constituents in an extract of the waste obtained using test method 1311 in "Test Methods of Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846, as referenced in §260.11 of this regulation (incorporated by reference, see § 260.11 of this Regulation), depending on whether the treatment standard for the waste is expressed as a total concentration or concentration of hazardous constituent in the waste's extract. (Alternatively, the generator must send the waste to a RCRA-permitted hazardous waste treatment facility, where the waste treatment facility must comply with the requirements of § 264.13 of this Regulation and paragraph (b) of this section.) In addition, some hazardous wastes must be treated by particular treatment methods before they can be land disposed and some soils are contaminated by such hazardous wastes. These treatment standards are also found in § 268.40, and are described in detail in § 268.42, Table 1. These wastes, and solids contaminated with such wastes, do not need to be tested (however, if they are in a waste mixture, other wastes with concentration level treatment standards would have to be tested). If a generator determines they are managing a waste or soil contaminated with a waste, that displays a hazardous characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity, they must comply with the special requirements of § 268.9 of this section in addition to any applicable requirements in this section.

(2) If the waste or contaminated soil does not meet the treatment standards, or if the generator chooses not to make the determination of whether his waste must be treated, with the initial shipment of waste to each treatment or storage facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each treatment or storage facility receiving the waste, and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information in column "268.7(a)(2)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in paragraph (a)(4) of this section. (Alternatively, if

the generator chooses not to make the determination of whether the waste must be treated, the notification must include the EPA Hazardous Waste Numbers and Manifest Number of the first shipment and must state "This hazardous waste may or may not be subject to the LDR treatment standards. The treatment facility must make the determination.") No further notification is necessary until such time that the waste or facility change, in which case a new notification must be sent and a copy placed in the generator's file. If the waste or contaminated soil does not meet the treatment standard: With the initial shipment of waste to each treatment or storage facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each treatment or storage facility receiving the waste, and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information in column "268.7(a)(2)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in § 268.7(a)(4). No further notification is necessary until such time that the waste or facility changes, in which case a new notification must be sent and a copy placed in the generator's file.

(3) * * *

(ii) For contaminated soil, with the initial shipment of wastes to each treatment, storage, or disposal facility, the generator must send a one-time written notice to each facility receiving the waste and place a copy in the file. The notice must include the information in **column** "268.7(a)(3)" of the Generator Paperwork Requirements Table in § 268.7(a)(4).

(4) * * *

(ii) Debris excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under § 261.3(e) § 261.3(f) of this regulation (i.e., debris treated by an extraction or destruction technology provided by Table 1, § 268.45, and debris that the Director has determined does not contain hazardous waste), however, is subject to the notification and certification requirements of paragraph (d) of this section rather than the certification requirements of this paragraph.

(c) * * *

(2) Test the waste, or an extract of the waste or treatment residue developed using test method 1311 (the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure), described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846 as incorporated by reference in § 260.11 of this chapter), to assure that the wastes or treatment residues are in compliance with the applicable treatment standards set forth in subsection

D of this Section. Such testing must be performed according to the frequency specified in the facility's waste analysis plan as required by § 264.13 or § 265.13 of this regulation.

* * * * *

(d) Generators or treaters who first claim that hazardous debris is excluded from the definition of hazardous waste under § 261.3(e) § 261.3(f) of this regulation (i.e., debris treated by an extraction or destruction technology provided by Table 1, § 268.45, and debris that the EPA Regional Administrator (or his designated representative) or State authorized to implement 40 CFR Part 268 requirements has determined does not contain hazardous waste) are subject to the following notification and certification requirements:

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(1) A one-time notification, including the following information, must be submitted to the ADEQ.

(i) The name and address of the Subsection D facility receiving the treated debris; (ii) A description of the hazardous debris as initially generated, including the applicable EPA Hazardous Waste Number(s); and

(iii) For debris excluded under § 261.3(f)(1) of this regulation, the technology from Table 1, § 268.45, used to treat the debris.

- (2) The notification must be updated if the debris is shipped to a different facility, and, for debris excluded under § 261.2(e)(1) § 261.3(f)(1) of this chapter, if a different type of debris is treated or if a different technology is used to treat the debris.
- (3) For debris excluded under § 261.2(e)(1) § 261.3(f)(1) of this chapter, the owner or operator of the treatment facility must document and certify compliance with the treatment standards of Table 1, § 268.45, as follows:

* * * * *

137. **Section 268.9** is amended by revising paragraphs (a) and (d) introductory text to read as follows:

§ 268.9 Special rules regarding wastes that exhibit a characteristic.

(a) The initial generator of a solid waste must determine each EPA Hazardous Waste Number (waste code) applicable to the waste in order to determine the applicable treatment standards under Subsection D of this section. This determination may be made concurrently with the hazardous waste determination required in § 262.11 of this Regulation. For purposes of section 268, the waste will carry the waste code for any applicable listed waste (Section 261, subsection D of this Regulation). In addition, where the waste exhibits a characteristic, the waste will carry one or more of

the characteristic waste codes (Section 261, Subsection C of this Regulation), except when the treatment standard for the listed waste operates in lieu of the treatment standard for the characteristic waste, as specified in paragraph (b) of this section. If the generator determines that their waste displays a hazardous characteristic (and is not D001 nonwastewaters treated by CMBST, RORGS, OR POLYM of § 268.42, Table 1), the generator must determine the underlying hazardous constituents (as defined at § 268.2(i)) in the characteristic waste.

* * * * *

138. In **Section 268.14**, amend paragraphs (b) and (c) by revising "not withstanding" to read "notwithstanding" in both instances.

§ 268.14 Surface impoundment exemptions.

* * * * *

- (b) Wastes which are newly identified or listed under section 3001 after November 8, 1984, and stored in a surface impoundment that is newly subject to subtitle C of RCRA as a result of the additional identification or listing, may continue to be stored in the surface impoundment for 48 months after the promulgation of the additional listing or characteristic, not withstanding notwithstanding that the waste is otherwise prohibited from land disposal, provided that the surface impoundment is in compliance with the requirements of Subsection F of section 265 of this regulation within 12 months after promulgation of the new listing or characteristic.
- (c) Wastes which are newly identified or listed under section 3001 after November 8, 1984, and treated in a surface impoundment that is newly subject to subtitle C of RCRA as a result of the additional identification or listing, may continue to be treated in that surface impoundment, not withstanding notwithstanding that the waste is otherwise prohibited from land disposal, provided that surface impoundment is in compliance with the requirements of Subsection F of section 265 of this regulation within 12 months after the promulgation of the new listing or characteristic. In addition, if the surface impoundment continues to treat hazardous waste after 48 months from promulgation of the additional listing or characteristic, it must then be in compliance with § 268.4.

* * * * *

139. Amend **Section 268.40** as follows:

- a. In paragraph (g), revise "as definded" to read "as defined".
- b. Amend the table TREATMENT STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS WASTES as follows:
 - 1. At the column heading "Wastewaters", revise "Concentration in mg/L3" to read "Concentration 3 in mg/L";

- 2. At the column heading "Nonwastewaters", revise "Concentration in mg/kg5" to read "Concentration5 in mg/kg";
- 3. At the entry "K047", in the waste description column, revise "water form TNT" to read "water from TNT";
- 4. At the entries "K049" and "K051", revise the CAS number for "Chrysene" from "2218–01–9" to read "218–01–9";
- 5. At the entry "K088", revise the common name "Bemz(a)anthracene" to read "Benz(a)anthracene"; and revise the common name "Indeno(1,2,3,-c,d)pyrene" to read "Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene";
- 6. At the entry "K111", revise the CAS number for "2,4-Dinitrotoluene" from "121–1–2" to read "121–14–2";
- 7. At the entry "K114", in the waste description column, revise the common name "dinitrotolune" to read "dinitrotoluene";
- 8. At the entry "K156", revise the CAS number for "Acetophenone" from "96–86–2" to read "98–86–2";
- 9. At the entry "U202" "Acetone" following "U001", revise "U202" to read "U002";
- 10. At the entry "U134", revise the CAS number "16984–48–8" to read "7664–39–3";
- 11. At the entry "U137", revise in the waste description and in the common name columns "Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene" to read "Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene" in both instances.

§ 268.40 Applicability of Treatment Standards.

(g) Between August 26, 1996 and March 4, 1999 the treatment standards for the wastes specified in § 261.32 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers K156-K161; and in § 261.33 as EPA Hazardous Waste numbers P127, P128, P185, P188-P192, P194, P196-P199, P201-P205, U271, U277-U280, U364-U367, U372, U373, U375-U379, U381-U387, U389-U396, U400-U404, U407, and U409-U411; and soil contaminated with these wastes; may be satisfied by either meeting the constituent concentrations presented in the table "Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes" in this section, or by treating the waste by the following technologies: combustion, as defined by the technology code CMBST at §268.42 Table 1, for nonwaste-waters; and, biodegradation as definded as defined by the technology code BIODG, carbon adsorption as defined by the technology code CARBN, chemical oxidation as defined by the technology code CHOXD, or combustion as defined as technology code CMBST at §268.42 Table 1, for wastewaters.

* * * * *

§268.40 TREATMENT STANDARDS FOR HAZARDOUS WASTES NOTE: NA means not applicable * * *

Wastewaters * * *



```
Concentration in mg/13; Concentration 3 in mg/L
Nonwastewaters * * *
Concentration in mg/kg5 Concentration5 in mg/kg
K047
Pink/red water form from TNT operations
K049 Chrysene 2218-01-9 218-01-9
****
K051 Chrysene 2218-01-9 218-01-9
K088
Indeno(1,2,3,-c,d)pyrene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
****
K111
<del>121-1-2</del>121-14-2
K114
Vicinals from the purification of toluenediamine in the production of
toluenediamine via hydrogenation of dinitrotolune dinitrotoluene.
K156
Acetophenone 96-86-2 98-86-2
U202U002
"U134
<del>16964-48-8</del>7664-39-3
****
U137
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
* * * * *
```

140. In **Section 268.42, Table 1**, amend the entry for Technology code "SSTRP" in the second column as follows:

a. In the first sentence, revise "as well as, temperature and pressure ranges have" to read "as well as temperature and pressure ranges, have";

b. In the second sentence, insert a comma after the phrase "parameters of the unit"; remove the comma in the phrase "such as, the number"; and replace the period at the end of "the internal column design." with a comma;

c. In the third sentence, revise "Thus, resulting" to read "thus resulting".

§ 268.42 Treatment standards expressed as specified technologies

Table 1

SSTRP: Steam stripping of organics from liquid wastes utilizing direct application of steam to the wastes operated such that liquid and vapor flow rates, as well as, temperature and pressure ranges have as well as temperature and pressure ranges, have been optimized, monitored, and maintained These operating parameters are dependent upon the design parameters of the unit, such as; the number of separation stages and the internal column design, Thus, resulting thus resulting in a condensed extract high in organics that must undergo either incineration, reuse as a fuel, or other recovery/reuse and an extracted wastewater that must undergo further treatment as specified in the standard

* * * * *

141. In **Section 268.44**, amend paragraph (c), last sentence of the certification statement, by revising "I am aware that these are" to read "I am aware that there are".

§ 268.44 Variance from a treatment standard

* * * * *

(c) Each petition must include the following statement signed by the petitioner or an authorized representative: "I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this petition and all attached documents, and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete I am aware that these are I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment"

* * * * *

142. Amend Section 268.45, Table 1, as follows:

- a. At item B.1., first column, revise "biodegration" to read "biodegradation";
- b. At item B.2.a., first column, revise "electolytic" to read "electrolytic"; and under number (8), revise "permanganates" to read "permanganates".

§ 268.45 Treatment standards for hazardous debris

* * * * *

Table 1.-Alternative Treatment Standards For

Hazardous Debris

1

* * * * *

B. Destruction Technologies: * * *

1. Biological Destruction (Biodegradation):

and biodegration biodegradation of organic or nonmetallic inorganic

2 * * *

a. Chemical Oxidation: Chemical or electolytic electrolytic

143. Amend **Section 268.48 Table**, UNIVERSAL TREAT-MENT STANDARDS, as follows:

- a. In Table UTS, amend by adding in alphabetical sequence the following entries under organic constituents:
- b. Amend the Footnote by changing "this Section" to read "this Section:

§ 268.48 Table UTS – Universal Treatment Standards

(a) * * *

Universal Treatment Standards Table

${\bf TABLE~UTS-UNIVERSAL~TREATMENT~STANDARDS}$

NOTE: NA means not applicable

Chemical Name		CAS No1		
Nonwa waters2	ste waters3			
Organic Constituer	nts			
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	0.059	3.4	
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	0.059	3.4	
Acetone	67-64-1	0.28	160	
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5.6	38	
Acetophenone	96-86-2	0.010	9.7	
2- 5 Acetylaminofluoro).059	140	
Acrolein	107-02-8	0.29	NA	
Acrylamide	79-06-1	19	23	
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	0.24	84	
Aldicarb sulfone	1646-88-4	0.056	0.28	
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.021	0.066	
1-Aminobiphenyl	92-67-1	0.13	NA	
Aniline	62-53-3	0.81	14	
o-Anisidine (2- methoxyaniline)	90-04-0	0.010	0.66	
Anthracene	120-12-7	0.059	3.4	
Aramite	140-57-8	0.36	NA	
lpha-BHC	319-84-6	0.00014	0.066	
eta-BHC	319-85-7	0.00014	0.066	
lelta-BHC	319-86-8	0.023	0.066	
gamma-BHC	58-89-9	0.0017	0.066	
Barban \6\	101-27-9	0.056	1.4	
Bendiocarb \6\	22781-23-3	0.056	1.4	
Benomyl \6\	17804-35-2	0.056	1.4	
Benzene	71-43-2	0.14	10	
Benz(a)anthracene	56-55-3	0.059	3.4	
Benzal chloride	98-87-3	0.055	6.0	
Benzo(b)fluoranth ene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(k)fluorant	205-99-2	0.11	6.8	

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Benzo(k)fluoranth ene (difficult to distinguish from benzo(b)fluorant hene)	207-08-9	0.11	6.8
Benzo(g,h,i)peryl ene	191-24-2	0.0055	1.8
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	0.061	3.4
Bromodichloromet	h 75-27-4	0.35	15
Bromomethane/ Methyl bromide	74-83-9	0.11	15
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3	0.055	15
n-Butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5.6	2.6
Butylate \6\	2008-41-5	0.042	1.4
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	0.017	28
2-sec-Butyl-4,6- dinitrophenol/ Dinoseb	88-85-7	0.066	2.5
Carbaryl \6\	63-25-2	0.006	0.14
Carbenzadim \6\	10605-21-7	0.056	1.4
Carbofuran \6\	1563-66-2	0.006	0.14
Carbofuran phenol \6\	1563-38-8	0.056	1.4
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3.8	4.8 mg/l TCLP
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	0.057	6.0
Carbosulfan \6\	55285-14-8	0.028	1.4
Chlordane (alpha and gamma isomers)	57-74-9	0.0033	0.26
p-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	0.46	16
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	0.057	6.0
Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	0.10	NA
2-Chloro-1,3- butadiene	126-99-8	0.057	0.28
Chlorodibromomet	h 124-48-1	0.057	15
Chloroethane	75-00-3	0.27	6.0
bis(2- 1 Chloroethoxy)met hane	11-91-1	0.036	7.2

bis(2- 1 Chloroethyl)ethe r	11-44-4	0.033	6.0
Chloroform	67-66-3	0.046	6.0
bis(2- 39 Chloroisopropyl) ether	638-32-9	0.055	7.2
p-Chloro-m-cresol	59-50-7	0.018	14
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	0.062	NA
Chloromethane/ Methyl chloride	74-87-3	0.19	30
2- 91 Chloronaphthalen e	1-58-7	0.055	5.6
2-Chloropchenol	95-57-8	0.044	5.7
3-Chloropropylene	107-05-1	0.036	30
Chrysene	218-01-9	0.059	3.4
p-Cresidine	120-71-8	0.010	0.66
o-Cresol	95-48-7	0.11	5.6
m-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from p-cresol)	108-39-4	0.77	5.6
p-Cresol (difficult to distinguish from m-cresol)	106-44-5	0.77	5.6
m-Cumenyl methylcarbamate \6\	64-00-6	0.056	1.4
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.36	0.75 mg/l TCLP
o,p[prime]-DDD	53-19-0	0.023	0.087
p,p[prime]-DDD	72-54-8	0.023	0.087
o,p[prime]-DDE	3424-82-6	0.031	0.087
p,p[prime]-DDE	72-55-9	0.031	0.087
o,p[prime]-DDT	789-02-6	0.0039	0.087
p,p[prime]-DDT	50-29-3	0.0039	0.087
Dibenz(a,h)anthra cene	53-70-3	0.055	8.2
Dibenz(a,e)pyrene	192-65-4	0.061	NA
1,2-Dibromo-3- chloropropane	96-12-8	0.11	15
1,2-Dibromoethane Ethylene dibromide	/ 106-93-4	0.028	15

Dibromomethane	74-95-	3 0.11	15
m-Dichlorobenze	ene 541-73	3-1 0.03	6 6.0
o-Dichlorobenze	ne 95-50-	1 0.088	6.0
p-Dichlorobenze	ne 106-46	-7 0.090	6.0
Dichlorodifluoro ethane	m 75-71-	8 0.23	7.2
1,1- Dichloroethane	75-34-3	0.059	6.0
1,2- Dichloroethane	107-06-2	0.21	6.0
1,1- Dichloroethylene	75-35-4 e	0.025	6.0
trans-1,2- Dichloroethylene	156-60-5	0.054	30
2,4- Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	0.044	14
2,6- Dichlorophenol	87-65-0	0.044	14
2,4- Dichlorophenox cetic acid/2,4-D	94-75-7 ya	0.72	10
1,2- Dichloropropane	78-87-5	0.85	18
cis-1,3- Dichloropropyle e	10061-01-5 n	0.036	18
trans-1,3- Dichloropropyle e	10061-02-6 n	0.036	18
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.017	0.13
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	0.20	28
p- Dimethylaminoa benzene	60-11-7 zo	0.13	NA
2,4- Dimethylaniline (2,4-xylidine)	95-68-1	0.010	0.66
2,4-Dimethyl phenol	105-67-9	0.036	14
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	0.047	28
Di-n-butyl phthalate	84-74-2	0.057	28
1,4- Dinitrobenzene	100-25-4	0.32	2.3
4,6-Dinitro-o- cresol	534-52-1	0.28	160

hydrochloride

2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	0.12	160
2,4- Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	0.32	140
2,6- Consiste of the consistency	606-20-2	0.55	28
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	0.017	28
Di-n- propylnitrosamin	621-64-7 e	0.40	14
1,4-Dioxane	123-91-1	12.0	170
Diphenylamine (difficult to distinguish from diphenylnitrosam ine)	122-39-4	0.92	13
Diphenylnitrosam ne (difficult to distinguish from diphenylamine)	i 86-30-6	0.92	13
1,2- Diphenylhydrazin e	122-66-7 1	0.087	NA
Disulfoton	298-04-4	0.017	6.2
Dithiocarbamates (total) \6\	NA	0.028	28
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.023	0.066
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	0.029	0.13
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.029	0.13
Endrin	72-20-8	0.0028	0.13
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	0.025	0.13
EPTC \6\	759-94-4	0.042	1.4
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.34	33
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.057	10
Ethyl cyanide/ Propanenitrile	107-12-0	0.24	360
Ethyl ether	60-29-7	0.12	160
Ethyl methacrylate	97-63-2	0.14	160
Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	0.12	NA
Famphur	52-85-7	0.017	15
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	0.068	3.4
Fluorene	86-73-7	0.059	3.4
Formetanate	23422-53-9	0.056	1.4

\6\			
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.0012	0.066
1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodiben zo-p-dioxin (1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDD)	35822-46-9	0.000035	.0025
1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodiben zofluran (1,2,3,4,6,7,8- HpCDF)	67562-39-4	0.000035	.0025
1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodiben zofluran (1,2,3,4,7,8,9- HpCDF)	55673-89-7	0.000035	.0025
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.016	0.066
Hexachlorobenzen	e 118-74-1	0.05	5 10
Hexachlorobutadie ne	87-68-3	0.055 5.6	
Hexachlorocyclope ntadiene	77-47-4	0.057 2.4	
HxCDDs (All Hexachlorodibenz o-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
HxCDFs (All Hexachlorodibenz ofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	0.055	30
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	0.0055	3.4
Iodomethane	74-88-4	0.19	65
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	5.6	170
Isodrin	465-73-6	0.021	0.066
Isosafrole	120-58-1	0.081	2.6
Kepone	143-50-0	0.0011	0.13
Methacrylonitrile	126-98-7	0.24	84
Methanol	67-56-1	5.6	0.75 mg/l TCLP
Methapyrilene	91-80-5	0.081	1.5
Methiocarb \6\	2032-65-7	0.056	1.4
Methomyl \6\	16752-77-5	0.028	0.14
Methoxychlor	72-43-5	0.25	0.18
3- 5. Methylcholanthre	6-49-5 0.	0055	15

ne				
4,4-Methylene bis(2- chloroaniline)	101-14-4	0.50	30	
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.089	30	
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	0.28	36	
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	0.14	33	
Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	0.14	160	
Methyl methanesulfonate	66-27-3	0.018	NA	
Methyl parathion	298-00-0	0.014	4.6	
Metolcarb \6\	1129-41-5	0.056	1.4	
Mexacarbate \6\	315-18-4	0.056	1.4	
Molinate \6\	2212-67-1	0.042	1.4	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.059	5.6	
2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	0.52	NA	
o-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	0.27	14	
p-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	0.028	28	
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	0.068	14	
5-Nitro-o- toluidine	99-55-8	0.32	28	
o-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	0.028	13	
p-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	0.12	29	
N- 5 Nitrosodiethylam ine	55-18-5	0.40	28	
N- 6 Nitrosodimethyla	52-75-9 mine	0.40	2.3	
N-Nitroso-di-n- butylamine	924-16-3	0.40	17	
N- 10 Nitrosomethyleth ylamine	595-95-6	0.40	2.3	
N- 5 Nitrosomorpholine	59-89-2 e	0.40	2.3	
N- 1 Nitrosopiperidine	00-75-4	0.013	35	
N- 9 Nitrosopyrrolidi ne	30-55-2 e	0.013	35	
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenz	3268-87-9	0.000063	0.005	

o-p-dioxin (OCD	D)		
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenz ofluran (OCDF)	39001-02-0	0.000063	0.005
Oxamyl \6\	23135-22-0	0.056	0.28
Parathion	56-38-2	0.014	4.6
Total PCBs (sum of all PCB isomers, or all Aroclors)\8\	1336-36-3	0.10	10
Pebulate \6\	1114-71-2	0.042	1.4
Pentachlorobenzen e	608-93-5	0.055	10
PeCDDs (All Pentachlorodiben zo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001
PeCDFs (All Pentachlorodiben zofurans)	NA	0.000035	0.001
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	0.055	6.0
Pentachloronitrob enzene	82-68-8	0.055	4.8
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	0.089	7.4
Phenacetin	62-44-2	0.081	16
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	0.059	5.6
Phenol	108-95-2	0.039	6.2
1,3- 1 Phenylenediamine	08-45-2	0.010	0.66
Phorate	298-02-2	0.021	4.6
Phthalic acid	100-21-0	0.055	28
Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	0.055	28
Physostigmine \6\	57-47-6	0.056	1.4
Physostigmine salicylate \6\	57-64-7	0.056	1.4
Promecarb \6\	2631-37-0	0.056	1.4
Pronamide	23950-58-5	0.093	1.5
Propham \6\	122-42-9	0.056	1.4
Propoxur \6\	114-26-1	0.056	1.4
Prosulfocarb \6\	52888-80-9	0.042	1.4
Pyrene	129-00-0	0.067	8.2
Pyridine	110-86-1	0.014	16
Safrole	94-59-7	0.081	22

Silvex/2,4,5-TP	93-72-1	0.72	7.9	
1,2,4,5- Tetrachlorobenze	95-94-3 ne	0.055	14	
TCDDs (All Tetrachlorodiben zo-p-dioxins)	NA	0.000063	0.001	
TCDFs (All Tetrachlorodiben zofurans)	NA	0.000063	0.001	
1,1,1,2- Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	0.057	6.0	
1,1,2,2- Tetrachloroethan	79-34-5 e	0.057	6.0	
Tetrachloroethyle ne	127-18-4	0.056	6.0	
2,3,4,6- Tetrachloropheno	58-90-2 l	0.030	7.4	
Thiodicarb \6\	59669-26-0	0.019	1.4	
Thiophanate- methyl \6\	23564-05-8	0.056	1.4	
Гoluene	108-88-3	0.080	10	
Гохарһепе	8001-35-2	0.0095	2.6	
Γriallate \6\	2303-17-5	0.042	1.4	
Tribromomethane Bromoform	/ 75-25-2	0.63	15	
1,2,4- Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	0.055	19	
1,1,1- Trichloroethane	71-55-6	0.054	6.0	
1,1,2- Trichloroethane	79-00-5	0.054	6.0	
Γrichloroethylene	79-01-6	0.054	6.0	
Trichlorofluorome thane	75-69-4	0.020	30	
2,4,5- Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	0.18	7.4	
2,4,6- Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	0.035	7.4	
2,4,5- Trichlorophenoxy acetic acid/ 2,4,5-		0.72	7.9	
1,2,3- Trichloropropane	96-18-4	0.85	30	
1,2,3-	76-13-1	0.85	30	

tris-(2,3- Dibromopropyl) phosphate	126-72-7	0.11	0.10
Vernolate \6\	1929-77-7	0.042	1.4
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	0.27	6.0
Xylenes-mixed isomers (sum of o-, m-, and p- xyl concentrations)	1330-20-7 ene	0.32	2 30
Inorganic Constituents			
Antimony	7440-36-0	1.9	1.15 mg/l TCLP
Arsenic	7440-38-2	1.4	5.0 mg/l TCLP
Barium	7440-39-3	1.2	21 mg/l TCLP
Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.82	1.22 mg/l TCLP
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.69	0.11 mg/l TCLP
Chromium (Total)	7440-47-3	2.7	77 0.60 mg/l TC
Cyanides (Total)	57-12-5	1.2	590
Cyanides (Amenable) \4\	57-12-5	0.86	30
Fluoride \5\	16984-48-8	35	NA
Lead	7439-92-1	0.69	0.75 mg/l TCLP
Mercury_Nonwas ater from Retort	tew 7439-97	-6	NA 0.20 mg/l
Mercury_All Others	7439-97-6	0.15	0.025 mg/l TCL
Nickel	7440-02-0	3.98	11 mg/l TCLP
Selenium \7\	7782-49-2	0.82	5.7 mg/l TCLP
Silver	7440-22-4	0.43	0.14 mg/l TCLP
Sulfide \5\	18496-25-8	14	NA
Thallium	7440-28-0	1.4	0.20 mg/l TCLP
Vanadium \5\	7440-62-2	4.3	1.6 mg/l TCLP
Zinc \5\	7440-66-6	2.61	4.3 mg/l TCLP

FOOTNOTES TO TABLE UTS

- $1\,CAS$ means Chemical Abstract Services When the waste code and/or regulated constituents are described as a combination of a chemical with its salts and/or esters, the CAS number is given for the parent compound only .
- 2 Concentration standards for wastewaters are expressed in mg/l and are based on analysis of composite samples.
- 3 Except for Metals (EP or TCLP) and Cyanides (Total and Amenable) the nonwastewater treatment standards expressed as a concentration were established, in part, based upon incineration in units operated in accordance with the technical requirements of Section 264, subsection O or Section

265, subsection O, or based upon combustion in fuel substitution units operating in accordance with applicable technical requirements A facility may comply with these treatment standards according to provisions in § 26840(d) All concentration standards for nonwastewaters are based on analysis of grab samples.

4 Both Cyanides (Total) and Cyanides (Amenable) for nonwastewaters are to be analyzed

using Method 9010C or 9012B, found in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication SW-846, as incorporated by reference in § 26011, with a sample size of 10 grams and a distillation time of one hour and 15 minutes.

5 These constituents are not "underlying hazardous constituents" in characteristic wastes, according to the definition at §2682(i).

6 Between August 26, 1998 and March 4, 1999, these constituents are not "underlying hazardous constituents" as defined in § 2682(i) of this section) 7 This constituent is not an underlying hazardous constituent as defined at § 2682(i) of this Section because its UTS level is greater than its TC level, thus a treated selenium waste would always be characteristically hazardous, unless it is treated to below its characteristic level 8 mg/L, TCLP 9 This srandard is temporarily deferred for soil exhibiting a hazardous characteristic due to D004-D011 only.

* * * * *

145. In **Section 268.49**, amend paragraph (d) by revising "flouride" to read "fluoride".

§ 268.49 Alternative LDR treatment standards for contaminated soil * * *

* * * * *

(d) Constituents subject to treatment. When applying the soil treatment standards in paragraph (c) of this section, constituents subject to treatment are any constituents listed in §268.48 Table UTS-Universal Treatment Standards that are reasonably expected to be present in any given volume of contaminated soil, except flouride fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium, zinc, and that are present at concentrations greater than ten times the universal treatment standard. PCBs are not a constituent subject to treatment in any given volume of soil which exhibits the toxicity characteristic solely because of the presence of metals.

* * * * *

146. Amend **Section 268.50** as follows:

a. In paragraph (c), revise "A owner/operator" to read "An owner/operator";

b. In paragraph (g), revise "requirements in this do not" to read "requirements in this section do not".

§ 268.50 Prohibitions on storage of restricted wastes

* * * * *

(c) A owner/operator An owner/operator of a treatment, storage or disposal facility may store such wastes beyond one year; however, the owner/operator bears the burden of proving that such storage was solely for the purpose of accumulation of such quantities of hazardous waste as are necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal.

* * * * *

(g) The prohibition and requirements in this do not requirements in this section do not apply to hazardous remediation wastes stored in a staging pile approved pursuant to § 264.554 of this regulation.

* * * * *

147. Amend **Section 268, Appendix VIII**, by removing the second instances of the entries for "K011" "Nonwastewater" and for "K011" "Wastewater".

Appendix VIII to Section 268 — LDR Effective Dates of Injected Prohibited Hazardous Wastes

* * * * *

K011 Nonwastewater June 8, 1991

K011 Wastewater May 8, 1992

K011 Nonwastewater June 8, 1991

K011 Wastewater May 8, 1992

* * * * *

Section 270— ADMINISTERED PERMIT PROGRAMS: THE HAZ-ARDOUS WASTE PERMIT PROGRAM

Subsection A—General Information

148. Amend **Section 270.1** as follows:

a. In paragraph (c)(1)(iii), revise "it they" to read "if they";

b. In paragraph (c)(3)(i) introductory text, revise "obtain an RCRA" to read "obtain a RCRA".

§ 270.1 Purpose and scope of these regulations. *

* * * * *

(c) * * *

(1) * * *

(iii) Barges or vessels that dispose of hazardous waste by ocean disposal and onshore hazardous waste treatment or storage facilities associated with an ocean disposal operation. However, the owner and operator will be deemed to have an HWM permit for ocean disposal from the barge or vessel itself it they if they comply with the requirements of § 270.60(a) (permit-by-rule for ocean disposal barges and vessels).

(3) Further exclusions. (i) A person is not required to obtain an HWM obtain a HWM permit for treatment or containment activities taken during immediate response to any of the following situations:



* * * * *

149. **Section 270.6** is revised to read as follows:

§ 270.6 References.

(a) When used in Section 270 of this Regulation, the following publications are incorporated by reference. (See 40 CFR 260.11 References)"Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", EPA Publication SW-846 [Second Edition, 1982 as amended by Update I (April, 1984), and Update II (April, 1985)]. The second edition of SW-846 and Updates I, II and III are available from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161, (703) 487-4600, as document no. PB 87-120-291. The cost is \$48.95 for paper and \$13.50 for microfiche. These incorporations by reference were approved by the Director of the Federal Register pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. These materials are incorporated as they exist on the date of approval and a notice of any change in these materials will be published in the Federal Register. Copies may be inspected at the Library, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., (3403T), Washington, DC 20460, libraryhq@epa.gov; or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/ federal register/code of federal regulations/ ibr locations.html.

(b) The references listed in paragraph (a) of this section are also available for inspection at the Office of the Federal Register, 26400 L Street, NW., Washington, DC 20408. These incorporations by reference were approved by the Director of the Federal Register. These materials are incorporated as they exist on the date of approval and a notice of any change in these materials will be published in the Federal Register. The following materials are available for purchase from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161, (703) 605–6000 or (800) 553–6847; or for purchase from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, (202) 512–1800:

(1) "APTI Course 415: Control of Gaseous Emissions," EPA Publication EPA-450/2-81-005, December 1981, IBR approved for §§ 270.24 and 270.25.

(2) [Reserved].

Subsection B—Permit Application

150. Amend **Section 270.10** as follows:

- a. Amend paragraph (j) by revising "stores, treats, or dispose of" to read "stores, treats, or disposes".
 - b. Amend by adding new paragraph (l) to read as fol-

lows:

§ 270.10 General application requirements.

* * * * *

(j) Exposure information. (1) After August 8, 1985, any Part B permit application submitted by an owner or operator of a facility that stores, treats, or dispose of stores, treats, or disposes hazardous waste in a surface impoundment or a landfill must be accompanied by information, reasonably ascertainable by the owner or operator, on the potential for the public to be exposed to hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents through releases related to the unit. At a minimum, such information must address:

* * * * *

(l) If the Director concludes, based on one or more of the factors listed in paragraph (l)(1) of this section that compliance with the standards of 40 CFR part 63, subpart EEE alone may not be protective of human health or the environment, the Director shall require the additional information or assessment(s) necessary to determine whether additional controls are necessary to ensure protection of human health and the environment. This includes information necessary to evaluate the potential risk to human health and/or the environment resulting from both direct and indirect exposure pathways. The Director may also require a permittee or applicant to provide information necessary to determine whether such an assessment(s) should be required.

(1) The Director shall base the evaluation of whether compliance with the standards of 40 CFR part 63, subpart EEE alone is protective of human health or the environment on factors relevant to the potential risk from a hazardous waste combustion unit, including, as appropriate, any of the following factors:

(i) Particular site-specific considerations such as proximity to receptors (such as schools, hospitals, nursing homes, day care centers, parks, community activity centers, or other potentially sensitive receptors), unique dispersion patterns, etc.;

(ii) Identities and quantities of emissions of persistent, bioaccumulative or toxic pollutants considering enforceable controls in place to limit those pollutants;

(iii) Identities and quantities of nondioxin products of incomplete combustion most likely to be emitted and to pose significant risk based on known toxicities (confirmation of which should be made through emissions testing);

(iv) Identities and quantities of other offsite sources of pollutants in proximity of the facility that significantly influence interpretation of a facility-specific risk assessment;

(v) Presence of significant ecological considerations, such as the proximity of a particularly sensitive ecological area;

(vi) Volume and types of wastes, for example wastes containing highly toxic constituents:

(vii) Other on-site sources of hazardous air pollutants that significantly influence interpretation of the risk posed by the operation of the source in question;

(viii) Adequacy of any previously conducted risk assessment, given any subsequent changes in conditions likely to affect risk; and

(ix) Such other factors as may be appropriate.

(2) [Reserved]

151. Amend **Section 270.11** as follows:

a. In paragraph (d)(1), revise "paragraph (a) or (b) of this must" to read "paragraph (a) or (b) of this section must";

b. In paragraph (d)(2), certification statement, revise "upon information and belief" to read "to the best of my knowledge and belief".

§ 270.11 Signatories to permit applications and reports.

* * * * *

(d)(1) Any person signing a document under paragraph (a) or (b) of this must paragraph (a) or (b) of this section must make the following certification:

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(2) For remedial action plans (RAPs) under subsection H of this section, if the operator certifies according to paragraph (d)(1) of this section, then the owner may choose to make the following certification instead of the certification in paragraph (d)(1) of this section:

Based on my knowledge of the conditions of the property described in the RAP and my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system referenced in the operator's certification, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, upon information and belief to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

152. Amend Section 270.14 as follows:

a. Paragraph (a) is amended to read as follows:

b. In paragraph (b)(11)(ii)(B), revise "with 200 feet" to read "within 200 feet";

§ 270.14 Contents of part B: General requirements.

(b) * * * (11) * * * (ii) * * *

> (B) If faults (to include lineations) which have had displacement in Holocene time are present within 3,000 feet of a facility, no faults pass with 200 feet within 200 feet of the portions of the facility where treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste will be conducted, based on data from a comprehensive geologic analysis of the site. Unless a site analysis is otherwise conclusive concerning the absence of faults within 200 feet of such portions of the facility data shall be obtained from a subsurface exploration (trenching) of the area within a distance no less than 200 feet from portions of the facility where treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste will be conducted. Such trenching shall be performed in a direction that is perpendicular to known faults (which have had displacement in Holocene time) passing within 3,000 feet of the portions of the facility where treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste will be conducted. Such investigation shall document with supporting maps and other analyses, the location of faults found.

153. In **Section 270.17**, amend paragraph (f) by revising "detailed-plans" to read "detailed plans".

§ 270.17 Specific Part B information requirements for surface impoundments. * * *

* * * * *

(f) A description of how hazardous waste residues and contaminated materials will be removed from the unit at closure, as required under § 264.228(a)(1). For any wastes not to be removed from the unit upon closure, the owner or operator must submit detailed-plans detailed plans and an engineering report describing how § 264.228(a)(2) and (b) will be complied with. This information should be included in the closure plan and, where applicable, the post-closure plan submitted under § 270.14(b)(13);

154. In Section 270.18, amend paragraph (b) by revising the citation "§ 264.90(2)" to read "§ 264.90(b)(2)"; and



amend paragraph (g) by revising "place" to read "placed".

§ 270.18 Specific Part B information requirements for waste piles

* * * * *

(b) If an exemption is sought to § 264.251 and Subsection F of Section 264 as provided by § 264.250(c) or § 264.90(2) § 264.90(b)(2), an explanation of how the standards of § 264.250(c) will be complied with or detailed plans and an engineering report describing how the requirements of § 264.90(b)(2) will be met.

* * * * *

(g) If incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials will be **place placed** in a waste pile, an explanation of how § 264.257 will be complied with;

* * * * *

155. **Section 270.19** is amended by revising paragraph (e) to reads as follows:

§ 270.19 Specific part B information requirements for incinerators.

* * * * *

(e) When an owner or operator of a hazardous waste incineration unit becomes subject to RCRA permit requirements after October 12, 2005, or when an owner or operator of an existing hazardous waste incineration unit demonstrates compliance with the air emission standards and limitations in part 63, subpart EEE, (i.e., by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting a Notification of Compliance under 40 CFR 63.1207(j) and <u>63.1210(d)</u> documenting compliance with all applicable requirements of part 63, subpart EEE,), the requirements of this section do not apply, except those provisions the Director determines are necessary to ensure compliance with §§ 264.345(a) and 264.345(c) of this Regulation if you elect to comply with § 270.235(a)(1)(i) to minimize emissions of toxic compounds from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events. Nevertheless, the Director may apply the provisions of this section, on a case-by-case basis, for purposes of information collection in accordance with §§ 270.10(k), **270.10(l)**, 270.32(b)(2), and **270.32(b)(3)**.

156. In **Section 270.20**, amend paragraph (i)(2) by revising "attentuative" to read "attenuative".

§ 270.20 Specific Part B information requirements for land treatment facilities.

* * * * *

(i) * * *

(2) The attentuative attenuative properties of underlying and surrounding soils or other materials;

157. **Section 270.22** is amended by revising the introductory text to read as follows:

§ 270.22 Specific part B information requirements for boilers and industrial furnaces burning hazardous waste.

When an owner or operator of a cement kiln, or lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace becomes subject to RCRA permit requirements after October 12, 2005, or when an owner or operator of an existing cement kiln, lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace demonstrates compliance with the air emission standards and limitations in 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE, (i.e., by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting a Notification of Compliance under 40 CFR Part 63.1207(j) and 63.1210(b)(d) documenting compliance with all applicable requirements of part 63, subpart EEE,), the requirements of this section do not apply except those provisions the Director determines are necessary to ensure compliance with §§ 266.102(e)(1) and 266.102(e)(2)(iii) of this regulation if you elect to comply with § 270.235(a)(1)(i) to minimize emissions of toxic compounds from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events. Nevertheless, the Director may apply the provisions of this section, on a case-by-case basis, for purposes of information collection in accordance with §§ 270.10(k) and 270.32(b)(2). The requirements of this section do apply, however, if the Director determines certain provisions are necessary to ensure compliance with §§ 266.102(e)(1) and 266.102(e)(2)(iii) of this Regulation if you elect to comply with § 270.235(a)(1)(i) to minimize emissions of toxic compounds from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events; or if you are an area source and elect to comply with the §§ 266.105, 266.106, and 266.107 standards and associated requirements for particulate matter, hydrogen chloride and chlorine gas, and nonmercury metals; or the Director determines certain provisions apply, on a case-by-case basis, for purposes of information collection in accordance with §§ 270.10(k), 270.10(1), 270.32(b)(2), and 270.32(b)(3).

158. **Section 270.24** is amended by revising paragraph (d)(3) to read as follows:

§ 270.24 Specific part B information requirements for process vents.

* * * * *

(d) * * *

(3) A design analysis, specifications, drawings, schematics, and piping and instrumentation diagrams based on the appropriate sections of "APTI Course 415: Control of Gaseous Emissions" (incorporated by reference as specified in § 260.11 §

270.6) or other engineering texts acceptable to the Director that present basic control device information. The design analysis shall address the vent stream characteristics and control device operation parameters as specified in § 264.1035(b)(4)(iii).

* * * * *

159. **Section 270.25** is amended by revising paragraph (e)(3) to read as follows:

§ 270.25 Specific part B information requirements for equipment.

* * * * *

(e) * * *

(3) A design analysis, specifications, drawings, schematics, and piping and instrumentation diagrams based on the appropriate sections of "APTI Course 415: Control of Gaseous Emissions" (incorporated by reference as specified in § 260.11 § 270.6) or other engineering texts acceptable to the Director that present basic control device information. The design analysis shall address the vent stream characteristics and control device operation parameters as specified in § 264.1035(b)(4)(iii).

* * * * *

Subsection C—PERMIT CONDITIONS

160. **Section 270.32** is amended by adding paragraph (b)(3) to read as follows:

§ 270.32 Establishing permit conditions.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(3) If, as the result of an assessment(s) or other information, the Director determines that conditions are necessary in addition to those required under 40 CFR Part 63, subsection EEE, and Sections 264 or 266 of this Regulation to ensure protection of human health and the environment, he shall include those terms and conditions in a RCRA permit for a hazardous waste combustion unit.

* * * * *

161. In **Section 270.33**, amend paragraph (b) introductory text by revising "An RCRA permit" to read "A RCRA permit".

§ 270.33 Schedules of compliance.

* * * * *

(b) Alternative schedules of compliance. An HWM permit A HWM permit applicant or permittee may cease conducting regulated activities (by receiving a terminal volume of hazardous waste and, for treatment and storage HWM facilities, closing pursuant to applicable requirements; and, for disposal HWM facilities, closing and conducting post-closure care pursuant to applicable requirements) rather than continue to operate and meet permit requirements as follows:

* * * * *

Subsection D—Changes to Permits

162. Amend **Section 270.41(c)** by revising "environmental" to read "environment".

§ 270.41 Modification or revocation and reissuance of permits.

* * * * *

(c) Facility siting. Suitability of the facility location will not be considered at the time of permit modification or revocation and reissuance unless new information or standards indicate that a threat to human health or the environmental environment exists which was unknown at the time of permit issuance.

* * * * *

- 163. **Section 270.42** is amended by:
- a. Amend paragraph (d)(2)(i) by revising "do no" to read "do not".
 - a. Revising paragraph (j)(1).
 - b. Redesignating paragraph (j)(2) as (j)(3).
 - c. Adding new paragraph (j)(2).
 - d. Adding new paragraphs (k) and (l)
- e. Adding a new entry 10 in numerical order and adding new entry O in the table under section L of Appendix I, to read as follows:

§ 270.42 Permit modification at the request of the Permittee. * * *

(d) * * *

(2) * * *

(i) Class 1 modifications apply to minor changes that keep the permit current with routine changes to the facility or its operation. These changes do no do not substantially alter the permit conditions or reduce the capacity of the facility to protect human health or the environment. In the case of Class 1 modifications, the Director may require prior approval.

* * * * *

(j) Combustion facility changes to meet 40 CFR Part

63 MACT standards. The following procedures apply to hazardous waste combustion facility permit modifications requested under Appendix I of this section, section L(9).

- (1) Facility owners or operators must have complied with the Notification of Intent to Comply (NIC) requirements of 40 CFR 63.1210 that were in effect prior to October 11, 2000 (See 40 CFR Part 63 §§ 63.1200–63.1499 Revised as of July 1, 2000) in order to request a permit modification under this section for the purpose of technology changes needed to meet the standards under 40 CFR Part 63.1203, 63.1204, and 63.1205.
- (2) If the Director does not approve or deny the request within 90 days of receiving it, the request shall be deemed approved. The Director may, at his or her discretion, extend this 90 day deadline one time for up to 30 days by notifying the facility owner or operator. Facility owners or operators must comply with the Notification of Intent to Comply (NIC) requirements of 40 CFR Part 63.1210(b) and 63.1212(a) before a permit modification can be requested under this section for the purpose of technology changes needed to meet the 40 CFR Part 63.1215, 63.1216, 63.1217, 63.1218, 63.1219, 63.1220, and 63.1221 standards promulgated on October 12, 2005.
- (k) Waiver of RCRA permit conditions in support of transition to the part 63 MACT standards. (1) You may request to have specific RCRA operating and emissions limits waived by submitting a Class 1 permit modification request under Appendix I of this section, section L(10). You must:
 - (i) Identify the specific RCRA permit operating and emissions limits which you are requesting to waive;
 - (ii) Provide an explanation of why the changes are necessary in order to minimize or eliminate conflicts between the RCRA permit and MACT compliance; and
 - (iii) Discuss how the revised provisions will be sufficiently protective.
 - (iv) The Director shall approve or deny the request within 30 days of receipt of the request. The Director may, as his or her discretion, extend this 30 day deadline one time for up to 30 days by notifying the facility owner or operator.
 - (2) To request this modification in conjunction with MACT performance testing where permit limits may only be waived during actual test events and pretesting, as defined under 40 CFR Part 63.1207(h)(2)(i) and (ii), for an aggregate time not to exceed 720 hours of operation (renewable at the discretion of the Director) you must:
 - (i) Submit your modification request to the Director at the same time you submit

- your test plans to the EPA Regional Administrator; and
- (ii) The Director may elect to approve or deny the request continent upon approval of the test plans.
- (1) Performance Track member facilities. The following procedures apply to Performance Track member facilities that request a permit modification under Appendix I of this section, section O(1).
 - (1) Performance Track member facilities must have complied with the requirements of § 264.15(b)(5) in order to request a permit modification under this section.
 - (2) The Performance Track member facility should consider the application approved if the Director does not: deny the application, in writing; or notify the Performance Track member facility, in writing, of an extension to the 60-day deadline within 60 days of receiving the request. In these situations, the Performance Track member facility must adhere to the revised inspection schedule outlined in its application and maintain a copy of the application in the facility's operating record.

* * * * *

164. Amend **Section 270.42 Appendix I** as follows:

- a. At item C.4, revise the modification class code (second column) "12" to read "2";
- b. At item C.6, revise the citation "264.98(j)" to read "264.98(h)";
- c. At item C.7.a, revise the citation "264.98(h)(4)" to read "264.98(g)(4)";
- d. At item C.7.b, revise the citation "264.99(k)" to read "264.99(j)";
- e. At item C.8.a, revise the citation "264.99(i)(2)" to read "264.99(h)(2)";
- f. At item F.2, amend by replacing the colon after "2" with a period;
- g. At item G.1, amend by replacing the colon after "1" with a period;
- h. At item H.6, revise the modification class code "*1" to read "11";
- i. At item J.7, revise the modification class code "*1" to read "11";
- j. At item L.9, revise "Changes Needed to meet Standards" to read "changes needed to meet standards".
 - k. Add item L.10 to read as follows:
 - 1. Add permit modification class O, as follows:

Appendix 1 To § 270.42—Classification of Permit Modification

Modifications Class

C. Ground-Water Protection

4. Changes in point of compliance. 122 ****
 Changes to a detection monitoring program as required by \$ 264.98(j)\$ add.98(j), unless otherwise specified in this appendix. ***
a. Addition of compliance monitoring program as required by \$\frac{\\$\\$}{264.98(h)(4)} \frac{264.98(g)(4)}{264.99} \tag{264.99}.
b. Changes to a compliance monitoring program as required by \$\frac{8}{264.99(j)}, unless otherwise specified in this appendix. * * * * *
8. * * * a. Addition of a corrective action program as required by \$\frac{\\$\\$ 264.99(i)(2)}{264.99(h)(2)} and 264.100. * * * * *
F. Containers * * * * *
2: <u>.</u> * * * * *
G. Tanks 1: * * * * *
H. Surface Impoundments * * * * * 6. * * * * * * * * * * *
* * * * * J. Landfills and Unenclosed Waste Piles * * * * *
7.*** <u>*1</u> 11 ****
L. Incinerators, Boilers, and Industrial Furnaces:
9. Technology Changes Needed to meet Standards changes needed to meet standards under 40 CFR part 63 (Subpart EEE— National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From Hazardous Waste Combustors), provided the procedures of § 270.42(j) are followed. * * * * * L. * * *
10. Changes to RCRA permit provisions needed to support
transition to 40 CFR part 63 (Subsection EEE—National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From
Hazardous Waste Combustors), provided the procedures of § 270.42(k) are followed

O. Burden Reduction 1. Approval of reduced inspection frequency for Performance Track member facilities for:
a. Tanks systems pursuant to § 264.195

b. Containers pursuant to § 264.174

§ 264.195(b)

c. Containment buildings pursuant to § 264.1101(c)(4) .. d. Areas subject to spills pursuant to § 264.15(b)(4)

Development of one contingency plan based on Integrated

pursuant to: §§ 264.56(i), 264.343(a)(2), 264.1061(b)(1),(d), 264.1062(a)(2), 264.196(f), 264.100(g), and 264.113(e)(5)

Changes to detection and compliance monitoring program

¹ Class 1 modifications requiring prior Agency approval.

Changes to inspection frequency for tank systems pursuant to

pursuant to §§ 264.98(d), (g)(2), and (g)(3), 264.99(f), and (g) 1

Contingency Plan Guidance pursuant to § 264.52(b)

Changes to recordkeeping and reporting requirements

Subsection F—Special Forms of Permits

165. **Section 270.62** is amended by revising the introductory text to read as follows:

§ 270.62 Hazardous waste incinerator permits.

When an owner or operator of a hazardous waste incineration unit becomes subject to RCRA permit requirements after October 12, 2005, or when an owner or operator of an existing hazardous waste incineration unit demonstrates compliance with the air emission standards and limitations in 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE, (i.e., by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting a Notification of Compliance under 40 CFR Part 63.1207(j) and 63.1210(b)(d) documenting compliance with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE,), the requirements of this section do not apply, except those provisions the Director determines are necessary to ensure compliance with Sections 264.345(a) and 264.345(c) of this Regulation if you elect to comply with § 270.235(a)(1)(i) to minimize emissions of toxic compounds from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events. Nevertheless, the Director may apply the provisions of this section, on a case-by-case basis, for purposes of information collection in accordance with §§ 270.10(k), **270.10(l)**, 270.32(b)(2), and **270.32(b)(3)** of this Regulation.

* * * * *

166. **Section 270.66** is amended by revising the introductory text to read as follows:

§ 270.66 Permits for boilers and industrial furnaces burning hazardous waste.

When an owner or operator of a cement kiln, or lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace becomes subject to RCRA permit requirements after October 12, 2005 or when an owner or operator of an existing cement kiln, lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace demonstrates compliance with the air emission standards and limitations in 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE, (i.e., by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting a Notification of Compliance under 40 CFR Part 63.1207(j) and 63.1210(b)(d) documenting compliance with all applicable requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE,), the requirements of this section do not apply. except those provisions the Director determines are necessary to ensure compliance with §§ 266.102(e)(1) and 266.102(e)(2)(iii) of this regulation if you elect to comply with § 270.235(a)(1)(i) to minimize emissions of toxic compounds from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events. Nevertheless, the Director may apply the provisions of this section, on a case-by-case basis, for purposes of information collection in accordance with

§§ 270.10(k) and 270.32(b)(2). The requirements of this section do apply, however, if the Director determines certain provisions are necessary to ensure compliance with §§ 266.102(e)(1) and 266.102(e)(2)(iii) of this Regulation if you elect to comply with § 270.235(a)(1)(i) to minimize emissions of toxic compounds from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events; or if you are an area source and elect to comply with the §§ 266.105, 266.106, and 266.107 standards and associated requirements for particulate matter, hydrogen chloride and chlorine gas, and non-mercury metals; or the Director determines certain provisions apply, on a case-by-case basis, for purposes of information collection in accordance with §§ 270.10(k), 270.10(l), 270.32(b)(2), and 270.32(b)(3) of this Regulation.

* * * * *

167. **Section 270.235** is amended by:

- a. Revising the section heading and paragraphs (a)(1) introductory text and (a)(2) introductory text.
- b. Revising paragraphs (b)(1) introductory text and (b)(2).
- c. Adding new paragraph (c). The revisions read as follows:

§ 270.235 Options for incinerators, cement kilns, lightweight aggregate kilns, solid fuel boilers, liquid fuel boilers and hydrochloric acid production furnaces to minimize emissions from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events.

(a) * * *

(1) Revisions to permit conditions after documenting compliance with MACT. The owner or operator of a RCRA-permitted incinerator, cement kiln, lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace may request that the Director address permit conditions that minimize emissions from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events under any of the following options when requesting removal of permit conditions that are no longer applicable according to §§ 264.340(b) and 266.100(b) of this Regulation:

* * * * *

(2) Addressing permit condition upon permit reissuance. The owner or operator of an incinerator, cement kiln, lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace that has conducted a comprehensive performance test and submitted to the Director a Notification of Compliance documenting compliance with the standards of 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE, may request in the application to reissue the permit for the combustion unit that the Director control emissions from startup, under any of the following options:

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(1) Interim status operations. In compliance with §§ 265.340 and 266.100(b) of this Regulation, the owner or operator of an incinerator, cement kiln, lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace that is operating under the interim status standards of Section 265 or 266 of this Regulation may control emissions of toxic compounds during startup, shutdown, and malfunction events under either of the following options after conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting to the Director a Notification of Compliance documenting compliance with the standards of 40 CFR Part 63, subpart EEE,

* * * * *

(2) Operations under a subsequent RCRA permit. When an owner or operator of an incinerator, cement kiln, lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace that is operating under the interim status standards of Sections 265 or 266 of this Regulation submits a RCRA permit application, the owner or operator may request that the Director control emissions from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events under any of the options provided by paragraphs (a)(2)(i), (a)(2)(ii), or (a)(2)(iii) of this subsection.

(c) New units. Hazardous waste incinerator, cement kiln, lightweight aggregate kiln, solid fuel boiler, liquid fuel boiler, or hydrochloric acid production furnace units that become subject to RCRA permit requirements after October 12, 2005 must control emissions of toxic compounds during startup, shutdown, and malfunction events under either of the following options:

(1) Comply with the requirements specified in 40 CFR Part 63.1206(c)(2); or

(2) Request to include in the RCRA permit, conditions that ensure emissions of toxic compounds are minimized from startup, shutdown, and malfunction events, including releases from emergency safety vents, based on review of information including the source's startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan and design. The director will specify that these permit conditions apply only when the facility is operating under its startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan.

* * * * *

Section 273—STANDARDS FOR UNIVERSAL WASTE MANAGE-MENT

168. Amend **Section 273.14**, in paragraph (a), by adding closing quotation marks after the phrase "Universal Waste—

Battery(ies),".

§ 273.14 Labeling/marking. * * *

(a) Universal waste batteries (i.e., each battery), or a container in which the batteries are contained, must be labeled or marked clearly with any one of the following phrases: "Universal Waste - Battery(ies), "Universal Waste—Battery(ies)," or "Waste Battery(ies)," or "Used Battery(ies);"

* * * * *

169. In Section 273.34, amend paragraph (a) by revising "clearly with the any one" to read "clearly with any one".

§ 273.34 Labeling/marking.

(a) Universal waste batteries (i.e., each battery), or a container or tank in which the batteries are contained, must be labeled or marked elearly with the any one clearly with any one of the following phrases: "Universal Waste -Battery(ies)," or "Waste Battery(ies)," or "Used Battery(ies);"

SECTION 279—STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF **USED OIL**

170. In **Section 279.1**, amend the definition of "Petroleum refining facility" by revising "kerosine" to read "kerosene".

§ 279.1 Definitions.

"Petroleum refining facility" means an establishment primarily engaged in producing gasoline, kerosine kerosene, distillate fuel oils, residual fuel oils, and lubricants, through fractionation, straight distillation of crude oil, redistillation of unfinished petroleum derivatives, cracking or other processes (i.e., facilities classified as SIC 2911).

* * * * *

171. In Section 279.10, amend paragraph (b)(2) introductory text by revising "solely exhibits" to read "solely exhibit"; and by revising "hazardous waste characteristic" to read "hazardous waste characteristics".

§ 279.10 Applicability.

(b) * * *

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(2) Characteristic hazardous waste. Mixtures of used oil and hazardous waste that solely exhibits solely exhibit one or more of the hazardous waste characteristics identified in Subsection C of Section 261 of this regulation and mixtures of used oil and hazardous waste that is listed in Subsection D of Section 261 solely because it exhibits one or more of the characteristics of hazardous waste indentified in Subsection C are subject to:

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172. Amend **Section 279.11** as follows:

a. In the first sentence, delete "in the specification"; and in the second sentence, revise "not to exceed any specification" to read "not to exceed any allowable level";

b. In Table 1, revise the title of the table to read "TABLE" -USED OIL NOT EXCEEDING ANY ALLOWABLE LEVEL SHOWN BELOW IS NOT SUBJECT TO THIS PART WHEN BURNED FOR ENERGY RECOVERY1", and in the first footnote, revise "The specification does not" to read "The allowable levels do not".

§ 279.11 Used oil specifications.

Used oil burned for energy recovery, and any fuel produced from used oil by processing, blending, or other treatment is subject to regulation under this Section unless it is shown not to exceed any of the allowable levels of the constituents and properties in the specification shown in Table 1. Once used oil that is to be burned for energy recovery has been shown not to exhibit any specification and the person and the person making that showing complies with §§ 279.72, 279.73, and 279.74(b), the used oil is no longer subject to this Section.

**** TABLE 1.

Used Oil Not Exceeding Any Specification Level is Not Subject to this Section When Burned for Energy

Recovery. (1)

TABLE 1

USED OIL NOT EXCEEDING ANY ALLOWABLE LEVEL SHOWN BELOW IS NOT SUBJECT TO THIS PART WHEN BURNED FOR ENERGY RECOVERY

> (1) The specification does not The allowable levels do not apply to mixtures of used oil and hazardous waste that continue to be regulated as hazardous waste (See § 279.10(b)).

173. Amend Section 279.52 paragraph (b)(6)(ii), revise "a real extent" to read "areal extent"; revise "facility records of manifests" to read "facility records or manifests"; and revise "analysts" to read "analyses";

§ 279.52 General facility standards.

* * * * * (b) * * * (6) * * *

(ii) Whenever there is a release, fire, or explosion, the emergency coordinator must immediately identify the character, exact source, amount, and areal extent of any released materials. He may do this by observation or review of facility records or manifests, and, if necessary, by chemical analysis analyses.

174. Amend **Section 279.56** in paragraph (a)(2), by revising "processor/re-refining" to read "processor/re-refiner".

§ 279.56 Tracking.

(2) The name and address of the generator or processor/re-refiner from whom the used oil was shipped for **processing/re-refining processor/re-refiner**;

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